

Isabelle/HOL Exercises

Lists

Sum of List Elements, Tail-Recursively

- (a) Define a primitive recursive function *ListSum* that computes the sum of all elements of a list of natural numbers.

Prove the following equations. Note that $[0::'a..n]$ und *replicate* *n* *a* are already defined in a theory *List.thy*.

```
consts ListSum :: "nat list  $\Rightarrow$  nat"
```

```
primrec
```

```
"ListSum [] = 0"
```

```
"ListSum (x#xs) = x + ListSum xs"
```

```
theorem ListSum_append[simp]: "ListSum (xs @ ys) = ListSum xs + ListSum ys"
```

```
  apply (induct xs)
```

```
  apply auto
```

```
done
```

```
theorem "2 * ListSum [0..<n+1] = n * (n + 1)"
```

```
  apply (induct n)
```

```
  apply auto
```

```
done
```

```
theorem "ListSum (replicate n a) = n * a"
```

```
  apply (induct n)
```

```
  apply auto
```

```
done
```

- (b) Define an equivalent function *ListSumT* using a tail-recursive function *ListSumTAux*. Prove that *ListSum* and *ListSumT* are in fact equivalent.

```
consts ListSumTAux :: "nat list  $\Rightarrow$  nat  $\Rightarrow$  nat"
```

```
primrec
```

```
"ListSumTAux [] n = n"
```

```

"ListSumTAux (x#xs) n = ListSumTAux xs (x + n)"

constdefs ListSumT :: "nat list  $\Rightarrow$  nat"
  ListSumT_def: "ListSumT xs == ListSumTAux xs 0"

lemma ListSumTAux_add [rule_format]: " $\forall$  a b. ListSumTAux xs (a+b) = a +
ListSumTAux xs b"
  apply (induct xs)
  apply auto
done

lemma [simp]: "ListSumT [] = 0"
  by (auto simp add: ListSumT_def)

lemma [simp]: "ListSumT (x#xs) = x + ListSumT xs"
  by (auto simp add: ListSumT_def ListSumTAux_add[THEN sym])

theorem "ListSumT xs = ListSum xs"
  apply (induct xs)
  apply auto
done

```