

# LEGO/Plastic

Julian Nagele

Interactive Theorem Proving

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# Outline

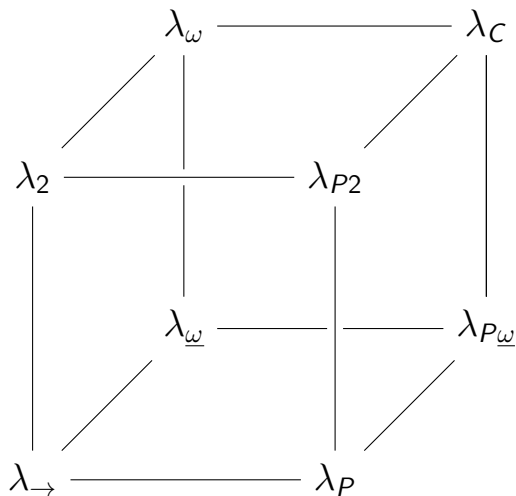
- Introduction
- The Theory Behind LEGO
- Demo
- Plastic

# LEGO in a Nutshell

- interactive proof development system for Luo's Extended Calculus of Constructions (and related subsystems)
- refinement proof, i.e. top-down, or goal-directed proof
- $\Pi$ -types:  $\{x:A\}B$ ,  $A \rightarrow B$ ,  $\lambda$ -abstraction:  $[x:A]M$ , application:  $(M N)$
- logical universe: `Prop`, predicative universes `Type(i)`
- was developed at University of Edinburgh by Randy Pollack in New Jersey ML
- "LEGO" was suggested by Paul Taylor to express the fun of formal constructive mathematics

# The Seventeen Provers of the World

proof assistant	LEGO	Coq	HOL	Mizar	Isabelle	Agda	Minlog
de Bruijn criterion	+	+	+	-	+	+	+
Poincaré principle	+	+	+	-	+	-	+
extensible by user	-	+	+	-	+	-	+
powerful automation	-	-	+	-	+	-	-
readable proof input files	-	-	-	+	+	-	-
constructive logic support	+	+	-	-	+	+	+
logical framework	-	-	-	-	+	-	-
typed	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
decidable types	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
dependent types	+	+	-	+	-	+	-
based on HO logic	+	+	+	-	+	+	-
based on ZFC set theory	-	-	-	+	+	-	-
large mathematical lib	-	+	+	+	+	-	-
statement about $\mathbb{R}$	-	+	+	+	+	-	+
statement about $\sqrt{\quad}$	-	+	+	+	+	-	-

One More Time:  $\lambda$ -Cube

# Pure Type Systems

- generalization of the systems in the  $\lambda$ -cube

## Definition

pseudo-terms are defined by

$$\mathcal{T} = V \mid C \mid \mathcal{T}\mathcal{T} \mid \lambda V : \mathcal{T}.\mathcal{T} \mid \Pi V : \mathcal{T}.\mathcal{T}$$

where  $V$  and  $C$  are infinite collections of variables and constants

## Definition

A PTS is a triple  $\mathcal{S} = (S, A, R)$  where

- $S \subseteq C$  is a set of sorts
- $A \subseteq C \times S$  is a set of axioms
- $R \subseteq S \times S \times S$  is a set of rules

# Typing Rules

AXIOM

$$\frac{c : s \in A}{\vdash c : s}$$

VAR

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A : s}{\Gamma, x : A \vdash x : A}$$

WEAKENING

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A : B \quad \Gamma \vdash C : s}{\Gamma, x : C \vdash A : B}$$

APPLICATION

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash M : \prod x : A. B \quad \Gamma \vdash N : A}{\Gamma \vdash MN : B[N/x]}$$

ABSTRACTION

$$\frac{\Gamma, x : A \vdash M : B \quad \Gamma \vdash \prod x : A. B : s}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda x : A. M : \prod x : A. B}$$

PRODUCT

$$\frac{(s_1, s_2, s_3) \in R \quad \Gamma \vdash A : s_1 \quad \Gamma, x : A \vdash B : s_2}{\Gamma \vdash \prod x : A. B : s_3}$$

CONVERSION

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A : B \quad \Gamma \vdash B' : s \quad B =_{\beta} B'}{\Gamma \vdash A : B'}$$

## Examples for PTS

 $\lambda_2$ 

$$\begin{array}{l}
 S \quad \star, \square \\
 A \quad \star : \square \\
 R \quad (\star, \star, \star), (\square, \star, \star)
 \end{array}$$
 $\lambda_C$ 

$$\begin{array}{l}
 S \quad \star, \square \\
 A \quad \star : \square \\
 R \quad (\star, \star, \star), (\square, \star, \star), (\star, \square, \square), (\square, \square, \square)
 \end{array}$$
 $\lambda_\star$ 

$$\begin{array}{l}
 S \quad \star \\
 A \quad \star : \star \\
 R \quad (\star, \star, \star)
 \end{array}$$



## Theorem (Girard)

$\lambda_*$  is inconsistent, i.e.,  $\perp = \prod a : *a$  is inhabited

# Extended CoC

- integrates Coquand-Huet's Calculus of Constructions and Martin-Löf's type theory with universes
- an impredicative extension of Martin-Löf's type theory with universes by adding a new (impredicative) universe *Prop* of propositions
- extends the CoC by predicative type universes
- universes increase proof theoretic strength of theory (e.g. for constructive formalizations of category theory)
- needed to show that constructors of inductive types are distinct

## ECC as PTS

## ECC

$$S \quad \{\star\} \cup \{\square_i \mid i \in \mathbb{N}\}$$

$$A \quad \{\star : \square_0\} \cup \{\square_i : \square_{i+1} \mid i \in \mathbb{N}\}$$

$$R \quad \{(s, \star, \star), (\star, s, s)\} \cup \{(\square_i, \square_j, \square_{\max(i,j)}) \mid i, j \in \mathbb{N}\}$$

- $\star$  (Prop) is impredicative: can quantify a proposition over any type
- $(\star, s, s), (\square_i, \square_j, \square_{\max(i,j)})$  are predicative
- ECC also adds dependent strong  $\Sigma$ -types
- predicative universes  $\square_i$  are closed under  $\Sigma$
- $R_\Sigma = \{(\star, s, s)\} \cup \{(\square_i, \square_j, \square_{\max(i,j)}) \mid i, j \in \mathbb{N}\}$
- allowing strong  $\Sigma$  for impredicative universe runs into Girard's paradox

# Demo






# Plastic

- implementation of Typed LF
- a framework type theory to define other type theories
- may be regarded as a meta-level version of LEGO
- was implemented by Paul Callaghan in Haskell at Durham University
- “Availability: Plans to distribute Linux and Sparc executables early 2000, with source code to follow.”

# Summary

- Pure Type Systems generalize  $\lambda$ -cube
- ECC combines predicative hierarchy of universes and CoC
- LEGO is proof assistant for ECC
- Plastic is Meta-Lego

# Bibliography

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