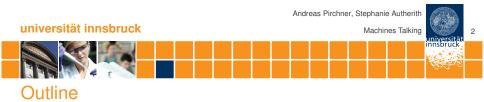
Andreas Pirchner Stephanie Autherith universität innsbruck universitä Machines Talking The Natural Way

The University of Innsbruck was founded in 1669 and is one of Austria's oldest universities. Today, with over 28.000 students and 4.000 staff, it is western Austria's largest institution of higher education and research. For further information visit: www.uibk.ac.at.



- 1. The Art Of Speech Synthesis
- 2. WaveNet's Dawn
- 3. Text To Speech
- 4. Performance
- 5. Summary



1. The Art Of Speech Synthesis

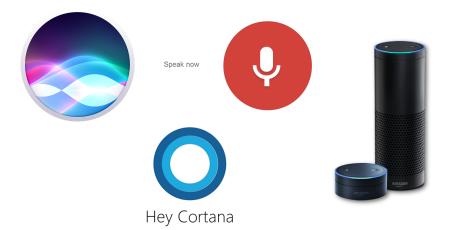
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Application Of Speech Synthesis





What can I help you with?





What can I help you with?



Applications

Present in every smart device



What can I help you with?



- Present in every smart device
- Assistive Technology



What can I help you with?



- Present in every smart device
- Assistive Technology
- Infotainment and Entertainment



What can I help you with?



- Present in every smart device
- Assistive Technology
- Infotainment and Entertainment
- Text To Speech



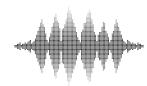
What can I help you with?



- Present in every smart device
- Assistive Technology
- Infotainment and Entertainment
- Text To Speech
- Aiding People With Disablities



Statistical Parametric Speech Synthesis¹

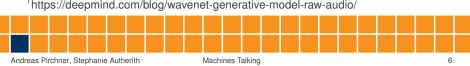




Statistical Parametric Speech Synthesis¹

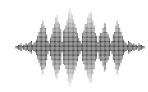
predict waveform for each sound





Statistical Parametric Speech Synthesis¹

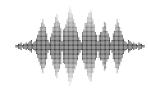
- predict waveform for each sound
- via HMM prediction based on current state

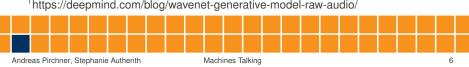




Statistical Parametric Speech Synthesis¹

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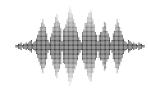




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Concatinative Speech Synthesis



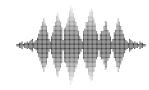


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Concatinative Speech Synthesis

hours of speaker recordings



¹https://deepmind.com/blog/wavenet-generative-model-raw-audio/

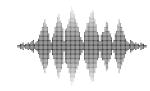
 Andreas Pirchner, Stephanie Autherith
 Machines Talking
 6

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Concatinative Speech Synthesis

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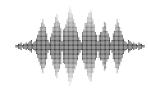


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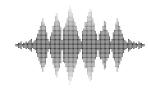


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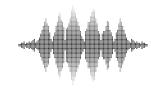
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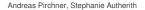
- hours of speaker recordings
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- concatenation of phonemes to form new phrases
- example based model

Combination

Apple's latest iteration of Siri combines those two approaches

¹https://deepmind.com/blog/wavenet-generative-model-raw-audio/





Machines Talking

Prosody



Prosody

rhythm and intonation in natural speech



Prosody

- rhythm and intonation in natural speech
- conveys emotion and linguistic cues



Prosody

- rhythm and intonation in natural speech
- conveys emotion and linguistic cues
- gives context and meaning



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Can we do better?



Prosody

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Can we do better?

WaveNet





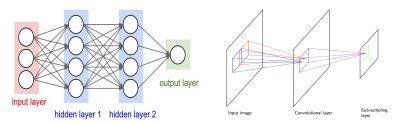
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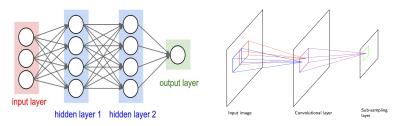
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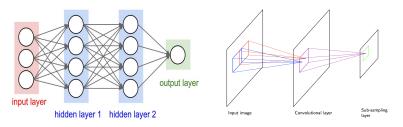
Andreas Pirchner, Stephanie Autherith Machi													achines Talking											



General

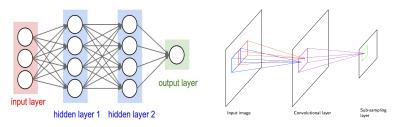
Convolutional Deep Neural Network by DeepMind





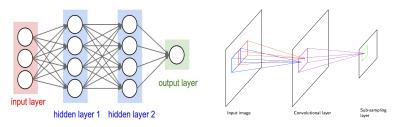
- Convolutional Deep Neural Network by DeepMind
- generates raw audio waves via predictive distributions





- Convolutional Deep Neural Network by DeepMind
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- all outputs influenced by previously generated samples

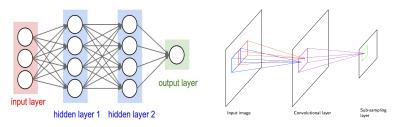




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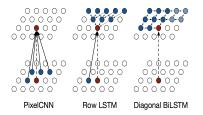
WaveNet



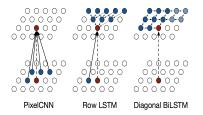
General

- Convolutional Deep Neural Network by DeepMind
- generates raw audio waves via predictive distributions
- all outputs influenced by previously generated samples
- inspired by DeepMind's PixelCNN





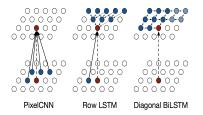
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Andre	eas Pi	rchnei	, Step	ohanie	Auth	erith				Machi	ines T	alking								10	



Inspiration

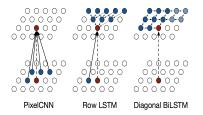
capable of producing natural appearing images





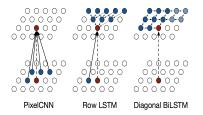
- capable of producing natural appearing images
- pixel per pixel and one color channel at a time





- capable of producing natural appearing images
- pixel per pixel and one color channel at a time
- RNN: convolution of LSTM layers for calculation along one dimension





- capable of producing natural appearing images
- pixel per pixel and one color channel at a time
- RNN: convolution of LSTM layers for calculation along one dimension
- CNN: fully convolutional with fixed dependency range (masks)





Similar Challenges





Similar Challenges

for images and audio i.r.t. sample-inter-dependencies and sizes





Similar Challenges

- for images and audio i.r.t. sample-inter-dependencies and sizes
- PixelCNN can accommodate thousands prediction per image





Similar Challenges

- for images and audio i.r.t. sample-inter-dependencies and sizes
- PixelCNN can accommodate thousands prediction per image
- WaveNet needs to predict 16000 samples per second

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Machines Talking

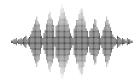
Model





Model

fully probabilistic and autoregressive

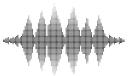




Model

- fully probabilistic and autoregressive
- predicts its outcome assuming the current value depends on previous ones





Model

- fully probabilistic and autoregressive
- predicts its outcome assuming the current value depends on previous ones

More formally:



Model

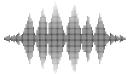
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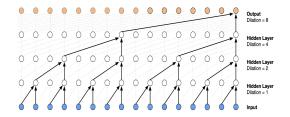
More formally:

The joint probability p(x) - with x = (x₁,..., x_T) being the waveform - is the product of all probabilities for x_t conditional on x₁,..., x_{t-1}:

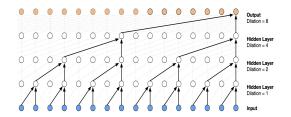
$$p(\mathbf{x}) = \prod_{t=1}^{T} p(x_t | x_1, \dots, x_{t-1})$$





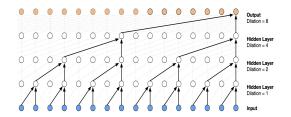






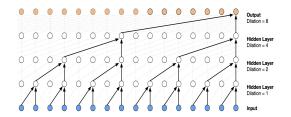
models distribution via stacking causal convolutional layers





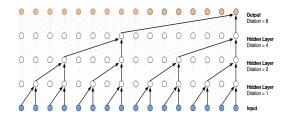
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- no pooling layers hence no downsampling no information loss





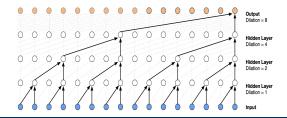
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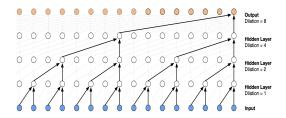


- models distribution via stacking causal convolutional layers
- no pooling layers hence no downsampling no information loss
- causal convolutions prevent predicting based on future values
- shifting the output of convolutions by a few timestamps





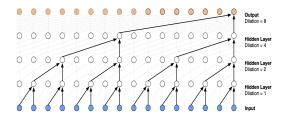
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Architecture

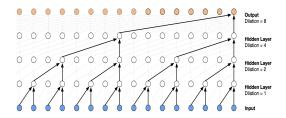
CNN faster at training then RNN





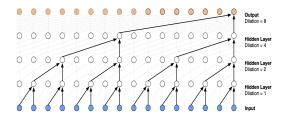
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- Additional layers/larger filters requried to keep receptive field





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- Dilations keep computation expenses low while growing receptive field exponentially





- CNN faster at training then RNN
- Additional layers/larger filters requried to keep receptive field
- Dilations keep computation expenses low while growing receptive field exponentially
- Stacks of repeated 1,2,4,8..512 dilation steps









Retrieving Outputs

Modelling a categorical distribution over all samples individually





- Modelling a categorical distribution over all samples individually
- Normally used: Mixture Models representing subpopulation of whole data not used since inferring data's shape





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- Fully Connected Layer: Softmax combined with μ law companding transformation





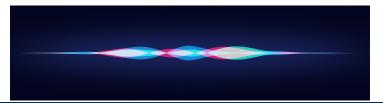
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- Normally used: Mixture Models representing subpopulation of whole data not used since inferring data's shape
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- Shrinks probabilities per 16 bit. sequence from 65k to 256
- Almost lossless reconstruction possible









Features

Capable of training on local and global features





- Capable of training on local and global features
- Allows synthesis of samples with characteristics





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- Global: influences all timestamps direct application to activation functio e.g.: Speaker's identity

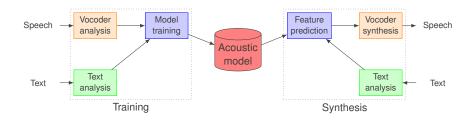




- Capable of training on local and global features
- Allows synthesis of samples with characteristics
- Global: influences all timestamps direct application to activation functio e.g.: Speaker's identity
- Local feature: limited timespan applied as transformed time series e.g.: emotion



Text To Speech



Vocoder (vocal encoder)...device for analyzing and synthesizing human voice signals



Performance

Experiment by Van den Oord, Dieleman, et al. (2016):

Subjective preference (%) in naturalness rated by paid native speakers

North American English

SPSS	Concat	WaveNet	No pref.
7.6		82.0	10.4
	20.1	49.3	30.6

Mandarin Chinese

SPSS	Concat	WaveNet	No pref.					
12.5		29.3	58.2					
	7.6	55.9	36.5					



Summary

WaveNet

- ▶ is a new approach to model and synthesize natural speech.
- utilizes a Convolutional Neural Network to model temporal dependencies in speech.
- outperforms existing methods like statistical parametric speech synthesis.
- is computationally very expensive.

