

Homework

1. Prove in HOL-Light using tactics:

a) $A \vee B \implies B \vee A$

b) $(A \implies B \implies C) \implies (A \implies B) \implies A \implies C$

c) $(\lambda x. P\ x \implies Q\ x) \implies ((\exists y. Q\ y) \implies P\ a) \implies Q\ b \implies Q\ (a : A)$

Without using automated tactics. Hint: look for the disjunction and universal quantification related tactics in `VERY_QUICK_REFERENCE.txt`

2. Prove the Church-Rosser property of untyped λ -calculus

3. Find the typing derivations of the following λ_P terms

(a)

$$X : \star, x : X \vdash x : ?$$

(b)

$$X : \star \vdash (X \rightarrow X) : ?$$

(c)

$$A : \star, P : A \rightarrow \star, a : A \vdash (P\ a) \rightarrow \star : ?$$

(d)

$$\alpha : 0 \rightarrow \star, \beta : 0 \rightarrow \star \vdash \lambda y : (\forall x : 0. \alpha\ x \rightarrow \beta\ x). \lambda z : (\forall x : 0. \alpha\ x). \lambda x : 0. y\ x\ (z\ x) : ?$$

(e)

$$\alpha : 0 \Rightarrow \star \vdash (\Pi y : 0) (\alpha\ y \Rightarrow \star) : ?$$

Remark: 0 is a special type variable, which we will get to know in the next lecture. You can assume an additional assumption $0 : \star$.