# Isabelle/HOL Exercises <br> Projects 

## BIGNAT - Specification and Verification

Hardware platforms have a limit on the largest number they can represent. This is normally fixed by the bit lengths of registers and ALUs used. In order to be able to perform calculations that require arbitrarily large numbers, the provided arithmetic operations need to be extended in order for them to work on an abstract data type representing numbers of arbitrary size.

In this exercise we will build and verify an implementation for BIGNAT, an abstract data type representing natural numbers of arbitrary size.

## Representation

A BIGNAT is represented as a list of natural numbers in a range supported by the target machine. In our case, this will be all natural numbers in the range [0, BASE-1]. (Note: natural numbers in Isabelle are of arbitrary size.)

```
types
    bigNat = "nat list"
```

Define a function valid that takes a value for BASE, and checks if the given BIGNAT is valid.

```
consts valid :: "nat => bigNat => bool"
```

Define a function val that takes a BIGNAT and its corresponding BASE, and returns the natural number represented by it.
consts val :: "nat $\Rightarrow$ bigNat $\Rightarrow$ nat"

## Addition

Define a function add that adds two BIGNATs with the same value for BASE. Make sure that your algorithm preserves the validity of the BIGNAT representation.
consts add :: "nat $\Rightarrow$ bigNat $\Rightarrow$ bigNat $\Rightarrow$ bigNat"
Using val, verify formally that your function add computes the sum of two BIGNATs correctly.

Using valid, verify formally that your function add preserves the validity of the BIGNAT representation.

## Multiplication

Define a function mult that multiplies two BIGNATs with the same value for BASE. You may use add, but not so often as to make the solution trivial. Make sure that your algorithm preserves the validity of the BIGNAT representation.
consts mult :: "nat $\Rightarrow$ bigNat $\Rightarrow$ bigNat $\Rightarrow$ bigNat"
Using val, verify formally that your function mult computes the product of two BIGNATs correctly.

Using valid, verify formally that your function mult preserves the validity of the BIGNAT representation.

