SAT and SMT Solving

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Outline

- Summary of Last Week
- Maximum Satisfiability
- Algorithms for Maximum Satisfiability

Summary of Last Week

Definition (Implication Graph)

For derivation $\parallel F \quad \Longrightarrow_{\mathcal{B}}^{*} M \parallel F'$ implication graph is constructed as follows:

- add node labelled l for every decision literal l in M
- repeat until there is no change:
  if $\exists$ clause $l_1 \vee \dots l_m \vee l'$ in F' such that there are already nodes $l_1^c, \dots, l_m^c$
  - add node l' if not yet present
  - add edges $l_i^c \to l'$ for all $1 \leqslant i \leqslant m$ if not yet present
- if $\exists$ clause $l_1' \vee \dots \vee l_k'$ in F' such that there are nodes $l_1'^c, \dots, l_k'^c$
  - add conflict node labeled C
  - add edges $l_i'^c \to C$

Definitions

- cut of implication graph has at least all decision literals on the left, and at least the conflict node on the right
- literal l in implication graph is unique implication point (UIP) if all paths from last decision literal to conflict node go through l

Lemma

if edges intersected by cut are $l_1 \to l_1', \dots, l_k \to l_k'$ then $F' \vDash l_1^c \vee l_k^c$

Backjump Clauses by Resolution

- set C_0 to conflict clause
- let l be last assigned literal such that l^c is in C_0
- while l is no decision literal:
  - C_{i+1} is resolvent of C_i and clause D that led to assignment of l
  - let l be last assigned literal such that l^c is in C_{i+1}

Observation

every C_i corresponds to cut in implication graph

Definition (DPLL with Learning and Restarts)

DPLL with learning and restarts $\mathcal{R}$ extends system $\mathcal{B}$ by following three rules:

- learn $$M \parallel F \implies M \parallel F,\ C$$
  if $F \models C$ and all atoms of C occur in M or F
- forget $$M \parallel F,\ C \implies M \parallel F$$
  if $F \models C$
- restart $$M \parallel F \implies \parallel F$$

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Theorem (Termination)

any derivation $\parallel F \quad \Longrightarrow_{\mathcal{R}} \quad S_1 \quad \Longrightarrow_{\mathcal{R}} \quad S_2 \quad \Longrightarrow_{\mathcal{R}} \quad \dots$ *is finite if*

- *it contains no infinite subderivation of learn and forget steps, and*
- *restart is applied with increasing periodicity*

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Theorem (Correctness)

for $\parallel F \implies_{\mathcal{R}} S_1 \implies_{\mathcal{R}} S_2 \implies_{\mathcal{R}} \ldots \implies_{\mathcal{R}} S_n$ *with final state* S_n*:*

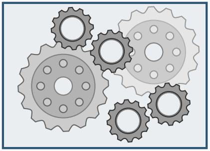
- *if* $S_n = \text{FailState}$ *then* F *is unsatisfiable*
- *if* $S_n = M \parallel F'$ *then* F *is satisfiable and* $M \models F$

Maximum Satisfiability

maxSAT Problem

input: propositional formula φ in CNF

output: valuation α such that α satisfies maximal number of clauses in φ

$\varphi \longrightarrow$  $\longrightarrow \alpha$

maxSAT solver

maxSAT

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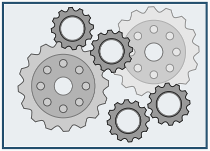
input: propositional formula φ in CNF

output: valuation α such that α satisfies maximal number of clauses in φ

φ $\longrightarrow$

$(q \vee \neg r) \wedge (\neg q \vee r) \wedge p \wedge \neg p \wedge$
$(\neg p \vee r) \wedge (\neg p \vee \neg r \vee q)$



maxSAT solver

$\longrightarrow$ α

$\alpha(p) = \alpha(q) = \alpha(r) = \mathsf{T}$

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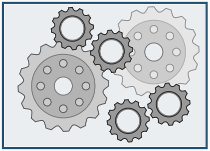
φ $(q \vee \neg r) \wedge (\neg q \vee r) \wedge p \wedge \neg p \wedge (\neg p \vee r) \wedge (\neg p \vee \neg r \vee q)$ $\longrightarrow$



maxSAT solver

$\longrightarrow$ α $\alpha(p) = \alpha(q) = \alpha(r) = \mathsf{T}$

Terminology

- optimization problem P asks to find "best" solution among all solutions

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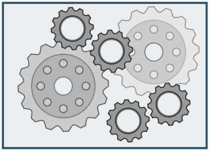

maxSAT solver

$\longrightarrow$ α

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Terminology

- optimization problem P asks to find "best" solution among all solutions
- maxSAT encoding transforms optimization problem P into formula φ such that "best" solution to P is obtained from maxSAT solution to φ

Remark

many real world problems have optimization component

Examples

- find **shortest** path/execution to goal state
  - planning, model checking
- find **smallest** explanation
  - debugging, configuration, ...
- find **least resource-consuming** schedule
  - scheduling, logistics, ...
- find **most probable** explanation
  - probabilistic inference, ...

Variants of Maximal Satisfiability

Consider CNF formula φ as set of clauses, denote number of clauses by $|\varphi|$.

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Maximal Satisfiability (maxSAT)

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Example

$$\varphi = \{ \begin{array}{llllll} 6 \vee 2, & \overline{6} \vee 2, & \overline{2} \vee 1, & \overline{1}, & \overline{6} \vee 8, & 6 \vee \overline{8}, \\ 2 \vee 4, & \overline{4} \vee 5, & 7 \vee 5, & \overline{7} \vee 5, & \overline{3}, & \overline{5} \vee 3 \end{array} \}$$

- $\text{maxSAT}(\varphi) = 10$, e.g. for valuation $\overline{1}\ 2\ \overline{3}\ 4\ 5\ 6\ \overline{7}\ 8$

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Partial Maximal Satisfiability (pmaxSAT)

instance: CNF formulas χ and φ
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$$\varphi = \{\ 6 \vee 2,\quad \overline{6} \vee 2,\quad \overline{2} \vee 1,\quad \overline{1},\quad \overline{6} \vee 8,\quad 6 \vee \overline{8},\\ 2 \vee 4,\quad \overline{4} \vee 5,\quad 7 \vee 5,\quad \overline{7} \vee 5,\quad \overline{3},\quad \overline{5} \vee 3\ \}$$

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$$\chi = \{\, \overline{1} \vee 2,\ \ \overline{2} \vee \overline{3},\ \ \overline{5} \vee 1,\ \ 3 \,\}$$

- $\text{maxSAT}(\varphi) = 10$, e.g. for valuation $\overline{1}\ 2\ \overline{3}\ 4\ 5\ 6\ \overline{7}\ 8$
- $\text{pmaxSAT}(\chi, \varphi) = 8$, e.g. for valuation $\overline{1}\ \overline{2}\ 3\ 4\ \overline{5}\ 6\ 7\ 8$

Weighted Maximal Satisfiability (maxSAT_w)

instance: CNF formula φ with weight $w_C \in \mathbb{Z}$ for all $C \in \varphi$

question: what is maximal $\sum_{C \in \psi} w_C$ for $\psi \subseteq \varphi$ and $\bigwedge_{C \in \psi} C$ satisfiable?

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$$\varphi = \{(\neg x,\ 2),\qquad (y,\ 4),\qquad (\neg x \vee \neg y,\ 5)\}$$

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Notation

- write $\mathsf{maxSAT}(\varphi)$ and $\mathsf{maxSAT}_w(\varphi)$ for solution to (weighted) maximal satisfiability problem for φ

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question: what is maximal $\sum_{C \in \psi} w_C$ for $\psi \subseteq \varphi$ and $\chi \wedge \bigwedge_{C \in \psi} C$ satisfiable?

Notation

- write $\text{maxSAT}(\varphi)$ and $\text{maxSAT}_w(\varphi)$ for solution to (weighted) maximal satisfiability problem for φ
- write $\text{pmaxSAT}(\chi, \varphi)$ and $\text{pmaxSAT}_w(\chi, \varphi)$ for solution to (weighted) partial maximal satisfiability problem for hard clauses χ and soft clauses φ

Example

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Minimum Unsatisfiability (minUNSAT)

instance: CNF formula φ

question: what is minimal $|\psi|$ such that $\psi \subseteq \varphi$ and $\bigwedge_{C \in \psi} \neg C$ is satisfiable?

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write minUNSAT(φ) for solution to minimal unsatisfiability problem for φ

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- $\text{maxSAT}(\varphi) =$

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using $v(x) = v(y) = \mathsf{T}$ and $v(z) = \mathsf{F}$ have

- $\text{maxSAT}(\varphi) = 4$

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using $v(x) = v(y) = \text{T}$ and $v(z) = \text{F}$ have

- maxSAT(φ) $= 4$
- minUNSAT(φ) $=$

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using $v(x) = v(y) = \mathsf{T}$ and $v(z) = \mathsf{F}$ have

- $\text{maxSAT}(\varphi) = 4$
- $\text{minUNSAT}(\varphi) = 1$

Minimum Unsatisfiability (minUNSAT)

instance: CNF formula φ

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Remark

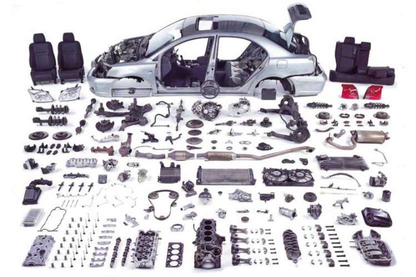
maxSAT and minUNSAT are equivalent

Application: Automotive Configuration (1)

Manufacturer's Constraints on Components

component family	components
engine	E_1, E_2, E_3
gearbox	G_1, G_2, G_3
control unit	$C_1, \ldots, C_5$
dashboard	$D_1, \ldots, D_4$
navigation system	N_1, N_2, N_3
air conditioner	AC_1, AC_2, AC_3
alarm system	AS_1, AS_2
radio	$R_1, \ldots, R_5$

Component families with limitations



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Manufacturer's Constraints on Components

component family	components	limit
engine	E_1, E_2, E_3	$= 1$
gearbox	G_1, G_2, G_3	$= 1$
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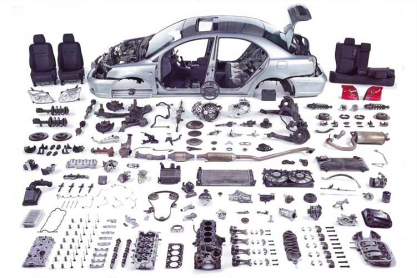

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Component families with limitations

premise	conclusion
G_1	$E_1 \vee E_2$
$N_1 \vee N_2$	D_1
N_3	$D_2 \vee D_3$
$AC_1 \vee AC_3$	$D_1 \vee D_2$
AS_1	$D_2 \vee D_3$
$R_1 \vee R_2 \vee R_5$	$D_1 \vee D_4$

Component dependencies

Application: Automotive Configuration (1)

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AS_1	$D_2 \vee D_3$
$R_1 \vee R_2 \vee R_5$	$D_1 \vee D_4$

Component dependencies

Encoding

- for every component c use variable x_c which is assigned T iff c is used
- require manufacturer's constraints φ_{car} by adding respective clauses

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Manufacturer's Constraints on Components

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gearbox	G_1, G_2, G_3	$= 1$
control unit	$C_1, \ldots, C_5$	$= 1$
dashboard	$D_1, \ldots, D_4$	$= 1$
navigation system	N_1, N_2, N_3	$\leqslant 1$
air conditioner	AC_1, AC_2, AC_3	$\leqslant 1$
alarm system	AS_1, AS_2	$\leqslant 1$
radio	$R_1, \ldots, R_5$	$\leqslant 1$

Component families with limitations

premise	conclusion
G_1	$E_1 \vee E_2$
$N_1 \vee N_2$	D_1
N_3	$D_2 \vee D_3$
$AC_1 \vee AC_3$	$D_1 \vee D_2$
AS_1	$D_2 \vee D_3$
$R_1 \vee R_2 \vee R_5$	$D_1 \vee D_4$

Component dependencies

Encoding

- for every component c use variable x_c which is assigned T iff c is used
- require manufacturer's constraints φ_{car} by adding respective clauses

Problem 1: Validity of Configuration

- is desired configuration valid? SAT encoding

Application: Automotive Configuration (1)

Manufacturer's Constraints on Components

component family	components	limit
engine	E_1, E_2, E_3	$= 1$
gearbox	G_1, G_2, G_3	$= 1$
control unit	$C_1, \ldots, C_5$	$= 1$
dashboard	$D_1, \ldots, D_4$	$= 1$
navigation system	N_1, N_2, N_3	$\leqslant 1$
air conditioner	AC_1, AC_2, AC_3	$\leqslant 1$
alarm system	AS_1, AS_2	$\leqslant 1$
radio	$R_1, \ldots, R_5$	$\leqslant 1$

Component families with limitations

premise	conclusion
G_1	$E_1 \vee E_2$
$N_1 \vee N_2$	D_1
N_3	$D_2 \vee D_3$
$AC_1 \vee AC_3$	$D_1 \vee D_2$
AS_1	$D_2 \vee D_3$
$R_1 \vee R_2 \vee R_5$	$D_1 \vee D_4$

Component dependencies

Encoding

- for every component c use variable x_c which is assigned T iff c is used
- require manufacturer's constraints φ_{car} by adding respective clauses

Problem 1: Validity of Configuration

- is desired configuration valid? SAT encoding

  e.g. $E_1 \wedge G_1 \wedge C_5 \wedge (D_2 \vee D_3)$ ✓ $E_3 \wedge G_1 \wedge C_5 \wedge D_2 \vee AC_1$ ✗

Application: Automotive Configuration (2)

Problem 2: Maximization of Chosen Components

- find maximal valid subset of configuration $c_1, \ldots, c_n$ partial maxSAT

$$\underbrace{\varphi_{\text{car}}}_{\text{hard clauses}} \quad \wedge \quad \underbrace{x_{c_1} \wedge \cdots \wedge x_{c_n}}_{\text{soft clauses}}$$

Application: Automotive Configuration (2)

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Example

component family	choice	result
engine	E_1	E_1
gearbox	G_2	G_2
control unit	C_2	C_2
dashboard	$D_1 \vee D_3$	D_1
navigation system	N_2	N_2
air conditioner	AC_1	AC_1
alarm system	AS_1	–
radio	R_2	R_2

Application: Automotive Configuration (2)

Problem 2: Maximization of Chosen Components

- find maximal valid subset of configuration $c_1, \ldots, c_n$ — partial maxSAT
- possibly with priorities p_i for component c_i — weighted partial maxSAT

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Problem 3: Minimization of Costs

- given cost q_i for each component c_i, find cheapest valid configuration
  weighted partial maxSAT encoding

$$\underbrace{\varphi_{\text{car}}}_{\text{hard clauses}} \quad \wedge \quad \underbrace{(c_1, -q_1) \wedge \cdots \wedge (c_n, -q_n)}_{\text{soft clauses}}$$

Application: Automotive Configuration (2)

Problem 2: Maximization of Chosen Components

- find maximal valid subset of configuration $c_1, \ldots, c_n$ — partial maxSAT
- possibly with priorities p_i for component c_i — weighted partial maxSAT

$$\underbrace{\varphi_{\text{car}}}_{\text{hard clauses}} \quad \wedge \quad \underbrace{(x_{c_1}, p_1) \wedge \cdots \wedge (x_{c_n}, p_n)}_{\text{soft clauses}}$$

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Result

collaboration with BMW: evaluated on configuration formulas of 2013 product line

Algorithms for Maximum Satisfiability

Branch & Bound

Idea

- gets list of clauses φ as input return minUNSAT(φ)

Branch & Bound

Idea

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- explores assignments in depth-first search

Branch & Bound

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- gets list of clauses φ as input return minUNSAT(φ)
- explores assignments in depth-first search

Ingredients

- `UB` is minimal number of unsatisfied clauses found so far (best solution)

Branch & Bound

Idea

- gets list of clauses φ as input return $\mathrm{minUNSAT}(\varphi)$
- explores assignments in depth-first search

Ingredients

- UB is minimal number of unsatisfied clauses found so far (best solution)
- φ_x is formula φ with all occurrences of x replaced by T
- $\varphi_{\overline{x}}$ is formula φ with all occurrences of x replaced by F

Branch & Bound

Idea

- gets list of clauses φ as input return minUNSAT(φ)
- explores assignments in depth-first search

Ingredients

- UB is minimal number of unsatisfied clauses found so far (best solution)
- φ_x is formula φ with all occurrences of x replaced by T
- $\varphi_{\overline{x}}$ is formula φ with all occurrences of x replaced by F
- for list of clauses φ, function simp(φ)
  - replace $\neg$T by F and $\neg$F by T
  - drops all clauses which contain T
  - removes F from all remaining clauses

Branch & Bound

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- gets list of clauses φ as input return minUNSAT(φ)
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- for list of clauses φ, function $\texttt{simp}(\varphi)$
  - replace $\neg$T by F and $\neg$F by T
  - drops all clauses which contain T
  - removes F from all remaining clauses

Example

$$\varphi = y \vee \neg F, \quad x \vee y \vee F, \quad F, \quad x \vee \neg y \vee T, \quad x \vee \neg z$$

$$\texttt{simp}(\varphi) = \quad x \vee y, \quad \square, \quad x \vee \neg z$$

Branch & Bound

Idea

- gets list of clauses φ as input return $\mathtt{minUNSAT}(\varphi)$
- explores assignments in depth-first search

Ingredients

- $\mathtt{UB}$ is minimal number of unsatisfied clauses found so far (best solution)
- φ_x is formula φ with all occurrences of x replaced by T
- $\varphi_{\overline{x}}$ is formula φ with all occurrences of x replaced by F
- for list of clauses φ, function $\mathtt{simp}(\varphi)$
  - replace $\neg$T by F and $\neg$F by T
  - drops all clauses which contain T
  - removes F from all remaining clauses
- $\square$ denotes empty clause and $\#\mathtt{empty}(\varphi)$ number of empty clauses in φ

Example

$$\varphi = y \vee \neg F, \quad x \vee y \vee F, \quad F, \quad x \vee \neg y \vee T, \quad x \vee \neg z$$

$$\mathtt{simp}(\varphi) = \quad x \vee y, \quad \square, \quad x \vee \neg z$$

Algorithm (Branch & Bound)

```
function BnB(φ, UB)
  φ = simp(φ)
  if φ contains only empty clauses then
      return #empty(φ)
  if #empty(φ) ⩾ UB then
      return UB
  x = selectVariable(φ)
  UB := min(UB, BnB(φ_x, UB))
  return min(UB, BnB(φ_x̄, UB))
```

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- number of clauses falsified by any valuation is $\leqslant |\varphi|$

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```

- number of clauses falsified by any valuation is $\leqslant |\varphi|$
- start by calling BnB(φ, $|\varphi|$)

Algorithm (Branch & Bound)

```
function BnB(φ, UB)
  φ = simp(φ)
  if φ contains only empty clauses then
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      return UB
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  return min(UB, BnB(φ_x̄, UB))
```

- number of clauses falsified by any valuation is $\leqslant |\varphi|$
- start by calling BnB(φ, $|\varphi|$)
- idea: $\#\text{empty}(\varphi)$ is number of clauses falsified by current valuation

Example

- $\varphi = x,\ \neg x \vee y,\ z \vee \neg y,\ x \vee z,\ x \vee y,\ \neg y$

Example

- $\varphi = x,\ \neg x \vee y,\ z \vee \neg y,\ x \vee z,\ x \vee y,\ \neg y$
- call `BnB(`φ`, 6)`

Example

- $\varphi = x,\ \neg x \vee y,\ z \vee \neg y,\ x \vee z,\ x \vee y,\ \neg y$
- call `BnB(`φ`, 6)`
- $\mathtt{simp}(\varphi) = \varphi$

$\mathrm{BnB}(\varphi, 6)$

Example

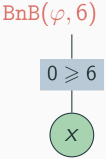
- $\varphi = x,\ \neg x \lor y,\ z \lor \neg y,\ x \lor z,\ x \lor y,\ \neg y$
- call `BnB(`φ`, 6)`
- $\mathtt{simp}(\varphi) = \varphi$

$\mathtt{BnB}(\varphi, 6)$

$0 \geqslant 6$

Example

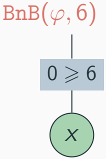
- $\varphi = x,\ \neg x \vee y,\ z \vee \neg y,\ x \vee z,\ x \vee y,\ \neg y$
- call $\texttt{BnB}(\varphi,\ 6)$
- $\texttt{simp}(\varphi) = \varphi$



Example

- $\varphi = x,\ \neg x \lor y,\ z \lor \neg y,\ x \lor z,\ x \lor y,\ \neg y$
- call `BnB(`φ`, 6)`
- $\mathtt{simp}(\varphi) = \varphi$

- $\varphi_x = \mathsf{T},\ \neg \mathsf{T} \lor y,\ z \lor \neg y,\ \mathsf{T} \lor z,\ \mathsf{T} \lor y,\ \neg y$



Example

- $\varphi = x,\ \neg x \vee y,\ z \vee \neg y,\ x \vee z,\ x \vee y,\ \neg y$
- call `BnB(φ, 6)`
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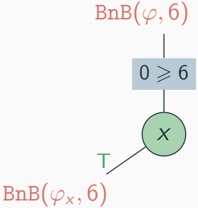
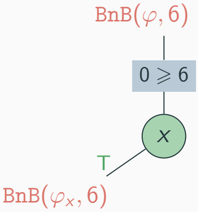


Example

- $\varphi = x,\ \neg x \vee y,\ z \vee \neg y,\ x \vee z,\ x \vee y,\ \neg y$
- call `BnB(`φ`, 6)`
- $\mathtt{simp}(\varphi) = \varphi$

- $\varphi_x = \mathsf{T},\ \neg \mathsf{T} \vee y,\ z \vee \neg y,\ \mathsf{T} \vee z,\ \mathsf{T} \vee y,\ \neg y$
  $\mathtt{simp}(\varphi_x) = y,\ z \vee \neg y,\ \neg y$



Example

- $\varphi = x,\ \neg x \lor y,\ z \lor \neg y,\ x \lor z,\ x \lor y,\ \neg y$
- call `BnB(`φ`, 6)`
- $\mathtt{simp}(\varphi) = \varphi$

- $\varphi_x = \mathsf{T},\ \neg \mathsf{T} \lor y,\ z \lor \neg y,\ \mathsf{T} \lor z,\ \mathsf{T} \lor y,\ \neg y$
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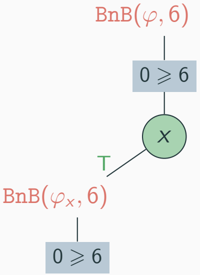
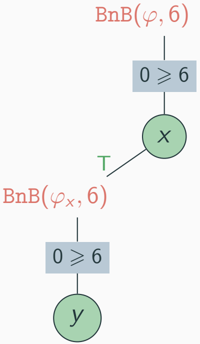


Example

- $\varphi = x,\ \neg x \vee y,\ z \vee \neg y,\ x \vee z,\ x \vee y,\ \neg y$
- call `BnB(φ, 6)`
- $\texttt{simp}(\varphi) = \varphi$

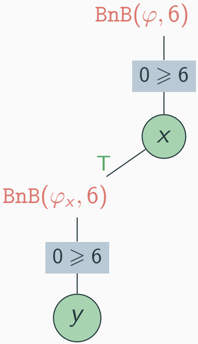
- $\varphi_x = \text{T},\ \neg\text{T} \vee y,\ z \vee \neg y,\ \text{T} \vee z,\ \text{T} \vee y,\ \neg y$
  $\texttt{simp}(\varphi_x) = y,\ z \vee \neg y,\ \neg y$



Example

- $\varphi = x,\ \neg x \vee y,\ z \vee \neg y,\ x \vee z,\ x \vee y,\ \neg y$
- call `BnB(φ, 6)`
- $\mathtt{simp}(\varphi) = \varphi$

- $\varphi_x = \mathsf{T},\ \neg \mathsf{T} \vee y,\ z \vee \neg y,\ \mathsf{T} \vee z,\ \mathsf{T} \vee y,\ \neg y$
  $\mathtt{simp}(\varphi_x) = y,\ z \vee \neg y,\ \neg y$
- $\varphi_{xy} = \mathsf{T},\ z \vee \neg \mathsf{T},\ \neg T$



Example

- $\varphi = x,\ \neg x \vee y,\ z \vee \neg y,\ x \vee z,\ x \vee y,\ \neg y$
- call `BnB(`φ`, 6)`
- $\mathtt{simp}(\varphi) = \varphi$

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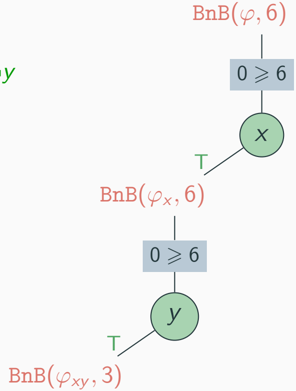
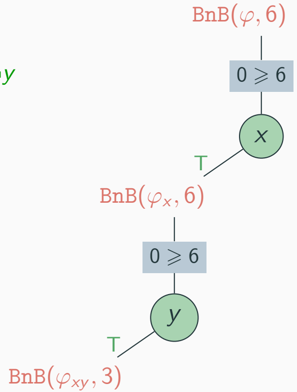


Example

- $\varphi = x,\ \neg x \vee y,\ z \vee \neg y,\ x \vee z,\ x \vee y,\ \neg y$
- call BnB(φ, 6)
- $\mathtt{simp}(\varphi) = \varphi$

- $\varphi_x = \top,\ \neg\top \vee y,\ z \vee \neg y,\ \top \vee z,\ \top \vee y,\ \neg y$
  $\mathtt{simp}(\varphi_x) = y,\ z \vee \neg y,\ \neg y$
- $\varphi_{xy} = \top,\ z \vee \neg\top,\ \neg T$
  $\mathtt{simp}(\varphi_{xy}) = z, \square$



Example

- $\varphi = x,\ \neg x \vee y,\ z \vee \neg y,\ x \vee z,\ x \vee y,\ \neg y$
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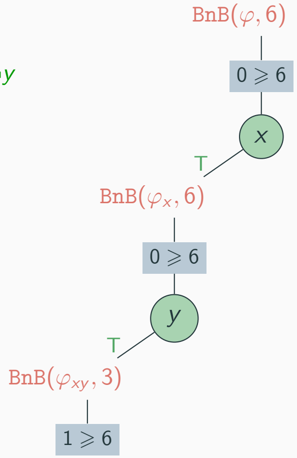

Example

- $\varphi = x,\ \neg x \lor y,\ z \lor \neg y,\ x \lor z,\ x \lor y,\ \neg y$
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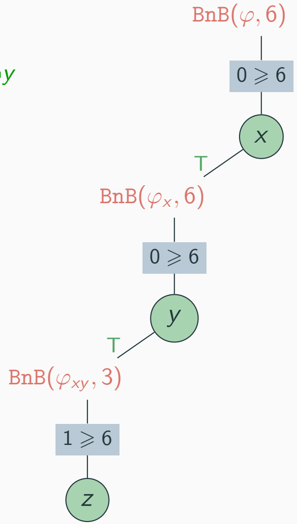

Example

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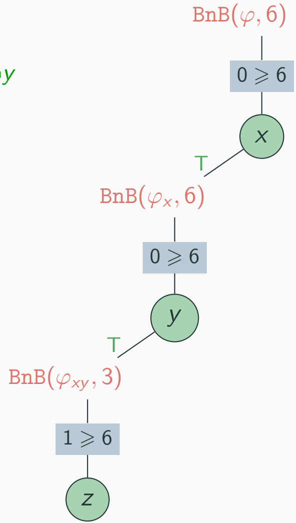
- $\varphi_{xyz} = \mathsf{T},\ \square$



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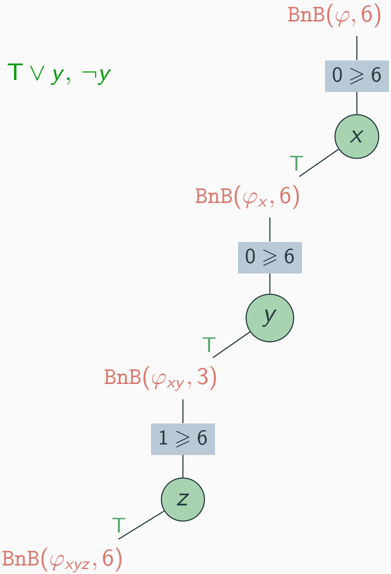

Example

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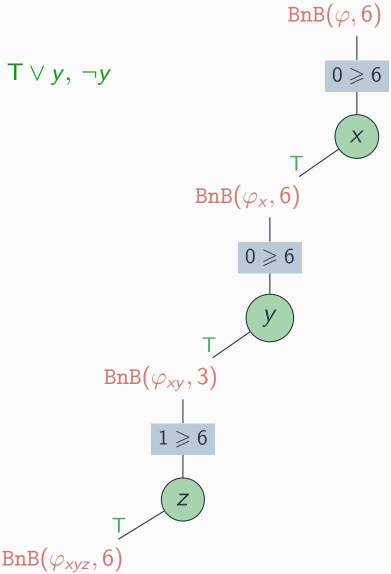

Example

- $\varphi = x,\ \neg x \vee y,\ z \vee \neg y,\ x \vee z,\ x \vee y,\ \neg y$
- call BnB(φ, 6)
- $\mathtt{simp}(\varphi) = \varphi$

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  $\mathtt{simp}(\varphi_x) = y,\ z \vee \neg y,\ \neg y$
- $\varphi_{xy} = \mathsf{T},\ z \vee \neg\mathsf{T},\ \neg T$
  $\mathtt{simp}(\varphi_{xy}) = z, \Box$
- $\varphi_{xyz} = \mathsf{T},\ \Box$
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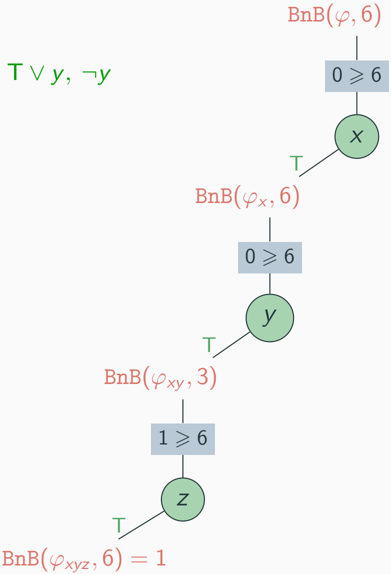
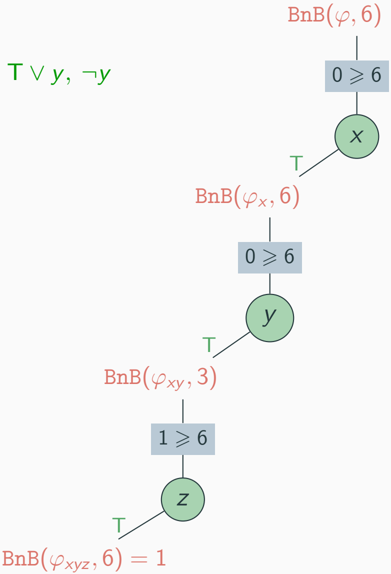


Example

- $\varphi = x,\ \neg x \vee y,\ z \vee \neg y,\ x \vee z,\ x \vee y,\ \neg y$
- call `BnB(`φ`, 6)`
- $\mathtt{simp}(\varphi) = \varphi$

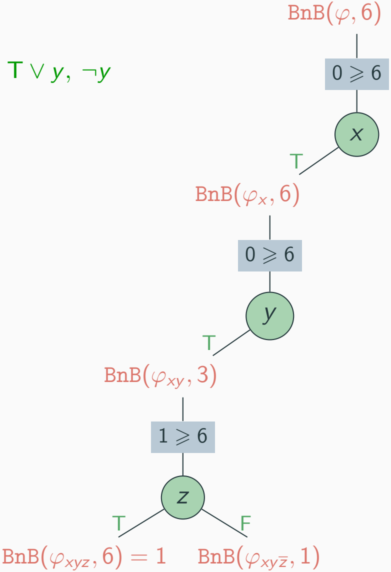
- $\varphi_x = \mathsf{T},\ \neg \mathsf{T} \vee y,\ z \vee \neg y,\ \mathsf{T} \vee z,\ \mathsf{T} \vee y,\ \neg y$
  $\mathtt{simp}(\varphi_x) = y,\ z \vee \neg y,\ \neg y$
- $\varphi_{xy} = \mathsf{T},\ z \vee \neg \mathsf{T},\ \neg T$
  $\mathtt{simp}(\varphi_{xy}) = z, \square$
- $\varphi_{xyz} = \mathsf{T},\ \square$
  $\mathtt{simp}(\varphi_{xyz}) = \square$
- $\varphi_{xy\bar{z}} = \mathsf{F},\ \square$



Example

- $\varphi = x,\ \neg x \lor y,\ z \lor \neg y,\ x \lor z,\ x \lor y,\ \neg y$
- call `BnB(`φ`, 6)`
- $\mathtt{simp}(\varphi) = \varphi$

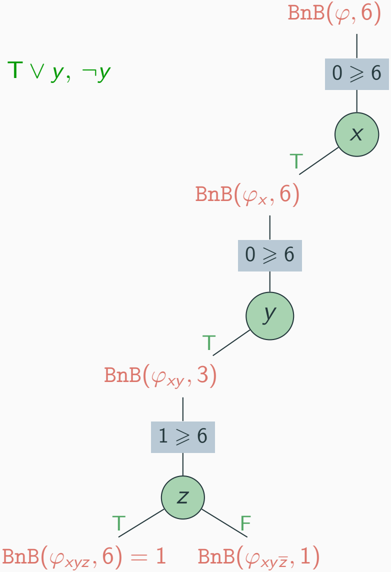
- $\varphi_x = \mathsf{T},\ \neg \mathsf{T} \lor y,\ z \lor \neg y,\ \mathsf{T} \lor z,\ \mathsf{T} \lor y,\ \neg y$
  $\mathtt{simp}(\varphi_x) = y,\ z \lor \neg y,\ \neg y$
- $\varphi_{xy} = \mathsf{T},\ z \lor \neg \mathsf{T},\ \neg T$
  $\mathtt{simp}(\varphi_{xy}) = z, \square$
- $\varphi_{xyz} = \mathsf{T},\ \square$
  $\mathtt{simp}(\varphi_{xyz}) = \square$
- $\varphi_{xy\bar{z}} = \mathsf{F},\ \square$



Example

- $\varphi = x,\ \neg x \vee y,\ z \vee \neg y,\ x \vee z,\ x \vee y,\ \neg y$
- call $\texttt{BnB}(\varphi,\ 6)$
- $\texttt{simp}(\varphi) = \varphi$

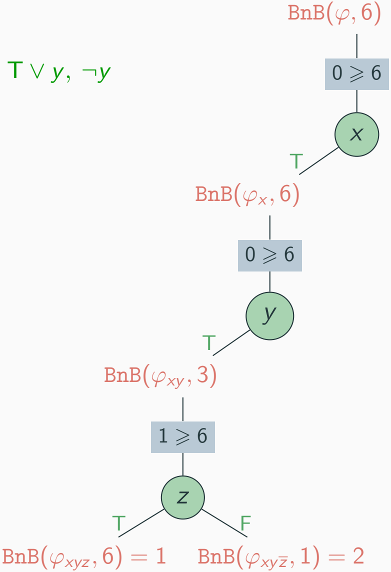
- $\varphi_x = \mathsf{T},\ \neg\mathsf{T} \vee y,\ z \vee \neg y,\ \mathsf{T} \vee z,\ \mathsf{T} \vee y,\ \neg y$
  $\texttt{simp}(\varphi_x) = y,\ z \vee \neg y,\ \neg y$
- $\varphi_{xy} = \mathsf{T},\ z \vee \neg\mathsf{T},\ \neg T$
  $\texttt{simp}(\varphi_{xy}) = z, \Box$
- $\varphi_{xyz} = \mathsf{T},\ \Box$
  $\texttt{simp}(\varphi_{xyz}) = \Box$
- $\varphi_{xy\bar{z}} = \mathsf{F},\ \Box$
  $\texttt{simp}(\varphi_{xy\bar{z}}) = \Box,\ \Box$



Example

- $\varphi = x,\ \neg x \vee y,\ z \vee \neg y,\ x \vee z,\ x \vee y,\ \neg y$
- call `BnB(`φ`, 6)`
- $\texttt{simp}(\varphi) = \varphi$

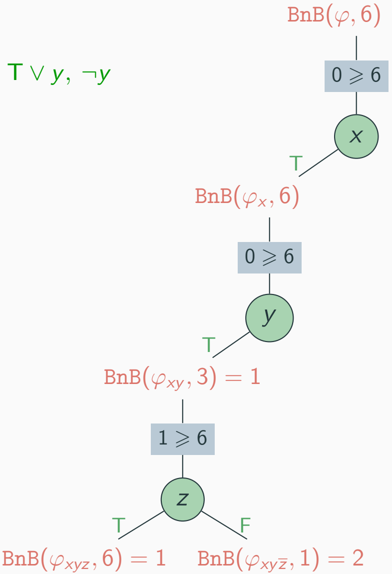
- $\varphi_x = \mathsf{T},\ \neg \mathsf{T} \vee y,\ z \vee \neg y,\ \mathsf{T} \vee z,\ \mathsf{T} \vee y,\ \neg y$
  $\texttt{simp}(\varphi_x) = y,\ z \vee \neg y,\ \neg y$
- $\varphi_{xy} = \mathsf{T},\ z \vee \neg \mathsf{T},\ \neg T$
  $\texttt{simp}(\varphi_{xy}) = z, \square$
- $\varphi_{xyz} = \mathsf{T},\ \square$
  $\texttt{simp}(\varphi_{xyz}) = \square$
- $\varphi_{xy\bar{z}} = \mathsf{F},\ \square$
  $\texttt{simp}(\varphi_{xy\bar{z}}) = \square,\ \square$



Example

- $\varphi = x,\ \neg x \vee y,\ z \vee \neg y,\ x \vee z,\ x \vee y,\ \neg y$
- call $\texttt{BnB}(\varphi,\ 6)$
- $\texttt{simp}(\varphi) = \varphi$

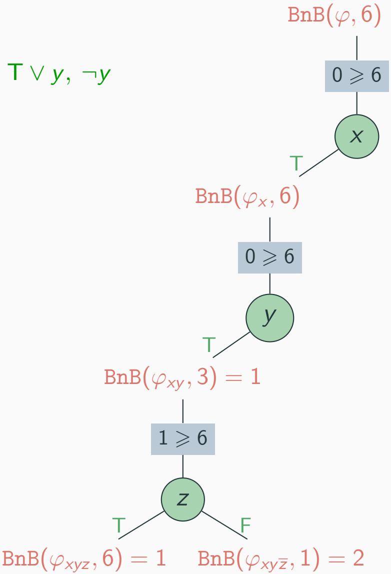
- $\varphi_x = \mathsf{T},\ \neg\mathsf{T} \vee y,\ z \vee \neg y,\ \mathsf{T} \vee z,\ \mathsf{T} \vee y,\ \neg y$
  $\texttt{simp}(\varphi_x) = y,\ z \vee \neg y,\ \neg y$
- $\varphi_{xy} = \mathsf{T},\ z \vee \neg\mathsf{T},\ \neg T$
  $\texttt{simp}(\varphi_{xy}) = z, \Box$
- $\varphi_{xyz} = \mathsf{T},\ \Box$
  $\texttt{simp}(\varphi_{xyz}) = \Box$
- $\varphi_{xy\bar{z}} = \mathsf{F},\ \Box$
  $\texttt{simp}(\varphi_{xy\bar{z}}) = \Box,\ \Box$



Example

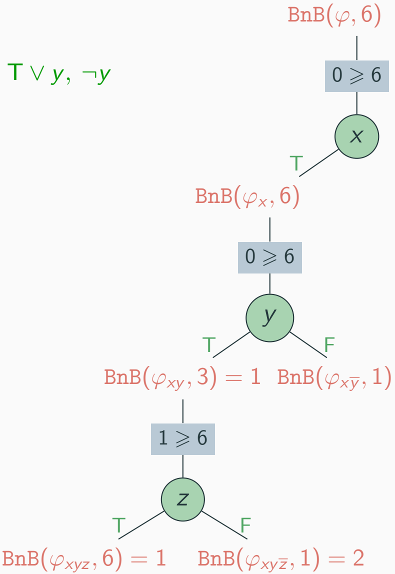
- $\varphi = x,\ \neg x \vee y,\ z \vee \neg y,\ x \vee z,\ x \vee y,\ \neg y$
- call `BnB(`φ`, 6)`
- $\mathtt{simp}(\varphi) = \varphi$

- $\varphi_x = \mathsf{T},\ \neg\mathsf{T} \vee y,\ z \vee \neg y,\ \mathsf{T} \vee z,\ \mathsf{T} \vee y,\ \neg y$
  $\mathtt{simp}(\varphi_x) = y,\ z \vee \neg y,\ \neg y$
- $\varphi_{xy} = \mathsf{T},\ z \vee \neg\mathsf{T},\ \neg T$
  $\mathtt{simp}(\varphi_{xy}) = z, \square$
- $\varphi_{xyz} = \mathsf{T},\ \square$
  $\mathtt{simp}(\varphi_{xyz}) = \square$
- $\varphi_{xy\bar{z}} = \mathsf{F},\ \square$
  $\mathtt{simp}(\varphi_{xy\bar{z}}) = \square,\ \square$
- $\varphi_{x\bar{y}} = \mathsf{F},\ z \vee \neg\mathsf{F},\ \neg\mathsf{F}$



Example

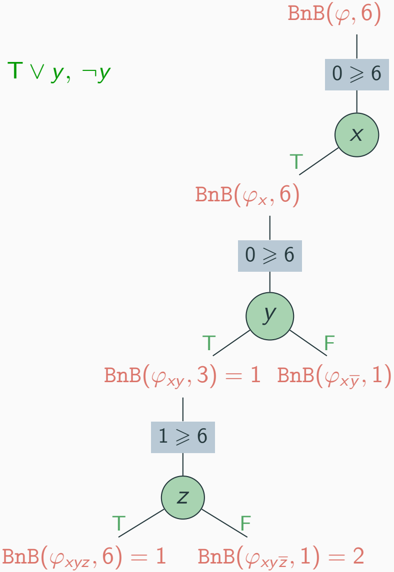
- $\varphi = x,\ \neg x \vee y,\ z \vee \neg y,\ x \vee z,\ x \vee y,\ \neg y$
- call $\texttt{BnB}(\varphi,\ 6)$
- $\texttt{simp}(\varphi) = \varphi$
- $\varphi_x = \mathsf{T},\ \neg \mathsf{T} \vee y,\ z \vee \neg y,\ \mathsf{T} \vee z,\ \mathsf{T} \vee y,\ \neg y$
  $\texttt{simp}(\varphi_x) = y,\ z \vee \neg y,\ \neg y$
- $\varphi_{xy} = \mathsf{T},\ z \vee \neg \mathsf{T},\ \neg T$
  $\texttt{simp}(\varphi_{xy}) = z, \square$
- $\varphi_{xyz} = \mathsf{T},\ \square$
  $\texttt{simp}(\varphi_{xyz}) = \square$
- $\varphi_{xy\bar{z}} = \mathsf{F},\ \square$
  $\texttt{simp}(\varphi_{xy\bar{z}}) = \square,\ \square$
- $\varphi_{x\bar{y}} = \mathsf{F},\ z \vee \neg \mathsf{F},\ \neg \mathsf{F}$



Example

- $\varphi = x,\ \neg x \vee y,\ z \vee \neg y,\ x \vee z,\ x \vee y,\ \neg y$
- call $\texttt{BnB}(\varphi,\ 6)$
- $\texttt{simp}(\varphi) = \varphi$

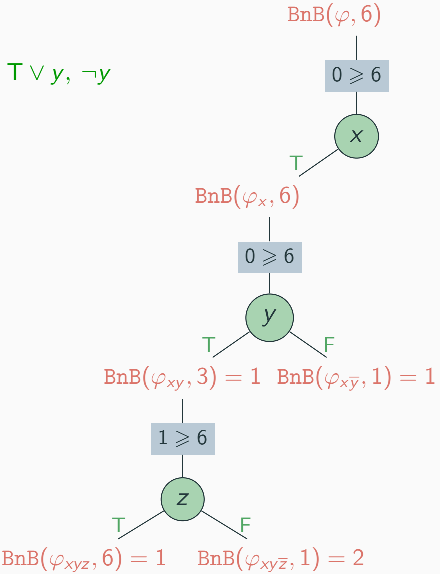
- $\varphi_x = \mathsf{T},\ \neg\mathsf{T} \vee y,\ z \vee \neg y,\ \mathsf{T} \vee z,\ \mathsf{T} \vee y,\ \neg y$
  $\texttt{simp}(\varphi_x) = y,\ z \vee \neg y,\ \neg y$
- $\varphi_{xy} = \mathsf{T},\ z \vee \neg\mathsf{T},\ \neg T$
  $\texttt{simp}(\varphi_{xy}) = z, \square$
- $\varphi_{xyz} = \mathsf{T},\ \square$
  $\texttt{simp}(\varphi_{xyz}) = \square$
- $\varphi_{xy\bar{z}} = \mathsf{F},\ \square$
  $\texttt{simp}(\varphi_{xy\bar{z}}) = \square,\ \square$
- $\varphi_{x\bar{y}} = \mathsf{F},\ z \vee \neg\mathsf{F},\ \neg\mathsf{F}$
  $\texttt{simp}(\varphi_{x\bar{y}}) = \square$



Example

- $\varphi = x,\ \neg x \vee y,\ z \vee \neg y,\ x \vee z,\ x \vee y,\ \neg y$
- call `BnB(`φ`, 6)`
- $\mathtt{simp}(\varphi) = \varphi$

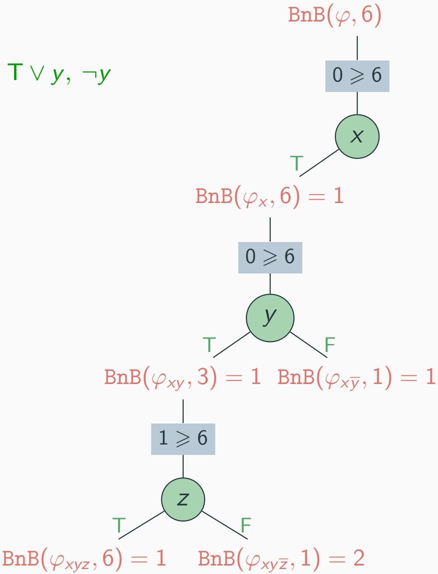
- $\varphi_x = \mathrm{T},\ \neg \mathrm{T} \vee y,\ z \vee \neg y,\ \mathrm{T} \vee z,\ \mathrm{T} \vee y,\ \neg y$
  $\mathtt{simp}(\varphi_x) = y,\ z \vee \neg y,\ \neg y$
- $\varphi_{xy} = \mathrm{T},\ z \vee \neg \mathrm{T},\ \neg T$
  $\mathtt{simp}(\varphi_{xy}) = z, \square$
- $\varphi_{xyz} = \mathrm{T},\ \square$
  $\mathtt{simp}(\varphi_{xyz}) = \square$
- $\varphi_{xy\bar{z}} = \mathrm{F},\ \square$
  $\mathtt{simp}(\varphi_{xy\bar{z}}) = \square,\ \square$
- $\varphi_{x\bar{y}} = \mathrm{F},\ z \vee \neg \mathrm{F},\ \neg \mathrm{F}$
  $\mathtt{simp}(\varphi_{x\bar{y}}) = \square$



Example

- $\varphi = x,\ \neg x \vee y,\ z \vee \neg y,\ x \vee z,\ x \vee y,\ \neg y$
- call BnB(φ, 6)
- $\mathtt{simp}(\varphi) = \varphi$

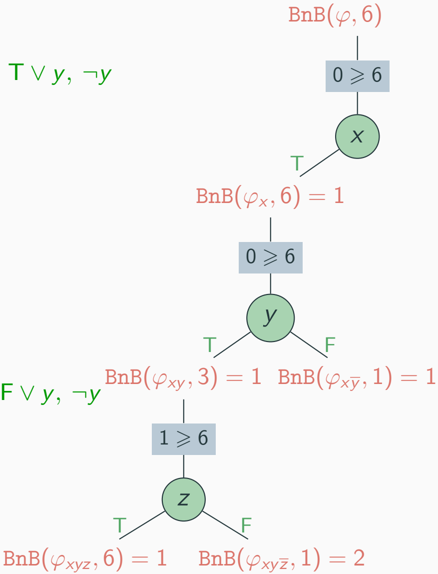
- $\varphi_x = \mathsf{T},\ \neg\mathsf{T} \vee y,\ z \vee \neg y,\ \mathsf{T} \vee z,\ \mathsf{T} \vee y,\ \neg y$
  $\mathtt{simp}(\varphi_x) = y,\ z \vee \neg y,\ \neg y$
- $\varphi_{xy} = \mathsf{T},\ z \vee \neg \mathsf{T},\ \neg T$
  $\mathtt{simp}(\varphi_{xy}) = z, \Box$
- $\varphi_{xyz} = \mathsf{T},\ \Box$
  $\mathtt{simp}(\varphi_{xyz}) = \Box$
- $\varphi_{xy\bar{z}} = \mathsf{F},\ \Box$
  $\mathtt{simp}(\varphi_{xy\bar{z}}) = \Box,\ \Box$
- $\varphi_{x\bar{y}} = \mathsf{F},\ z \vee \neg\mathsf{F},\ \neg\mathsf{F}$
  $\mathtt{simp}(\varphi_{x\bar{y}}) = \Box$



Example

- $\varphi = x,\ \neg x \vee y,\ z \vee \neg y,\ x \vee z,\ x \vee y,\ \neg y$
- call $\texttt{BnB}(\varphi,\ 6)$
- $\texttt{simp}(\varphi) = \varphi$

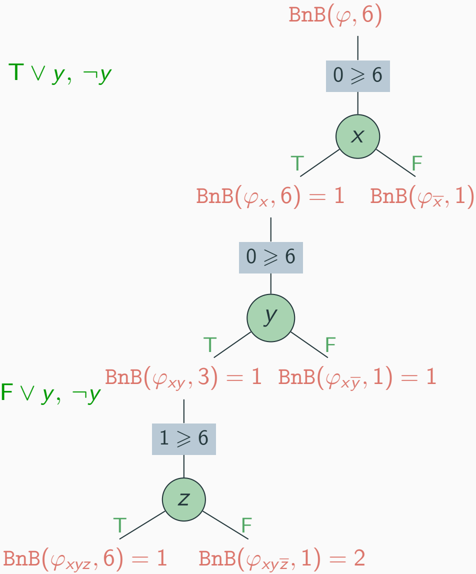
- $\varphi_x = \text{T},\ \neg \text{T} \vee y,\ z \vee \neg y,\ \text{T} \vee z,\ \text{T} \vee y,\ \neg y$
  $\texttt{simp}(\varphi_x) = y,\ z \vee \neg y,\ \neg y$
- $\varphi_{xy} = \text{T},\ z \vee \neg \text{T},\ \neg T$
  $\texttt{simp}(\varphi_{xy}) = z, \Box$
- $\varphi_{xyz} = \text{T},\ \Box$
  $\texttt{simp}(\varphi_{xyz}) = \Box$
- $\varphi_{xy\overline{z}} = \text{F},\ \Box$
  $\texttt{simp}(\varphi_{xy\overline{z}}) = \Box,\ \Box$
- $\varphi_{x\overline{y}} = \text{F},\ z \vee \neg \text{F},\ \neg \text{F}$
  $\texttt{simp}(\varphi_{x\overline{y}}) = \Box$
- $\varphi_{\overline{x}} = \text{F},\ \neg \text{F} \vee y,\ z \vee \neg y,\ \text{F} \vee z,\ \text{F} \vee y,\ \neg y$



Example

- $\varphi = x,\ \neg x \vee y,\ z \vee \neg y,\ x \vee z,\ x \vee y,\ \neg y$
- call $\texttt{BnB}(\varphi,\ 6)$
- $\texttt{simp}(\varphi) = \varphi$

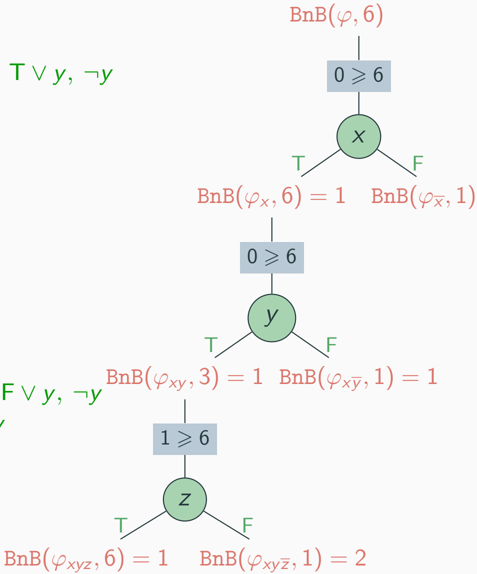
- $\varphi_x = \mathsf{T},\ \neg \mathsf{T} \vee y,\ z \vee \neg y,\ \mathsf{T} \vee z,\ \mathsf{T} \vee y,\ \neg y$
  $\texttt{simp}(\varphi_x) = y,\ z \vee \neg y,\ \neg y$
- $\varphi_{xy} = \mathsf{T},\ z \vee \neg \mathsf{T},\ \neg T$
  $\texttt{simp}(\varphi_{xy}) = z, \square$
- $\varphi_{xyz} = \mathsf{T},\ \square$
  $\texttt{simp}(\varphi_{xyz}) = \square$
- $\varphi_{xy\overline{z}} = \mathsf{F},\ \square$
  $\texttt{simp}(\varphi_{xy\overline{z}}) = \square,\ \square$
- $\varphi_{x\overline{y}} = \mathsf{F},\ z \vee \neg \mathsf{F},\ \neg \mathsf{F}$
  $\texttt{simp}(\varphi_{x\overline{y}}) = \square$
- $\varphi_{\overline{x}} = \mathsf{F},\ \neg \mathsf{F} \vee y,\ z \vee \neg y,\ \mathsf{F} \vee z,\ \mathsf{F} \vee y,\ \neg y$



Example

- $\varphi = x,\ \neg x \vee y,\ z \vee \neg y,\ x \vee z,\ x \vee y,\ \neg y$
- call $\texttt{BnB}(\varphi,\ 6)$
- $\texttt{simp}(\varphi) = \varphi$

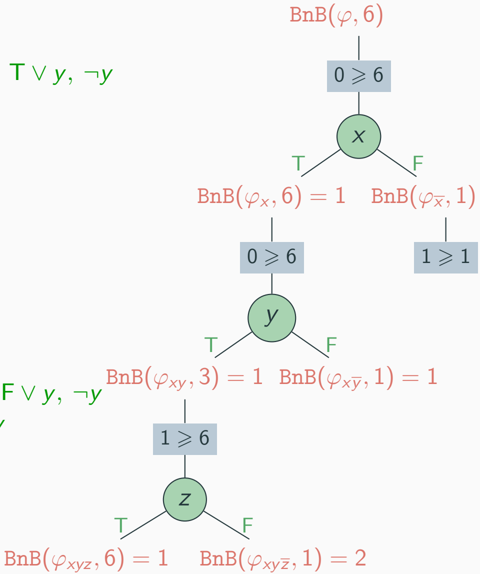
- $\varphi_x = \mathsf{T},\ \neg \mathsf{T} \vee y,\ z \vee \neg y,\ \mathsf{T} \vee z,\ \mathsf{T} \vee y,\ \neg y$
  $\texttt{simp}(\varphi_x) = y,\ z \vee \neg y,\ \neg y$
- $\varphi_{xy} = \mathsf{T},\ z \vee \neg \mathsf{T},\ \neg T$
  $\texttt{simp}(\varphi_{xy}) = z, \Box$
- $\varphi_{xyz} = \mathsf{T},\ \Box$
  $\texttt{simp}(\varphi_{xyz}) = \Box$
- $\varphi_{xy\overline{z}} = \mathsf{F},\ \Box$
  $\texttt{simp}(\varphi_{xy\overline{z}}) = \Box,\ \Box$
- $\varphi_{x\overline{y}} = \mathsf{F},\ z \vee \neg \mathsf{F},\ \neg \mathsf{F}$
  $\texttt{simp}(\varphi_{x\overline{y}}) = \Box$
- $\varphi_{\overline{x}} = \mathsf{F},\ \neg \mathsf{F} \vee y,\ z \vee \neg y,\ \mathsf{F} \vee z,\ \mathsf{F} \vee y,\ \neg y$
  $\texttt{simp}(\varphi_x) = \Box,\ z \vee \neg y,\ z,\ y,\ \neg y$



Example

- $\varphi = x,\ \neg x \lor y,\ z \lor \neg y,\ x \lor z,\ x \lor y,\ \neg y$
- call $\texttt{BnB}(\varphi,\ 6)$
- $\texttt{simp}(\varphi) = \varphi$

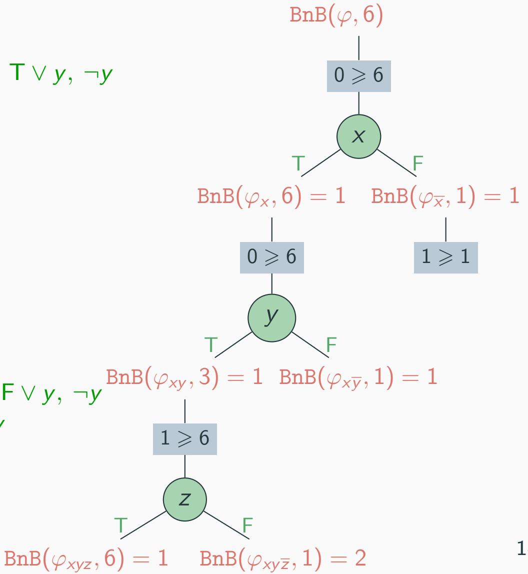
- $\varphi_x = \mathsf{T},\ \neg\mathsf{T} \lor y,\ z \lor \neg y,\ \mathsf{T} \lor z,\ \mathsf{T} \lor y,\ \neg y$
  $\texttt{simp}(\varphi_x) = y,\ z \lor \neg y,\ \neg y$
- $\varphi_{xy} = \mathsf{T},\ z \lor \neg\mathsf{T},\ \neg T$
  $\texttt{simp}(\varphi_{xy}) = z, \square$
- $\varphi_{xyz} = \mathsf{T},\ \square$
  $\texttt{simp}(\varphi_{xyz}) = \square$
- $\varphi_{xy\overline{z}} = \mathsf{F},\ \square$
  $\texttt{simp}(\varphi_{xy\overline{z}}) = \square,\ \square$
- $\varphi_{x\overline{y}} = \mathsf{F},\ z \lor \neg\mathsf{F},\ \neg\mathsf{F}$
  $\texttt{simp}(\varphi_{x\overline{y}}) = \square$
- $\varphi_{\overline{x}} = \mathsf{F},\ \neg\mathsf{F} \lor y,\ z \lor \neg y,\ \mathsf{F} \lor z,\ \mathsf{F} \lor y,\ \neg y$
  $\texttt{simp}(\varphi_x) = \square,\ z \lor \neg y,\ z,\ y,\ \neg y$



Example

- $\varphi = x,\ \neg x \vee y,\ z \vee \neg y,\ x \vee z,\ x \vee y,\ \neg y$
- call `BnB(`φ`, 6)`
- $\mathtt{simp}(\varphi) = \varphi$

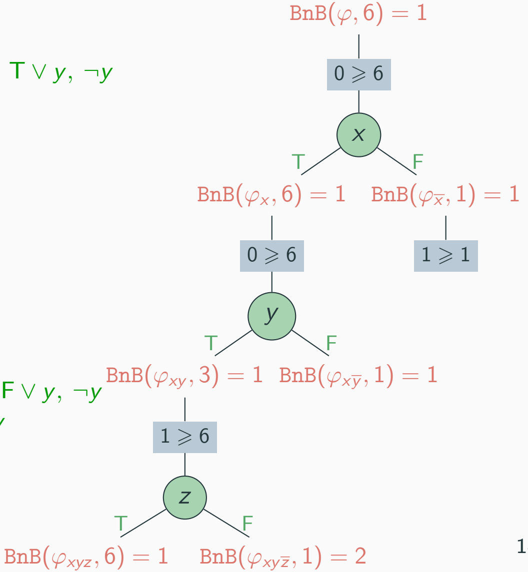
- $\varphi_x = \mathsf{T},\ \neg \mathsf{T} \vee y,\ z \vee \neg y,\ \mathsf{T} \vee z,\ \mathsf{T} \vee y,\ \neg y$
  $\mathtt{simp}(\varphi_x) = y,\ z \vee \neg y,\ \neg y$
- $\varphi_{xy} = \mathsf{T},\ z \vee \neg \mathsf{T},\ \neg T$
  $\mathtt{simp}(\varphi_{xy}) = z, \square$
- $\varphi_{xyz} = \mathsf{T},\ \square$
  $\mathtt{simp}(\varphi_{xyz}) = \square$
- $\varphi_{xy\overline{z}} = \mathsf{F},\ \square$
  $\mathtt{simp}(\varphi_{xy\overline{z}}) = \square,\ \square$
- $\varphi_{x\overline{y}} = \mathsf{F},\ z \vee \neg \mathsf{F},\ \neg \mathsf{F}$
  $\mathtt{simp}(\varphi_{x\overline{y}}) = \square$
- $\varphi_{\overline{x}} = \mathsf{F},\ \neg \mathsf{F} \vee y,\ z \vee \neg y,\ \mathsf{F} \vee z,\ \mathsf{F} \vee y,\ \neg y$
  $\mathtt{simp}(\varphi_x) = \square,\ z \vee \neg y,\ z,\ y,\ \neg y$



Example

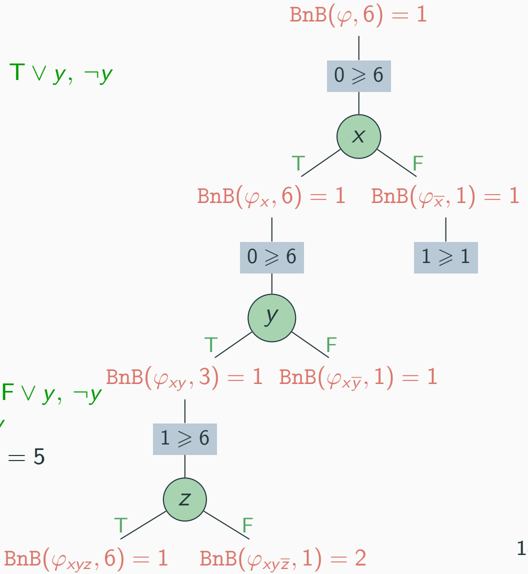
- $\varphi = x,\ \neg x \vee y,\ z \vee \neg y,\ x \vee z,\ x \vee y,\ \neg y$
- call $\texttt{BnB}(\varphi,\ 6)$
- $\texttt{simp}(\varphi) = \varphi$

- $\varphi_x = \mathsf{T},\ \neg \mathsf{T} \vee y,\ z \vee \neg y,\ \mathsf{T} \vee z,\ \mathsf{T} \vee y,\ \neg y$
  $\texttt{simp}(\varphi_x) = y,\ z \vee \neg y,\ \neg y$
- $\varphi_{xy} = \mathsf{T},\ z \vee \neg \mathsf{T},\ \neg T$
  $\texttt{simp}(\varphi_{xy}) = z, \Box$
- $\varphi_{xyz} = \mathsf{T},\ \Box$
  $\texttt{simp}(\varphi_{xyz}) = \Box$
- $\varphi_{xy\overline{z}} = \mathsf{F},\ \Box$
  $\texttt{simp}(\varphi_{xy\overline{z}}) = \Box,\ \Box$
- $\varphi_{x\overline{y}} = \mathsf{F},\ z \vee \neg \mathsf{F},\ \neg \mathsf{F}$
  $\texttt{simp}(\varphi_{x\overline{y}}) = \Box$
- $\varphi_{\overline{x}} = \mathsf{F},\ \neg \mathsf{F} \vee y,\ z \vee \neg y,\ \mathsf{F} \vee z,\ \mathsf{F} \vee y,\ \neg y$
  $\texttt{simp}(\varphi_x) = \Box,\ z \vee \neg y,\ z,\ y,\ \neg y$



Example

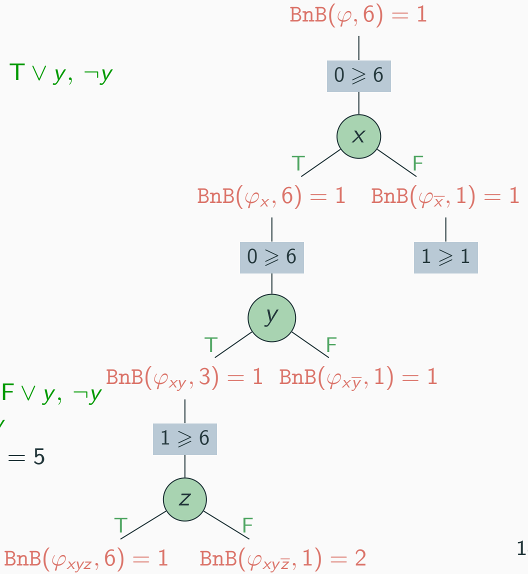
- $\varphi = x,\ \neg x \vee y,\ z \vee \neg y,\ x \vee z,\ x \vee y,\ \neg y$
- call `BnB(`φ`, 6)`
- $\mathtt{simp}(\varphi) = \varphi$
- $\varphi_x = \mathsf{T},\ \neg \mathsf{T} \vee y,\ z \vee \neg y,\ \mathsf{T} \vee z,\ \mathsf{T} \vee y,\ \neg y$
  $\mathtt{simp}(\varphi_x) = y,\ z \vee \neg y,\ \neg y$
- $\varphi_{xy} = \mathsf{T},\ z \vee \neg \mathsf{T},\ \neg T$
  $\mathtt{simp}(\varphi_{xy}) = z, \square$
- $\varphi_{xyz} = \mathsf{T},\ \square$
  $\mathtt{simp}(\varphi_{xyz}) = \square$
- $\varphi_{xy\overline{z}} = \mathsf{F},\ \square$
  $\mathtt{simp}(\varphi_{xy\overline{z}}) = \square,\ \square$
- $\varphi_{x\overline{y}} = \mathsf{F},\ z \vee \neg \mathsf{F},\ \neg \mathsf{F}$
  $\mathtt{simp}(\varphi_{x\overline{y}}) = \square$
- $\varphi_{\overline{x}} = \mathsf{F},\ \neg \mathsf{F} \vee y,\ z \vee \neg y,\ \mathsf{F} \vee z,\ \mathsf{F} \vee y,\ \neg y$
  $\mathtt{simp}(\varphi_x) = \square,\ z \vee \neg y,\ z,\ y,\ \neg y$
- $\mathsf{minUNSAT}(\varphi) = 1$, $\mathsf{maxSAT}(\varphi) = 5$



Example

- $\varphi = x,\ \neg x \vee y,\ z \vee \neg y,\ x \vee z,\ x \vee y,\ \neg y$
- call `BnB(`φ`, 6)`
- $\mathtt{simp}(\varphi) = \varphi$

- $\varphi_x = \mathsf{T},\ \neg \mathsf{T} \vee y,\ z \vee \neg y,\ \mathsf{T} \vee z,\ \mathsf{T} \vee y,\ \neg y$
  $\mathtt{simp}(\varphi_x) = y,\ z \vee \neg y,\ \neg y$
- $\varphi_{xy} = \mathsf{T},\ z \vee \neg \mathsf{T},\ \neg T$
  $\mathtt{simp}(\varphi_{xy}) = z, \Box$
- $\varphi_{xyz} = \mathsf{T},\ \Box$
  $\mathtt{simp}(\varphi_{xyz}) = \Box$
- $\varphi_{xy\overline{z}} = \mathsf{F},\ \Box$
  $\mathtt{simp}(\varphi_{xy\overline{z}}) = \Box,\ \Box$
- $\varphi_{x\overline{y}} = \mathsf{F},\ z \vee \neg \mathsf{F},\ \neg \mathsf{F}$
  $\mathtt{simp}(\varphi_{x\overline{y}}) = \Box$
- $\varphi_{\overline{x}} = \mathsf{F},\ \neg \mathsf{F} \vee y,\ z \vee \neg y,\ \mathsf{F} \vee z,\ \mathsf{F} \vee y,\ \neg y$
  $\mathtt{simp}(\varphi_x) = \Box,\ z \vee \neg y,\ z,\ y,\ \neg y$
- $\mathsf{minUNSAT}(\varphi) = 1$, $\mathsf{maxSAT}(\varphi) = 5$
- $v(x) = v(y) = v(z) = \mathsf{T}$



Algorithm (Branch & Bound, improved)

```
function BnB'(φ, UB)
  φ = simp(φ)
  if φ contains only empty clauses then
      return #empty(φ)
  LB = #empty(φ) + underapproximate(φ)
  if LB ⩾ UB then
      return UB
  x = selectVariable(φ)
  UB = min(UB, BnB'(φ_x, UB))
  return min(UB, BnB'(φ_x̄, UB))
```

Algorithm (Branch & Bound, improved)

```
function BnB'(φ, UB)
  φ = simp(φ)
  if φ contains only empty clauses then
      return #empty(φ)
  LB = #empty(φ) + underapproximate(φ)
  if LB ⩾ UB then
      return UB
  x = selectVariable(φ)
  UB = min(UB, BnB'(φ_x, UB))
  return min(UB, BnB'(φ_x̄, UB))
```

Underapproximation (Wallace and Freuder)

- $\mathrm{ic}(x)$ is number of unit clauses x in φ — inconsistency count

Algorithm (Branch & Bound, improved)

```
function BnB'(φ, UB)
  φ = simp(φ)
  if φ contains only empty clauses then
      return #empty(φ)
  LB = #empty(φ) + underapproximate(φ)
  if LB ⩾ UB then
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Theorem

BnB($\varphi, |\varphi|$) = BnB'($\varphi, |\varphi|$) = minUNSAT(φ)

Binary Search

Idea

- gets list of clauses φ as input and returns minUNSAT(φ)

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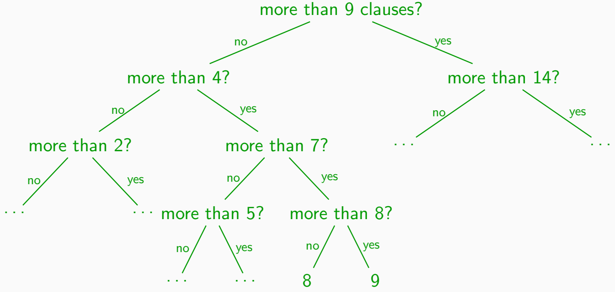
Example

Suppose given formula with 18 clauses. Can we satisfy ...



Cardinality Constraints

Definitions

- cardinality constraint has form $\sum_{x \in X} x \bowtie N$ where $\bowtie$ is $=$, $<$, $>$, $\leqslant$, or $\geqslant$, X is set of propositional variables and $N \in \mathbb{N}$

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Example

- $x + y + z = 1$
- $x_1 + x_2 + \cdots + x_8 \leqslant 3$

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- cardinality constraints are expressible in CNF

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  - enumerate all possible subsets $\mathcal{O}(2^{|X|})$

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- write $\texttt{CNF}(\sum_{x \in X} x \bowtie N)$ for CNF encoding
- cardinality constraints occur very frequently! (n-queens, Minesweeper, ...)

Example

- $x + y + z = 1$ satisfied by $v(x) = v(y) = \mathsf{F}$, $v(z) = \mathsf{T}$
- $x_1 + x_2 + \cdots + x_8 \leqslant 3$ satisfied by $v(x_1) = \cdots = v(x_8) = \mathsf{F}$

Algorithm (Binary Search)

```
function BinarySearch({C_1, ..., C_m})
  φ := {C_1 ∨ b_1, ..., C_m ∨ b_m}
  return search(φ,0,m)
```

```
function search(φ, L, U)
  if L ⩾ U then
    return U
  mid := ⌊(U+L)/2⌋
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```

Theorem

$\texttt{BinarySearch}(\varphi) = \text{minUNSAT}(\varphi)$

Example

$$\varphi = \{\ 6 \vee 2,\ \bar{6} \vee 2,\ \bar{2} \vee 1,\ \bar{1},\ \bar{6} \vee 8,\ 6 \vee \bar{8},\ 2 \vee 4,\ \bar{4} \vee 5,\ 7 \vee 5,\ \bar{7} \vee 5,\ \bar{3},\ \bar{5} \vee 3\ \}$$

Example

$$\varphi = \{\, 6 \vee 2 \vee b_1,\quad \overline{6} \vee 2 \vee b_2,\quad \overline{2} \vee 1 \vee b_3,\quad \overline{1} \vee b_4,\quad \overline{6} \vee 8 \vee b_5,$$
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$$\overline{3} \vee b_{11},\quad \overline{5} \vee 3 \vee b_{12} \,\}$$

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- $\mathtt{L} = 0$, $\mathtt{U} = 12$, $\mathtt{mid} = 6$ $\quad \mathtt{SAT}(\varphi \wedge \mathtt{CNF}(\sum_{i=1}^{m} b_i \leqslant 6))?$ ✓

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- $\texttt{L} = 0$, $\texttt{U} = 3$, $\texttt{mid} = 1$ $\texttt{SAT}(\varphi \wedge \texttt{CNF}(\sum_{i=1}^{m} b_i \leqslant 1))$? ✗

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- $\mathtt{L} = 0$, $\mathtt{U} = 3$, $\mathtt{mid} = 1$ $\mathtt{SAT}(\varphi \wedge \mathtt{CNF}(\sum_{i=1}^{m} b_i \leqslant 1))$? ✗
- $\mathtt{L} = 2$, $\mathtt{U} = 3$, $\mathtt{mid} = 2$ $\mathtt{SAT}(\varphi \wedge \mathtt{CNF}(\sum_{i=1}^{m} b_i \leqslant 2))$? ✓

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- L = 0, U = 12, mid = 6 $\texttt{SAT}(\varphi \wedge \texttt{CNF}(\sum_{i=1}^{m} b_i \leqslant 6))$?   ✓
- L = 0, U = 6, mid = 3 $\texttt{SAT}(\varphi \wedge \texttt{CNF}(\sum_{i=1}^{m} b_i \leqslant 3))$?   ✓
- L = 0, U = 3, mid = 1 $\texttt{SAT}(\varphi \wedge \texttt{CNF}(\sum_{i=1}^{m} b_i \leqslant 1))$?   ✗
- L = 2, U = 3, mid = 2 $\texttt{SAT}(\varphi \wedge \texttt{CNF}(\sum_{i=1}^{m} b_i \leqslant 2))$?   ✓
- L = 2, U = 2   return 2

Cardinality Constraints in Z3

```
from z3 import *

xs = [ Bool("x"+str(i)) for i in range (0,10)]
ys = [ Bool("y"+str(i)) for i in range (0,10)]

def sum(ps):
  return reduce(lambda s,x: s + If(x, 1, 0), ps, 0)

solver = Solver()
solver.add(sum(xs) == 5, sum(ys) > 3, sum(ys) <= 4)

if solver.check() == sat:
  model = solver.model()
  for i in range(0,10):
    print xs[i], "=", model[xs[i]], ys[i], "=", model[ys[i]]
```

Complexity

Definition

FP^{NP} is class of functions computable in polynomial time with access to NP oracle

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Remarks

- $\mathrm{FP}^{\mathrm{NP}}$ allows polynomial number of oracle calls (which is e.g. SAT solver)
- other members of $\mathrm{FP}^{\mathrm{NP}}$ are travelling salesperson and Knapsack

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