



Logic

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Outline

- 1. Summary of Previous Lecture**
- 2. Completeness**
- 3. Resolution**
- 4. Intermezzo**
- 5. Binary Decision Diagrams**
- 6. Further Reading**

Definitions

▶ sequent

$$\underbrace{\varphi_1, \varphi_2, \dots, \varphi_n}_{\text{premises}} \vdash \underbrace{\psi}_{\text{conclusion}}$$

with propositional formulas $\varphi_1, \varphi_2, \dots, \varphi_n, \psi$

- ▶ sequent $\varphi_1, \varphi_2, \dots, \varphi_n \vdash \psi$ is **valid** if ψ can be proved from premises $\varphi_1, \varphi_2, \dots, \varphi_n$ using **proof rules** of natural deduction
- ▶ **theorem** is formula φ such that sequent $\vdash \varphi$ is valid

Theorem

- ▶ natural deduction is **sound**: $\varphi_1, \varphi_2, \dots, \varphi_n \vdash \psi$ is valid $\implies \varphi_1, \varphi_2, \dots, \varphi_n \vDash \psi$
- ▶ proof rules MT, $\neg\neg$ i, PBC and LEM are **derivable** from basic proof rules
- ▶ proof rules LEM, PBC and $\neg\neg$ e are **inter-derivable** (with respect to other basic proof rules)

Proof Rules of Natural Deduction ①

introduction

elimination

\wedge

$$\frac{\varphi \quad \psi}{\varphi \wedge \psi} \wedge i$$

$$\frac{\varphi \wedge \psi}{\varphi} \wedge e_1 \quad \frac{\varphi \wedge \psi}{\psi} \wedge e_2$$

\vee

$$\frac{\varphi}{\varphi \vee \psi} \vee i_1 \quad \frac{\psi}{\varphi \vee \psi} \vee i_2$$

$$\frac{\varphi \vee \psi \quad \begin{array}{|c|} \hline \varphi \\ \vdots \\ \chi \\ \hline \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{|c|} \hline \psi \\ \vdots \\ \chi \\ \hline \end{array}}{\chi} \vee e$$

\rightarrow

$$\frac{\begin{array}{|c|} \hline \varphi \\ \vdots \\ \psi \\ \hline \end{array}}{\varphi \rightarrow \psi} \rightarrow i$$

$$\frac{\varphi \rightarrow \psi \quad \varphi}{\psi} \rightarrow e$$

Proof Rules of Natural Deduction ②

introduction

elimination

\perp	$\frac{\boxed{\begin{array}{c} \varphi \\ \vdots \\ \perp \end{array}}}{\neg\varphi} \neg i$	$\frac{\perp}{\varphi} \perp e$
\neg		$\frac{\varphi \quad \neg\varphi}{\perp} \neg e$
\top	$\frac{}{\top} \top i$	
$\neg\neg$	$\frac{\boxed{\begin{array}{c} \neg\varphi \\ \vdots \\ \perp \end{array}}}{\varphi} \text{PBC}$	$\frac{\neg\neg\varphi}{\varphi} \neg\neg e$

derived proof rules

$$\frac{\varphi \rightarrow \psi \quad \neg\psi}{\neg\varphi} \text{MT}$$

$$\frac{\boxed{\begin{array}{c} \neg\varphi \\ \vdots \\ \perp \end{array}}}{\varphi} \text{PBC}$$

$$\frac{\varphi}{\neg\neg\varphi} \neg\neg i$$

$$\frac{}{\varphi \vee \neg\varphi} \text{LEM}$$

Example

$((p \rightarrow q) \rightarrow p) \rightarrow p$ is valid:

1

$(p \rightarrow q) \rightarrow p$

assumption

10

p

11

$((p \rightarrow q) \rightarrow p) \rightarrow p \rightarrow i 1-10$

Example

$((p \rightarrow q) \rightarrow p) \rightarrow p$ is valid:

1	$(p \rightarrow q) \rightarrow p$	assumption
2	$p \vee \neg p$	LEM

10	p	
11	$((p \rightarrow q) \rightarrow p) \rightarrow p$	$\rightarrow i$ 1-10

Example

$((p \rightarrow q) \rightarrow p) \rightarrow p$ is valid:

1	$(p \rightarrow q) \rightarrow p$	assumption
2	$p \vee \neg p$	LEM
3	p	assumption
4	$\neg p$	assumption

10	p	$\vee e$ 2, 3-3, 4-9
11	$((p \rightarrow q) \rightarrow p) \rightarrow p$	$\rightarrow i$ 1-10

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$((p \rightarrow q) \rightarrow p) \rightarrow p$ is valid:

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6	\perp	$\neg e$ 5, 4
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8	$p \rightarrow q$	\rightarrow i 5-7
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9	p	$\rightarrow e$ 1, 8
10	p	$\vee e$ 2, 3-3, 4-9
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Part I: Propositional Logic

algebraic normal forms, binary decision diagrams, conjunctive normal forms, DPLL, Horn formulas, natural deduction, Post's adequacy theorem, resolution, SAT, semantics, sorting networks, soundness and completeness, syntax, Tseitin's transformation

Part II: Predicate Logic

natural deduction, quantifier equivalences, resolution, semantics, Skolemization, syntax, undecidability, unification

Part III: Model Checking

adequacy, branching-time temporal logic, CTL*, fairness, linear-time temporal logic, model checking algorithms, symbolic model checking

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Theorem

natural deduction is **complete**:

$$\varphi_1, \varphi_2, \dots, \varphi_n \models \psi \quad \Longrightarrow \quad \varphi_1, \varphi_2, \dots, \varphi_n \vdash \psi \text{ is valid}$$

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all true statements can be proved

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Proof structure

① $\varphi_1, \varphi_2, \dots, \varphi_n \models \psi$

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Proof structure

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② $\models \varphi_1 \rightarrow (\varphi_2 \rightarrow (\dots (\varphi_n \rightarrow \psi) \dots))$

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① \Longrightarrow ② **easy**

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all true statements can be proved

Proof structure

- ① $\varphi_1, \varphi_2, \dots, \varphi_n \models \psi$ assumption
- ② $\models \varphi_1 \rightarrow (\varphi_2 \rightarrow (\dots (\varphi_n \rightarrow \psi) \dots))$ ① \implies ② easy
- ③ $\vdash \varphi_1 \rightarrow (\varphi_2 \rightarrow (\dots (\varphi_n \rightarrow \psi) \dots))$ is valid

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Proof structure

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| ① $\varphi_1, \varphi_2, \dots, \varphi_n \models \psi$ | | assumption |
| ② $\models \varphi_1 \rightarrow (\varphi_2 \rightarrow (\dots (\varphi_n \rightarrow \psi) \dots))$ | ① \Longrightarrow ② | easy |
| ③ $\vdash \varphi_1 \rightarrow (\varphi_2 \rightarrow (\dots (\varphi_n \rightarrow \psi) \dots))$ is valid | ② \Longrightarrow ③ | difficult |

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Proof structure

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- ② $\models \varphi_1 \rightarrow (\varphi_2 \rightarrow (\dots (\varphi_n \rightarrow \psi) \dots))$ ① \Longrightarrow ② easy
- ③ $\vdash \varphi_1 \rightarrow (\varphi_2 \rightarrow (\dots (\varphi_n \rightarrow \psi) \dots))$ is valid ② \Longrightarrow ③ difficult
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| ④ $\varphi_1, \varphi_2, \dots, \varphi_n \vdash \psi$ is valid | ③ \Longrightarrow ④ | easy |

$$\varphi_1, \varphi_2, \dots, \varphi_n \vDash \psi \implies \vDash \varphi_1 \rightarrow (\varphi_2 \rightarrow (\dots (\varphi_n \rightarrow \psi) \dots))$$

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Proof

► suppose $\vDash \varphi_1 \rightarrow (\varphi_2 \rightarrow (\dots (\varphi_n \rightarrow \psi) \dots))$ does not hold

$$\varphi_1, \varphi_2, \dots, \varphi_n \vDash \psi \implies \vDash \varphi_1 \rightarrow (\varphi_2 \rightarrow (\dots (\varphi_n \rightarrow \psi) \dots))$$

Proof

- ▶ suppose $\vDash \varphi_1 \rightarrow (\varphi_2 \rightarrow (\dots (\varphi_n \rightarrow \psi) \dots))$ does not hold
- ▶ $\bar{v}(\varphi_1) = \dots = \bar{v}(\varphi_n) = \text{T}$ and $\bar{v}(\psi) = \text{F}$ for some valuation v

$$\varphi_1, \varphi_2, \dots, \varphi_n \vDash \psi \implies \vDash \varphi_1 \rightarrow (\varphi_2 \rightarrow (\dots (\varphi_n \rightarrow \psi) \dots))$$

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- ▶ $\bar{v}(\varphi_1) = \dots = \bar{v}(\varphi_n) = \text{T}$ and $\bar{v}(\psi) = \text{F}$ for some valuation v
- ▶ $\varphi_1, \varphi_2, \dots, \varphi_n \vDash \psi$ does not hold

$\vdash \varphi_1 \rightarrow (\varphi_2 \rightarrow (\dots (\varphi_n \rightarrow \psi) \dots))$ is valid $\implies \varphi_1, \varphi_2, \dots, \varphi_n \vdash \psi$ is valid

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Proof

► Π : proof of validity of $\vdash \varphi_1 \rightarrow (\varphi_2 \rightarrow (\dots (\varphi_n \rightarrow \psi) \dots))$

$\vdash \varphi_1 \rightarrow (\varphi_2 \rightarrow (\dots (\varphi_n \rightarrow \psi) \dots))$ is valid $\implies \varphi_1, \varphi_2, \dots, \varphi_n \vdash \psi$ is valid

Proof

- ▶ Π : proof of validity of $\vdash \varphi_1 \rightarrow (\varphi_2 \rightarrow (\dots (\varphi_n \rightarrow \psi) \dots))$
- ▶ proof of validity of $\varphi_1, \varphi_2, \dots, \varphi_n \vdash \psi$:

$\varphi_1 \varphi_2 \dots \varphi_n$

premises

$\vdash \varphi_1 \rightarrow (\varphi_2 \rightarrow (\dots (\varphi_n \rightarrow \psi) \dots))$ is valid $\implies \varphi_1, \varphi_2, \dots, \varphi_n \vdash \psi$ is valid

Proof

- ▶ \sqcap : proof of validity of $\vdash \varphi_1 \rightarrow (\varphi_2 \rightarrow (\dots (\varphi_n \rightarrow \psi) \dots))$
- ▶ proof of validity of $\varphi_1, \varphi_2, \dots, \varphi_n \vdash \psi$:

$\varphi_1 \varphi_2 \dots \varphi_n$

premises

\sqcap

$\varphi_1 \rightarrow (\varphi_2 \rightarrow (\dots (\varphi_n \rightarrow \psi) \dots))$

$\vdash \varphi_1 \rightarrow (\varphi_2 \rightarrow (\dots (\varphi_n \rightarrow \psi) \dots))$ is valid $\implies \varphi_1, \varphi_2, \dots, \varphi_n \vdash \psi$ is valid

Proof

- ▶ \sqcap : proof of validity of $\vdash \varphi_1 \rightarrow (\varphi_2 \rightarrow (\dots (\varphi_n \rightarrow \psi) \dots))$
- ▶ proof of validity of $\varphi_1, \varphi_2, \dots, \varphi_n \vdash \psi$:

$\varphi_1 \varphi_2 \dots \varphi_n$

premises

\sqcap

$\varphi_1 \rightarrow (\varphi_2 \rightarrow (\dots (\varphi_n \rightarrow \psi) \dots))$

$\varphi_2 \rightarrow (\dots (\varphi_n \rightarrow \psi) \dots)$

$\rightarrow e$

$\vdash \varphi_1 \rightarrow (\varphi_2 \rightarrow (\dots (\varphi_n \rightarrow \psi) \dots))$ is valid $\implies \varphi_1, \varphi_2, \dots, \varphi_n \vdash \psi$ is valid

Proof

- ▶ Π : proof of validity of $\vdash \varphi_1 \rightarrow (\varphi_2 \rightarrow (\dots (\varphi_n \rightarrow \psi) \dots))$
- ▶ proof of validity of $\varphi_1, \varphi_2, \dots, \varphi_n \vdash \psi$:

$\varphi_1 \varphi_2 \dots \varphi_n$	premises
Π	
$\varphi_1 \rightarrow (\varphi_2 \rightarrow (\dots (\varphi_n \rightarrow \psi) \dots))$	
$\varphi_2 \rightarrow (\dots (\varphi_n \rightarrow \psi) \dots)$	$\rightarrow e$
\vdots	\vdots
ψ	$\rightarrow e$

$\models \varphi \implies \vdash \varphi$ is valid

$\models \varphi \implies \vdash \varphi$ is valid

Definition

valuation v , formula φ

$$\langle \varphi \rangle^v = \begin{cases} \varphi & \text{if } \bar{v}(\varphi) = T \\ \neg\varphi & \text{if } \bar{v}(\varphi) = F \end{cases}$$

$\models \varphi \implies \vdash \varphi$ is valid

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Main Lemma

p_1, \dots, p_n are all atoms in $\varphi \implies \langle p_1 \rangle^v, \dots, \langle p_n \rangle^v \vdash \langle \varphi \rangle^v$ is valid

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every line in truth table corresponds to valid sequent

Main Lemma

p_1, \dots, p_n are all atoms in $\varphi \implies \langle p_1 \rangle^v, \dots, \langle p_n \rangle^v \vdash \langle \varphi \rangle^v$ is valid

Example

formula $\varphi = \neg p \vee q$

valuation	p	q
v_1	T	T

Main Lemma

p_1, \dots, p_n are all atoms in $\varphi \implies \langle p_1 \rangle^v, \dots, \langle p_n \rangle^v \vdash \langle \varphi \rangle^v$ is valid

Example

formula $\varphi = \neg p \vee q$

valuation	p	q	sequent
v_1	T	T	$p, q \vdash \neg p \vee q$

Main Lemma

p_1, \dots, p_n are all atoms in $\varphi \implies \langle p_1 \rangle^v, \dots, \langle p_n \rangle^v \vdash \langle \varphi \rangle^v$ is valid

Example

formula $\varphi = \neg p \vee q$

valuation	p	q	sequent
v_1	T	T	$p, q \vdash \neg p \vee q$
v_2	T	F	$p, \neg q \vdash \neg(\neg p \vee q)$

Main Lemma

p_1, \dots, p_n are all atoms in $\varphi \implies \langle p_1 \rangle^v, \dots, \langle p_n \rangle^v \vdash \langle \varphi \rangle^v$ is valid

Example

formula $\varphi = \neg p \vee q$

valuation	p	q	sequent
v_1	T	T	$p, q \vdash \neg p \vee q$
v_2	T	F	$p, \neg q \vdash \neg(\neg p \vee q)$
v_3	F	T	$\neg p, q \vdash \neg p \vee q$

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Example

formula $\varphi = \neg p \vee q$

valuation	p	q	sequent
v_1	T	T	$p, q \vdash \neg p \vee q$
v_2	T	F	$p, \neg q \vdash \neg(\neg p \vee q)$
v_3	F	T	$\neg p, q \vdash \neg p \vee q$
v_4	F	F	$\neg p, \neg q \vdash \neg p \vee q$

Main Lemma

p_1, \dots, p_n are all atoms in $\varphi \implies \langle p_1 \rangle^v, \dots, \langle p_n \rangle^v \vdash \langle \varphi \rangle^v$ is valid

Proof

induction on structure of φ

Example

formula $\varphi = \neg p \vee q$

valuation	p	q	sequent
v_1	T	T	$p, q \vdash \neg p \vee q$
v_2	T	F	$p, \neg q \vdash \neg(\neg p \vee q)$
v_3	F	T	$\neg p, q \vdash \neg p \vee q$
v_4	F	F	$\neg p, \neg q \vdash \neg p \vee q$

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p_1, \dots, p_n are all atoms in $\varphi \implies \langle p_1 \rangle^v, \dots, \langle p_n \rangle^v \vdash \langle \varphi \rangle^v$ is valid

Proof (cont'd on subsequent slides)

induction on structure of φ

Example

formula $\varphi = \neg p \vee q$

valuation	p	q	sequent
v_1	T	T	$p, q \vdash \neg p \vee q$
v_2	T	F	$p, \neg q \vdash \neg(\neg p \vee q)$
v_3	F	T	$\neg p, q \vdash \neg p \vee q$
v_4	F	F	$\neg p, \neg q \vdash \neg p \vee q$

Base Case

$$\varphi = p$$

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► $v(p) = \text{T}$: $\langle p \rangle^v = \langle \varphi \rangle^v = p$ $p \vdash p$ is valid

Base Case

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► $v(p) = \text{T}$: $\langle p \rangle^v = \langle \varphi \rangle^v = p$ $p \vdash p$ is valid

► $v(p) = \text{F}$: $\langle p \rangle^v = \langle \varphi \rangle^v = \neg p$ $\neg p \vdash \neg p$ is valid

Base Cases

$$\varphi = p$$

$$\blacktriangleright v(p) = T: \quad \langle p \rangle^v = \langle \varphi \rangle^v = p \quad p \vdash p \quad \text{is valid}$$

$$\blacktriangleright v(p) = F: \quad \langle p \rangle^v = \langle \varphi \rangle^v = \neg p \quad \neg p \vdash \neg p \quad \text{is valid}$$

$$\varphi = \top \quad \vdash \top \quad \text{is valid}$$

Base Cases

$$\varphi = p$$

$$\blacktriangleright v(p) = \text{T}: \quad \langle p \rangle^v = \langle \varphi \rangle^v = p \quad p \vdash p \quad \text{is valid}$$

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$$\varphi = \text{T} \quad \vdash \text{T} \quad \text{is valid}$$

$$\varphi = \perp \quad \vdash \neg \perp \quad \text{is valid}$$

Base Cases

$$\varphi = p$$

$$\triangleright v(p) = T: \quad \langle p \rangle^v = \langle \varphi \rangle^v = p \quad p \vdash p \quad \text{is valid}$$

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$$\varphi = \top \quad \vdash \top \quad \text{is valid}$$

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Induction Step (4 cases)

$$\text{case 1: } \varphi = \neg \psi$$

Base Cases

$$\varphi = p$$

$$\blacktriangleright v(p) = T: \quad \langle p \rangle^v = \langle \varphi \rangle^v = p \quad p \vdash p \quad \text{is valid}$$

$$\blacktriangleright v(p) = F: \quad \langle p \rangle^v = \langle \varphi \rangle^v = \neg p \quad \neg p \vdash \neg p \quad \text{is valid}$$

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Induction Step (4 cases)

$$\text{case 1: } \varphi = \neg \psi$$

$$\text{induction hypothesis: } \langle p_1 \rangle^v, \dots, \langle p_n \rangle^v \vdash \langle \psi \rangle^v \text{ is valid} \quad \text{— } \square$$

Base Cases

$$\varphi = p$$

$$\blacktriangleright v(p) = T: \quad \langle p \rangle^v = \langle \varphi \rangle^v = p \quad p \vdash p \quad \text{is valid}$$

$$\blacktriangleright v(p) = F: \quad \langle p \rangle^v = \langle \varphi \rangle^v = \neg p \quad \neg p \vdash \neg p \quad \text{is valid}$$

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Induction Step (4 cases)

$$\text{case 1: } \varphi = \neg \psi$$

$$\text{induction hypothesis: } \langle p_1 \rangle^v, \dots, \langle p_n \rangle^v \vdash \langle \psi \rangle^v \text{ is valid} \quad \text{— } \square$$

$$\blacktriangleright \bar{v}(\varphi) = T: \quad \langle \varphi \rangle^v = \varphi = \neg \psi = \langle \psi \rangle^v$$

Base Cases

$$\varphi = p$$

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$$\triangleright v(p) = F: \quad \langle p \rangle^v = \langle \varphi \rangle^v = \neg p \quad \neg p \vdash \neg p \quad \text{is valid}$$

$$\varphi = \top \quad \vdash \top \quad \text{is valid}$$

$$\varphi = \perp \quad \vdash \neg \perp \quad \text{is valid}$$

Induction Step (4 cases)

$$\text{case 1: } \varphi = \neg \psi$$

$$\text{induction hypothesis: } \langle p_1 \rangle^v, \dots, \langle p_n \rangle^v \vdash \langle \psi \rangle^v \text{ is valid} \quad \text{— } \square$$

$$\triangleright \bar{v}(\varphi) = T: \quad \langle \varphi \rangle^v = \varphi = \neg \psi = \langle \psi \rangle^v$$

$$\triangleright \bar{v}(\varphi) = F: \quad \langle \varphi \rangle^v = \neg \varphi = \neg \neg \psi \text{ and } \langle \psi \rangle^v = \psi$$

extend \square with $\neg \neg$ i to get proof of $\langle p_1 \rangle^v, \dots, \langle p_n \rangle^v \vdash \langle \varphi \rangle^v$

Induction Step (4 cases)

case 2: $\varphi = \psi_1 \wedge \psi_2$

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► q_1, \dots, q_l : all atoms in ψ_1 r_1, \dots, r_k : all atoms in ψ_2

Induction Step (4 cases)

case 2: $\varphi = \psi_1 \wedge \psi_2$

- ▶ q_1, \dots, q_l : all atoms in ψ_1 r_1, \dots, r_k : all atoms in ψ_2
- ▶ induction hypothesis: $\langle q_1 \rangle^v, \dots, \langle q_l \rangle^v \vdash \langle \psi_1 \rangle^v$ and $\langle r_1 \rangle^v, \dots, \langle r_k \rangle^v \vdash \langle \psi_2 \rangle^v$ are valid

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- ▶ $\langle p_1 \rangle^v, \dots, \langle p_n \rangle^v \vdash \langle \psi_1 \rangle^v \wedge \langle \psi_2 \rangle^v$ is valid (using $\wedge i$) — \square

Induction Step (4 cases)

case 2: $\varphi = \psi_1 \wedge \psi_2$

- ▶ q_1, \dots, q_l : all atoms in ψ_1 r_1, \dots, r_k : all atoms in ψ_2
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- ▶ $\langle p_1 \rangle^v, \dots, \langle p_n \rangle^v \vdash \langle \psi_1 \rangle^v \wedge \langle \psi_2 \rangle^v$ is valid (using \wedge i) — \square
- ▶ to prove: $\langle \psi_1 \rangle^v \wedge \langle \psi_2 \rangle^v \vdash \langle \varphi \rangle^v$ is valid

Induction Step (4 cases)

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- ▶ $\langle p_1 \rangle^v, \dots, \langle p_n \rangle^v \vdash \langle \psi_1 \rangle^v \wedge \langle \psi_2 \rangle^v$ is valid (using \wedge i) — \square
- ▶ to prove: $\langle \psi_1 \rangle^v \wedge \langle \psi_2 \rangle^v \vdash \langle \varphi \rangle^v$ is valid

$\bar{v}(\psi_1)$	$\bar{v}(\psi_2)$	$\langle \psi_1 \rangle^v \wedge \langle \psi_2 \rangle^v$	$\langle \varphi \rangle^v$
T	T	$\psi_1 \wedge \psi_2$	$\psi_1 \wedge \psi_2$
T	F	$\psi_1 \wedge \neg \psi_2$	$\neg(\psi_1 \wedge \psi_2)$
F	T	$\neg \psi_1 \wedge \psi_2$	$\neg(\psi_1 \wedge \psi_2)$
F	F	$\neg \psi_1 \wedge \neg \psi_2$	$\neg(\psi_1 \wedge \psi_2)$

Induction Step (4 cases)

case 2: $\varphi = \psi_1 \wedge \psi_2$

- ▶ q_1, \dots, q_l : all atoms in ψ_1 r_1, \dots, r_k : all atoms in ψ_2
- ▶ induction hypothesis: $\langle p_1 \rangle^v, \dots, \langle p_n \rangle^v \vdash \langle \psi_1 \rangle^v$ and $\langle p_1 \rangle^v, \dots, \langle p_n \rangle^v \vdash \langle \psi_2 \rangle^v$ are valid
- ▶ $\langle p_1 \rangle^v, \dots, \langle p_n \rangle^v \vdash \langle \psi_1 \rangle^v \wedge \langle \psi_2 \rangle^v$ is valid (using \wedge i) — \square
- ▶ to prove: $\langle \psi_1 \rangle^v \wedge \langle \psi_2 \rangle^v \vdash \langle \varphi \rangle^v$ is valid — \square'

$\bar{v}(\psi_1)$	$\bar{v}(\psi_2)$	$\langle \psi_1 \rangle^v \wedge \langle \psi_2 \rangle^v$	$\langle \varphi \rangle^v$
T	T	$\psi_1 \wedge \psi_2$	$\psi_1 \wedge \psi_2$
T	F	$\psi_1 \wedge \neg \psi_2$	$\neg(\psi_1 \wedge \psi_2)$
F	T	$\neg \psi_1 \wedge \psi_2$	$\neg(\psi_1 \wedge \psi_2)$
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- ▶ $\langle p_1 \rangle^v, \dots, \langle p_n \rangle^v \vdash \langle \psi_1 \rangle^v \wedge \langle \psi_2 \rangle^v$ is valid (using \wedge i) — \square
- ▶ to prove: $\langle \psi_1 \rangle^v \wedge \langle \psi_2 \rangle^v \vdash \langle \varphi \rangle^v$ is valid — \square'

$\bar{v}(\psi_1)$	$\bar{v}(\psi_2)$	$\langle \psi_1 \rangle^v \wedge \langle \psi_2 \rangle^v$	$\langle \varphi \rangle^v$
T	T	$\psi_1 \wedge \psi_2$	$\psi_1 \wedge \psi_2$
T	F	$\psi_1 \wedge \neg \psi_2$	$\neg(\psi_1 \wedge \psi_2)$
F	T	$\neg \psi_1 \wedge \psi_2$	$\neg(\psi_1 \wedge \psi_2)$
F	F	$\neg \psi_1 \wedge \neg \psi_2$	$\neg(\psi_1 \wedge \psi_2)$

- ▶ combining \square and \square' yields validity of $\langle p_1 \rangle^v, \dots, \langle p_n \rangle^v \vdash \langle \varphi \rangle^v$

Induction Step (4 cases)

case 3: $\varphi = \psi_1 \vee \psi_2$

- ▶ q_1, \dots, q_l : all atoms in ψ_1 r_1, \dots, r_k : all atoms in ψ_2
- ▶ induction hypothesis: $\langle p_1 \rangle^v, \dots, \langle p_n \rangle^v \vdash \langle \psi_1 \rangle^v$ and $\langle p_1 \rangle^v, \dots, \langle p_n \rangle^v \vdash \langle \psi_2 \rangle^v$ are valid
- ▶ $\langle p_1 \rangle^v, \dots, \langle p_n \rangle^v \vdash \langle \psi_1 \rangle^v \wedge \langle \psi_2 \rangle^v$ is valid (using \wedge i) — \square
- ▶ to prove: $\langle \psi_1 \rangle^v \wedge \langle \psi_2 \rangle^v \vdash \langle \varphi \rangle^v$ is valid — \square'

$\bar{v}(\psi_1)$	$\bar{v}(\psi_2)$	$\langle \psi_1 \rangle^v \wedge \langle \psi_2 \rangle^v$	$\langle \varphi \rangle^v$
T	T	$\psi_1 \wedge \psi_2$	
T	F	$\psi_1 \wedge \neg \psi_2$	
F	T	$\neg \psi_1 \wedge \psi_2$	
F	F	$\neg \psi_1 \wedge \neg \psi_2$	

Induction Step (4 cases)

case 3: $\varphi = \psi_1 \vee \psi_2$

- ▶ q_1, \dots, q_l : all atoms in ψ_1 r_1, \dots, r_k : all atoms in ψ_2
- ▶ induction hypothesis: $\langle p_1 \rangle^v, \dots, \langle p_n \rangle^v \vdash \langle \psi_1 \rangle^v$ and $\langle p_1 \rangle^v, \dots, \langle p_n \rangle^v \vdash \langle \psi_2 \rangle^v$ are valid
- ▶ $\langle p_1 \rangle^v, \dots, \langle p_n \rangle^v \vdash \langle \psi_1 \rangle^v \wedge \langle \psi_2 \rangle^v$ is valid (using \wedge i) — \square
- ▶ to prove: $\langle \psi_1 \rangle^v \wedge \langle \psi_2 \rangle^v \vdash \langle \varphi \rangle^v$ is valid — \square'

$\bar{v}(\psi_1)$	$\bar{v}(\psi_2)$	$\langle \psi_1 \rangle^v \wedge \langle \psi_2 \rangle^v$	$\langle \varphi \rangle^v$
T	T	$\psi_1 \wedge \psi_2$	$\psi_1 \vee \psi_2$
T	F	$\psi_1 \wedge \neg \psi_2$	$\psi_1 \vee \psi_2$
F	T	$\neg \psi_1 \wedge \psi_2$	$\psi_1 \vee \psi_2$
F	F	$\neg \psi_1 \wedge \neg \psi_2$	$\neg(\psi_1 \vee \psi_2)$

Induction Step (4 cases)

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- ▶ q_1, \dots, q_l : all atoms in ψ_1 r_1, \dots, r_k : all atoms in ψ_2
- ▶ induction hypothesis: $\langle p_1 \rangle^v, \dots, \langle p_n \rangle^v \vdash \langle \psi_1 \rangle^v$ and $\langle p_1 \rangle^v, \dots, \langle p_n \rangle^v \vdash \langle \psi_2 \rangle^v$ are valid
- ▶ $\langle p_1 \rangle^v, \dots, \langle p_n \rangle^v \vdash \langle \psi_1 \rangle^v \wedge \langle \psi_2 \rangle^v$ is valid (using \wedge i) — \square
- ▶ to prove: $\langle \psi_1 \rangle^v \wedge \langle \psi_2 \rangle^v \vdash \langle \varphi \rangle^v$ is valid — \square'

$\bar{v}(\psi_1)$	$\bar{v}(\psi_2)$	$\langle \psi_1 \rangle^v \wedge \langle \psi_2 \rangle^v$	$\langle \varphi \rangle^v$
T	T	$\psi_1 \wedge \psi_2$	$\psi_1 \vee \psi_2$
T	F	$\psi_1 \wedge \neg \psi_2$	$\psi_1 \vee \psi_2$
F	T	$\neg \psi_1 \wedge \psi_2$	$\psi_1 \vee \psi_2$
F	F	$\neg \psi_1 \wedge \neg \psi_2$	$\neg(\psi_1 \vee \psi_2)$

- ▶ combining \square and \square' yields validity of $\langle p_1 \rangle^v, \dots, \langle p_n \rangle^v \vdash \langle \varphi \rangle^v$

Induction Step (4 cases)

case 4: $\varphi = \psi_1 \rightarrow \psi_2$

- ▶ q_1, \dots, q_l : all atoms in ψ_1 r_1, \dots, r_k : all atoms in ψ_2
- ▶ induction hypothesis: $\langle p_1 \rangle^v, \dots, \langle p_n \rangle^v \vdash \langle \psi_1 \rangle^v$ and $\langle p_1 \rangle^v, \dots, \langle p_n \rangle^v \vdash \langle \psi_2 \rangle^v$ are valid
- ▶ $\langle p_1 \rangle^v, \dots, \langle p_n \rangle^v \vdash \langle \psi_1 \rangle^v \wedge \langle \psi_2 \rangle^v$ is valid (using \wedge i) — \square
- ▶ to prove: $\langle \psi_1 \rangle^v \wedge \langle \psi_2 \rangle^v \vdash \langle \varphi \rangle^v$ is valid — \square'

$\bar{v}(\psi_1)$	$\bar{v}(\psi_2)$	$\langle \psi_1 \rangle^v \wedge \langle \psi_2 \rangle^v$	$\langle \varphi \rangle^v$
T	T	$\psi_1 \wedge \psi_2$	
T	F	$\psi_1 \wedge \neg \psi_2$	
F	T	$\neg \psi_1 \wedge \psi_2$	
F	F	$\neg \psi_1 \wedge \neg \psi_2$	

Induction Step (4 cases)

case 4: $\varphi = \psi_1 \rightarrow \psi_2$

- ▶ q_1, \dots, q_l : all atoms in ψ_1 r_1, \dots, r_k : all atoms in ψ_2
- ▶ induction hypothesis: $\langle p_1 \rangle^v, \dots, \langle p_n \rangle^v \vdash \langle \psi_1 \rangle^v$ and $\langle p_1 \rangle^v, \dots, \langle p_n \rangle^v \vdash \langle \psi_2 \rangle^v$ are valid
- ▶ $\langle p_1 \rangle^v, \dots, \langle p_n \rangle^v \vdash \langle \psi_1 \rangle^v \wedge \langle \psi_2 \rangle^v$ is valid (using \wedge i) — \square
- ▶ to prove: $\langle \psi_1 \rangle^v \wedge \langle \psi_2 \rangle^v \vdash \langle \varphi \rangle^v$ is valid — \square'

$\bar{v}(\psi_1)$	$\bar{v}(\psi_2)$	$\langle \psi_1 \rangle^v \wedge \langle \psi_2 \rangle^v$	$\langle \varphi \rangle^v$
T	T	$\psi_1 \wedge \psi_2$	$\psi_1 \rightarrow \psi_2$
T	F	$\psi_1 \wedge \neg \psi_2$	$\neg(\psi_1 \rightarrow \psi_2)$
F	T	$\neg \psi_1 \wedge \psi_2$	$\psi_1 \rightarrow \psi_2$
F	F	$\neg \psi_1 \wedge \neg \psi_2$	$\psi_1 \rightarrow \psi_2$

Induction Step (4 cases)

case 4: $\varphi = \psi_1 \rightarrow \psi_2$

- ▶ q_1, \dots, q_l : all atoms in ψ_1 r_1, \dots, r_k : all atoms in ψ_2
- ▶ induction hypothesis: $\langle p_1 \rangle^v, \dots, \langle p_n \rangle^v \vdash \langle \psi_1 \rangle^v$ and $\langle p_1 \rangle^v, \dots, \langle p_n \rangle^v \vdash \langle \psi_2 \rangle^v$ are valid
- ▶ $\langle p_1 \rangle^v, \dots, \langle p_n \rangle^v \vdash \langle \psi_1 \rangle^v \wedge \langle \psi_2 \rangle^v$ is valid (using \wedge i) — \square
- ▶ to prove: $\langle \psi_1 \rangle^v \wedge \langle \psi_2 \rangle^v \vdash \langle \varphi \rangle^v$ is valid — \square'

$\bar{v}(\psi_1)$	$\bar{v}(\psi_2)$	$\langle \psi_1 \rangle^v \wedge \langle \psi_2 \rangle^v$	$\langle \varphi \rangle^v$
T	T	$\psi_1 \wedge \psi_2$	$\psi_1 \rightarrow \psi_2$
T	F	$\psi_1 \wedge \neg \psi_2$	$\neg(\psi_1 \rightarrow \psi_2)$
F	T	$\neg \psi_1 \wedge \psi_2$	$\psi_1 \rightarrow \psi_2$
F	F	$\neg \psi_1 \wedge \neg \psi_2$	$\psi_1 \rightarrow \psi_2$

- ▶ combining \square and \square' yields validity of $\langle p_1 \rangle^v, \dots, \langle p_n \rangle^v \vdash \langle \varphi \rangle^v$

Theorem

$\models \varphi \implies \vdash \varphi$ is valid

Proof

suppose $\models \varphi$

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▶ for every valuation v $\langle \varphi \rangle^v = \varphi$

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Proof

suppose $\models \varphi$

- ▶ for every valuation v $\langle \varphi \rangle^v = \varphi$
- ▶ for every valuation v $\langle p_1 \rangle^v, \dots, \langle p_n \rangle^v \vdash \varphi$ is valid sequent

Theorem

$\models \varphi \implies \vdash \varphi$ is valid

Proof

suppose $\models \varphi$

- ▶ for every valuation v $\langle \varphi \rangle^v = \varphi$
- ▶ for every valuation v $\langle p_1 \rangle^v, \dots, \langle p_n \rangle^v \vdash \varphi$ is valid sequent
- ▶ combine all proofs of these sequents into proof of validity of

$\vdash \varphi$

by $2^n - 1$ applications of LEM and $\forall e$

Example

$\vdash p \wedge q \rightarrow q$ is valid

Example

$\vdash p \wedge q \rightarrow q$ is valid

valuation	p	q
v_1	T	T

Example

$\vdash p \wedge q \rightarrow q$ is valid

valuation	p	q	sequent
v_1	T	T	$p, q \vdash p \wedge q \rightarrow q$

Example

$\vdash p \wedge q \rightarrow q$ is valid

valuation	p	q	sequent	proof
v_1	T	T	$p, q \vdash p \wedge q \rightarrow q$	Π_1

Example

$\vdash p \wedge q \rightarrow q$ is valid

valuation	p	q	sequent	proof
v_1	T	T	$p, q \vdash p \wedge q \rightarrow q$	Π_1
v_2	T	F	$p, \neg q \vdash p \wedge q \rightarrow q$	Π_2

Example

$\vdash p \wedge q \rightarrow q$ is valid

valuation	p	q	sequent	proof
v_1	T	T	$p, q \vdash p \wedge q \rightarrow q$	Π_1
v_2	T	F	$p, \neg q \vdash p \wedge q \rightarrow q$	Π_2
v_3	F	T	$\neg p, q \vdash p \wedge q \rightarrow q$	Π_3

Example

$\vdash p \wedge q \rightarrow q$ is valid

valuation	p	q	sequent	proof
v_1	T	T	$p, q \vdash p \wedge q \rightarrow q$	Π_1
v_2	T	F	$p, \neg q \vdash p \wedge q \rightarrow q$	Π_2
v_3	F	T	$\neg p, q \vdash p \wedge q \rightarrow q$	Π_3
v_4	F	F	$\neg p, \neg q \vdash p \wedge q \rightarrow q$	Π_4

Example

$\vdash p \wedge q \rightarrow q$ is valid

valuation	p	q	sequent	proof
v_1	T	T	$p, q \vdash p \wedge q \rightarrow q$	Π_1
v_2	T	F	$p, \neg q \vdash p \wedge q \rightarrow q$	Π_2
v_3	F	T	$\neg p, q \vdash p \wedge q \rightarrow q$	Π_3
v_4	F	F	$\neg p, \neg q \vdash p \wedge q \rightarrow q$	Π_4

$p \vee \neg p$ LEM

p	assumption
$q \vee \neg q$	LEM
q	ass
$\dots \Pi_1 \dots$	
$p \wedge q \rightarrow q$	
$p \wedge q \rightarrow q$	$\vee e$
$p \wedge q \rightarrow q$	$\vee e$

$\neg q$	ass
$\dots \Pi_2 \dots$	
$p \wedge q \rightarrow q$	

$\neg p$ assumption

$q \vee \neg q$ LEM

q	ass
$\dots \Pi_3 \dots$	
$p \wedge q \rightarrow q$	
$p \wedge q \rightarrow q$	$\vee e$

$\neg q$	ass
$\dots \Pi_4 \dots$	
$p \wedge q \rightarrow q$	

Natural Deduction Tool

by Andreas Schnabl (2005)

Outline

1. Summary of Previous Lecture
2. Completeness
- 3. Resolution**
4. Intermezzo
5. Binary Decision Diagrams
6. Further Reading

Definitions

- ▶ **clause** is set of literals $\{l_1, \dots, l_n\}$ representing formula

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} (l_1 \vee \dots \vee l_n) \text{ if } n \geq 1 \\ \end{array} \right.$$

Definitions

- ▶ **clause** is set of literals $\{l_1, \dots, l_n\}$ representing formula

$$\begin{cases} (l_1 \vee \dots \vee l_n) & \text{if } n \geq 1 \\ \perp & \text{if } n = 0 \end{cases}$$

Definitions

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- ▶ \square denotes **empty clause** \emptyset

Definitions

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$$\begin{cases} (l_1 \vee \dots \vee l_n) & \text{if } n \geq 1 \\ \perp & \text{if } n = 0 \end{cases}$$

- ▶ \square denotes empty clause \emptyset
- ▶ **clausal form** is set of clauses $\{C_1, \dots, C_m\}$ representing formula

$$\begin{cases} C_1 \wedge \dots \wedge C_m & \text{if } m \geq 1 \\ \top & \text{if } m = 0 \end{cases}$$

Definitions

- ▶ clause is set of literals $\{\ell_1, \dots, \ell_n\}$ representing formula

$$\begin{cases} (\ell_1 \vee \dots \vee \ell_n) & \text{if } n \geq 1 \\ \perp & \text{if } n = 0 \end{cases}$$

- ▶ \square denotes empty clause \emptyset
- ▶ clausal form is set of clauses $\{C_1, \dots, C_m\}$ representing formula

$$\begin{cases} C_1 \wedge \dots \wedge C_m & \text{if } m \geq 1 \\ \top & \text{if } m = 0 \end{cases}$$

Remark

every CNF can be written in clausal form

Example

CNF

clausal form

$$(\neg p) \wedge (\neg q \vee \neg p) \wedge (\neg p \vee \neg r)$$

Example

CNF

$$(\neg p) \wedge (\neg q \vee \neg p) \wedge (\neg p \vee \neg r)$$

clausal form

$$\{\{\neg p\}, \{\neg q, \neg p\}, \{\neg p, \neg r\}\}$$

Example

CNF

clausal form

$$\begin{aligned} & (\neg p) \wedge (\neg q \vee \neg p) \wedge (\neg p \vee \neg r) & \{ \{ \neg p \}, \{ \neg q, \neg p \}, \{ \neg p, \neg r \} \} \\ & (\neg p \vee q) \wedge (q \vee \neg r) \wedge (p \vee q \vee \neg r) \end{aligned}$$

Example

CNF

clausal form

$$(\neg p) \wedge (\neg q \vee \neg p) \wedge (\neg p \vee \neg r) \quad \{\{\neg p\}, \{\neg q, \neg p\}, \{\neg p, \neg r\}\}$$

$$(\neg p \vee q) \wedge (q \vee \neg r) \wedge (p \vee q \vee \neg r) \quad \{\{\neg p, q\}, \{q, \neg r\}, \{p, q, \neg r\}\}$$

Example

CNF

clausal form

$$(\neg p) \wedge (\neg q \vee \neg p) \wedge (\neg p \vee \neg r) \quad \{\{\neg p\}, \{\neg q, \neg p\}, \{\neg p, \neg r\}\}$$

$$(\neg p \vee q) \wedge (q \vee \neg r) \wedge (p \vee q \vee \neg r) \quad \{\{\neg p, q\}, \{q, \neg r\}, \{p, q, \neg r\}\}$$

$$(\neg p \vee \neg p) \wedge (q \vee r) \wedge (r \vee q)$$

Example

CNF

clausal form

$$(\neg p) \wedge (\neg q \vee \neg p) \wedge (\neg p \vee \neg r) \quad \{\{\neg p\}, \{\neg q, \neg p\}, \{\neg p, \neg r\}\}$$

$$(\neg p \vee q) \wedge (q \vee \neg r) \wedge (p \vee q \vee \neg r) \quad \{\{\neg p, q\}, \{q, \neg r\}, \{p, q, \neg r\}\}$$

$$(\neg p \vee \neg p) \wedge (q \vee r) \wedge (r \vee q) \quad \{\{\neg p\}, \{q, r\}\}$$

Example

CNF

clausal form

$$(\neg p) \wedge (\neg q \vee \neg p) \wedge (\neg p \vee \neg r) \quad \{\{\neg p\}, \{\neg q, \neg p\}, \{\neg p, \neg r\}\}$$

$$(\neg p \vee q) \wedge (q \vee \neg r) \wedge (p \vee q \vee \neg r) \quad \{\{\neg p, q\}, \{q, \neg r\}, \{p, q, \neg r\}\}$$

$$(\neg p \vee \neg p) \wedge (q \vee r) \wedge (r \vee q) \quad \{\{\neg p\}, \{q, r\}\}$$

Definition

literals l_1 and l_2 are **complementary** if $\underbrace{l_1 = \neg l_2 \text{ or } \neg l_1 = l_2}_{l_1 = l_2^c}$

Example

CNF

clausal form

$(\neg p) \wedge (\neg q \vee \neg p) \wedge (\neg p \vee \neg r)$	$\{\{\neg p\}, \{\neg q, \neg p\}, \{\neg p, \neg r\}\}$
$(\neg p \vee q) \wedge (q \vee \neg r) \wedge (p \vee q \vee \neg r)$	$\{\{\neg p, q\}, \{q, \neg r\}, \{p, q, \neg r\}\}$
$(\neg p \vee \neg p) \wedge (q \vee r) \wedge (r \vee q)$	$\{\{\neg p\}, \{q, r\}\}$

Definition

literals l_1 and l_2 are complementary if $\underbrace{l_1 = \neg l_2 \text{ or } \neg l_1 = l_2}_{l_1 = l_2^c}$

Notation

if l is literal then $l^c = \begin{cases} \neg p & \text{if } l = p \\ p & \text{if } l = \neg p \end{cases}$

Definition

- ▶ clauses C_1 and C_2 **clash** on literal l if $l \in C_1$ and $l^c \in C_2$

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Resolution

input: clausal form S

output: yes if S is satisfiable

no if S is unsatisfiable

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Theorem

resolution is **terminating**

Definition

refutation of S is resolution derivation of \square from S

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resolution is sound and complete

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Theorem

resolution is sound and complete:

S admits refutation \iff clausal form S is unsatisfiable

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S admits refutation \iff clausal form S is unsatisfiable

Definition

- ▶ resolvent of clauses C_1 and C_2 clashing on literal l is clause $(C_1 \setminus \{l\}) \cup (C_2 \setminus \{l^c\})$
- ▶ special case (**unit resolution**): $C_1 = \{l\}$ with resolvent $C_2 \setminus \{l^c\}$

Example 1

$$(\neg p \vee \neg q \vee r) \wedge (p \vee r) \wedge (q \vee r) \wedge \neg r$$

$$1 \quad \{\neg p, \neg q, r\}$$

$$2 \quad \{p, r\}$$

$$3 \quad \{q, r\}$$

$$4 \quad \{\neg r\}$$

Example 1

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2 $\{p, r\}$

3 $\{q, r\}$

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5 $\{\neg q, r\}$ resolve 1, 2, p

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6 $\{r\}$ resolve 3, 5, q

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3 $\{q, r\}$

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6 $\{r\}$ resolve 3, 5, q

7 \square resolve 4, 6, r

unsatisfiable

Example 2

$$p \wedge (p \rightarrow ((q \vee r) \wedge \neg(q \wedge r))) \wedge (p \rightarrow ((s \vee t) \wedge \neg(s \wedge t))) \wedge (s \rightarrow q) \wedge (\neg r \rightarrow t) \wedge (t \rightarrow s)$$

1 $\{p\}$

2 $\{\neg p, q, r\}$

3 $\{\neg p, \neg q, \neg r\}$

4 $\{\neg p, s, t\}$

5 $\{\neg p, \neg s, \neg t\}$

6 $\{\neg s, q\}$

7 $\{r, t\}$

8 $\{\neg t, s\}$

Example 2

$$p \wedge (p \rightarrow ((q \vee r) \wedge \neg(q \wedge r))) \wedge (p \rightarrow ((s \vee t) \wedge \neg(s \wedge t))) \wedge (s \rightarrow q) \wedge (\neg r \rightarrow t) \wedge (t \rightarrow s)$$

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3 $\{\neg p, \neg q, \neg r\}$

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5 $\{\neg p, \neg s, \neg t\}$

6 $\{\neg s, q\}$

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8 $\{\neg t, s\}$

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resolve 1, 3, p

Example 2

$$p \wedge (p \rightarrow ((q \vee r) \wedge \neg(q \wedge r))) \wedge (p \rightarrow ((s \vee t) \wedge \neg(s \wedge t))) \wedge (s \rightarrow q) \wedge (\neg r \rightarrow t) \wedge (t \rightarrow s)$$

1 { p }

2 { $\neg p, q, r$ }

3 { $\neg p, \neg q, \neg r$ }

4 { $\neg p, s, t$ }

5 { $\neg p, \neg s, \neg t$ }

6 { $\neg s, q$ }

7 { r, t }

8 { $\neg t, s$ }

9 { $\neg q, \neg r$ }

resolve 1, 3, p

Example 2

$$p \wedge (p \rightarrow ((q \vee r) \wedge \neg(q \wedge r))) \wedge (p \rightarrow ((s \vee t) \wedge \neg(s \wedge t))) \wedge (s \rightarrow q) \wedge (\neg r \rightarrow t) \wedge (t \rightarrow s)$$

1 { p }

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3 { $\neg p, \neg q, \neg r$ }

4 { $\neg p, s, t$ }

5 { $\neg p, \neg s, \neg t$ }

6 { $\neg s, q$ }

7 { r, t }

8 { $\neg t, s$ }

9 { $\neg q, \neg r$ }

resolve 1, 3, p

10 { s, t }

resolve 1, 4, p

Example 2

$$p \wedge (p \rightarrow ((q \vee r) \wedge \neg(q \wedge r))) \wedge (p \rightarrow ((s \vee t) \wedge \neg(s \wedge t))) \wedge (s \rightarrow q) \wedge (\neg r \rightarrow t) \wedge (t \rightarrow s)$$

1 { p }

2 { $\neg p, q, r$ }

3 { $\neg p, \neg q, \neg r$ }

4 { $\neg p, s, t$ }

5 { $\neg p, \neg s, \neg t$ }

6 { $\neg s, q$ }

7 { r, t }

8 { $\neg t, s$ }

9 { $\neg q, \neg r$ }

resolve 1, 3, p

10 { s, t }

resolve 1, 4, p

Example 2

$$p \wedge (p \rightarrow ((q \vee r) \wedge \neg(q \wedge r))) \wedge (p \rightarrow ((s \vee t) \wedge \neg(s \wedge t))) \wedge (s \rightarrow q) \wedge (\neg r \rightarrow t) \wedge (t \rightarrow s)$$

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3 { $\neg p, \neg q, \neg r$ }

4 { $\neg p, s, t$ }

5 { $\neg p, \neg s, \neg t$ }

6 { $\neg s, q$ }

7 { r, t }

8 { $\neg t, s$ }

9 { $\neg q, \neg r$ } resolve 1, 3, p

10 { s, t } resolve 1, 4, p

11 { $\neg s, \neg t$ } resolve 1, 5, p

Example 2

$$p \wedge (p \rightarrow ((q \vee r) \wedge \neg(q \wedge r))) \wedge (p \rightarrow ((s \vee t) \wedge \neg(s \wedge t))) \wedge (s \rightarrow q) \wedge (\neg r \rightarrow t) \wedge (t \rightarrow s)$$

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2 $\{\neg p, q, r\}$

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4 $\{\neg p, s, t\}$

5 $\{\neg p, \neg s, \neg t\}$

6 $\{\neg s, q\}$

7 $\{r, t\}$

8 $\{\neg t, s\}$

9 $\{\neg q, \neg r\}$ resolve 1, 3, p

10 $\{s, t\}$ resolve 1, 4, p

11 $\{\neg s, \neg t\}$ resolve 1, 5, p

Example 2

$$p \wedge (p \rightarrow ((q \vee r) \wedge \neg(q \wedge r))) \wedge (p \rightarrow ((s \vee t) \wedge \neg(s \wedge t))) \wedge (s \rightarrow q) \wedge (\neg r \rightarrow t) \wedge (t \rightarrow s)$$

- | | | | | |
|---|------------------------------|----|----------------------|-------------------|
| 1 | $\{p\}$ | 10 | $\{s, t\}$ | resolve 1, 4, p |
| 2 | $\{\neg p, q, r\}$ | 11 | $\{\neg s, \neg t\}$ | resolve 1, 5, p |
| 3 | $\{\neg p, \neg q, \neg r\}$ | 12 | $\{\neg s, \neg r\}$ | resolve 6, 9, q |
| 4 | $\{\neg p, s, t\}$ | | | |
| 5 | $\{\neg p, \neg s, \neg t\}$ | | | |
| 6 | $\{\neg s, q\}$ | | | |
| 7 | $\{r, t\}$ | | | |
| 8 | $\{\neg t, s\}$ | | | |
| 9 | $\{\neg q, \neg r\}$ | | | resolve 1, 3, p |

Example 2

$$p \wedge (p \rightarrow ((q \vee r) \wedge \neg(q \wedge r))) \wedge (p \rightarrow ((s \vee t) \wedge \neg(s \wedge t))) \wedge (s \rightarrow q) \wedge (\neg r \rightarrow t) \wedge (t \rightarrow s)$$

1 $\{p\}$

2 $\{\neg p, q, r\}$

3 $\{\neg p, \neg q, \neg r\}$

4 $\{\neg p, s, t\}$

5 $\{\neg p, \neg s, \neg t\}$

6 $\{\neg s, q\}$

7 $\{r, t\}$

8 $\{\neg t, s\}$

9 $\{\neg q, \neg r\}$

resolve 1, 3, p

10 $\{s, t\}$

resolve 1, 4, p

11 $\{\neg s, \neg t\}$

resolve 1, 5, p

12 $\{\neg s, \neg r\}$

resolve 6, 9, q

Example 2

$$p \wedge (p \rightarrow ((q \vee r) \wedge \neg(q \wedge r))) \wedge (p \rightarrow ((s \vee t) \wedge \neg(s \wedge t))) \wedge (s \rightarrow q) \wedge (\neg r \rightarrow t) \wedge (t \rightarrow s)$$

1 $\{p\}$

2 $\{\neg p, q, r\}$

3 $\{\neg p, \neg q, \neg r\}$

4 $\{\neg p, s, t\}$

5 $\{\neg p, \neg s, \neg t\}$

6 $\{\neg s, q\}$

7 $\{r, t\}$

8 $\{\neg t, s\}$

9 $\{\neg q, \neg r\}$ resolve 1, 3, p

10 $\{s, t\}$ resolve 1, 4, p

11 $\{\neg s, \neg t\}$ resolve 1, 5, p

12 $\{\neg s, \neg r\}$ resolve 6, 9, q

13 $\{s\}$ resolve 8, 10, t

Example 2

$$p \wedge (p \rightarrow ((q \vee r) \wedge \neg(q \wedge r))) \wedge (p \rightarrow ((s \vee t) \wedge \neg(s \wedge t))) \wedge (s \rightarrow q) \wedge (\neg r \rightarrow t) \wedge (t \rightarrow s)$$

1 $\{p\}$

2 $\{\neg p, q, r\}$

3 $\{\neg p, \neg q, \neg r\}$

4 $\{\neg p, s, t\}$

5 $\{\neg p, \neg s, \neg t\}$

6 $\{\neg s, q\}$

7 $\{r, t\}$

8 $\{\neg t, s\}$

9 $\{\neg q, \neg r\}$

resolve 1, 3, p

10 $\{s, t\}$

resolve 1, 4, p

11 $\{\neg s, \neg t\}$

resolve 1, 5, p

12 $\{\neg s, \neg r\}$

resolve 6, 9, q

13 $\{s\}$

resolve 8, 10, t

Example 2

$$p \wedge (p \rightarrow ((q \vee r) \wedge \neg(q \wedge r))) \wedge (p \rightarrow ((s \vee t) \wedge \neg(s \wedge t))) \wedge (s \rightarrow q) \wedge (\neg r \rightarrow t) \wedge (t \rightarrow s)$$

1 $\{p\}$

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3 $\{\neg p, \neg q, \neg r\}$

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5 $\{\neg p, \neg s, \neg t\}$

6 $\{\neg s, q\}$

7 $\{r, t\}$

8 $\{\neg t, s\}$

9 $\{\neg q, \neg r\}$

resolve 1, 3, p

10 $\{s, t\}$

resolve 1, 4, p

11 $\{\neg s, \neg t\}$

resolve 1, 5, p

12 $\{\neg s, \neg r\}$

resolve 6, 9, q

13 $\{s\}$

resolve 8, 10, t

14 $\{\neg t\}$

resolve 11, 13, s

Example 2

$$p \wedge (p \rightarrow ((q \vee r) \wedge \neg(q \wedge r))) \wedge (p \rightarrow ((s \vee t) \wedge \neg(s \wedge t))) \wedge (s \rightarrow q) \wedge (\neg r \rightarrow t) \wedge (t \rightarrow s)$$

1 $\{p\}$

2 $\{\neg p, q, r\}$

3 $\{\neg p, \neg q, \neg r\}$

4 $\{\neg p, s, t\}$

5 $\{\neg p, \neg s, \neg t\}$

6 $\{\neg s, q\}$

7 $\{r, t\}$

8 $\{\neg t, s\}$

9 $\{\neg q, \neg r\}$ resolve 1, 3, p

10 $\{s, t\}$ resolve 1, 4, p

11 $\{\neg s, \neg t\}$ resolve 1, 5, p

12 $\{\neg s, \neg r\}$ resolve 6, 9, q

13 $\{s\}$ resolve 8, 10, t

14 $\{\neg t\}$ resolve 11, 13, s

Example 2

$$p \wedge (p \rightarrow ((q \vee r) \wedge \neg(q \wedge r))) \wedge (p \rightarrow ((s \vee t) \wedge \neg(s \wedge t))) \wedge (s \rightarrow q) \wedge (\neg r \rightarrow t) \wedge (t \rightarrow s)$$

1 $\{p\}$

2 $\{\neg p, q, r\}$

3 $\{\neg p, \neg q, \neg r\}$

4 $\{\neg p, s, t\}$

5 $\{\neg p, \neg s, \neg t\}$

6 $\{\neg s, q\}$

7 $\{r, t\}$

8 $\{\neg t, s\}$

9 $\{\neg q, \neg r\}$

resolve 1, 3, p

10 $\{s, t\}$

resolve 1, 4, p

11 $\{\neg s, \neg t\}$

resolve 1, 5, p

12 $\{\neg s, \neg r\}$

resolve 6, 9, q

13 $\{s\}$

resolve 8, 10, t

14 $\{\neg t\}$

resolve 11, 13, s

15 $\{r\}$

resolve 7, 14, t

Example 2

$$p \wedge (p \rightarrow ((q \vee r) \wedge \neg(q \wedge r))) \wedge (p \rightarrow ((s \vee t) \wedge \neg(s \wedge t))) \wedge (s \rightarrow q) \wedge (\neg r \rightarrow t) \wedge (t \rightarrow s)$$

1 $\{p\}$

2 $\{\neg p, q, r\}$

3 $\{\neg p, \neg q, \neg r\}$

4 $\{\neg p, s, t\}$

5 $\{\neg p, \neg s, \neg t\}$

6 $\{\neg s, q\}$

7 $\{r, t\}$

8 $\{\neg t, s\}$

9 $\{\neg q, \neg r\}$

resolve 1, 3, p

10 $\{s, t\}$

resolve 1, 4, p

11 $\{\neg s, \neg t\}$

resolve 1, 5, p

12 $\{\neg s, \neg r\}$

resolve 6, 9, q

13 $\{s\}$

resolve 8, 10, t

14 $\{\neg t\}$

resolve 11, 13, s

15 $\{r\}$

resolve 7, 14, t

Example 2

$$p \wedge (p \rightarrow ((q \vee r) \wedge \neg(q \wedge r))) \wedge (p \rightarrow ((s \vee t) \wedge \neg(s \wedge t))) \wedge (s \rightarrow q) \wedge (\neg r \rightarrow t) \wedge (t \rightarrow s)$$

1 $\{p\}$

2 $\{\neg p, q, r\}$

3 $\{\neg p, \neg q, \neg r\}$

4 $\{\neg p, s, t\}$

5 $\{\neg p, \neg s, \neg t\}$

6 $\{\neg s, q\}$

7 $\{r, t\}$

8 $\{\neg t, s\}$

9 $\{\neg q, \neg r\}$

resolve 1, 3, p

10 $\{s, t\}$

resolve 1, 4, p

11 $\{\neg s, \neg t\}$

resolve 1, 5, p

12 $\{\neg s, \neg r\}$

resolve 6, 9, q

13 $\{s\}$

resolve 8, 10, t

14 $\{\neg t\}$

resolve 11, 13, s

15 $\{r\}$

resolve 7, 14, t

16 $\{\neg r\}$

resolve 12, 13, s

Example 2

$$p \wedge (p \rightarrow ((q \vee r) \wedge \neg(q \wedge r))) \wedge (p \rightarrow ((s \vee t) \wedge \neg(s \wedge t))) \wedge (s \rightarrow q) \wedge (\neg r \rightarrow t) \wedge (t \rightarrow s)$$

1 $\{p\}$

2 $\{\neg p, q, r\}$

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7 $\{r, t\}$

8 $\{\neg t, s\}$

9 $\{\neg q, \neg r\}$

resolve 1, 3, p

10 $\{s, t\}$

resolve 1, 4, p

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resolve 1, 5, p

12 $\{\neg s, \neg r\}$

resolve 6, 9, q

13 $\{s\}$

resolve 8, 10, t

14 $\{\neg t\}$

resolve 11, 13, s

15 $\{r\}$

resolve 7, 14, t

16 $\{\neg r\}$

resolve 12, 13, s

Example 2

$$p \wedge (p \rightarrow ((q \vee r) \wedge \neg(q \wedge r))) \wedge (p \rightarrow ((s \vee t) \wedge \neg(s \wedge t))) \wedge (s \rightarrow q) \wedge (\neg r \rightarrow t) \wedge (t \rightarrow s)$$

1	$\{p\}$	10	$\{s, t\}$	resolve 1, 4, p
2	$\{\neg p, q, r\}$	11	$\{\neg s, \neg t\}$	resolve 1, 5, p
3	$\{\neg p, \neg q, \neg r\}$	12	$\{\neg s, \neg r\}$	resolve 6, 9, q
4	$\{\neg p, s, t\}$	13	$\{s\}$	resolve 8, 10, t
5	$\{\neg p, \neg s, \neg t\}$	14	$\{\neg t\}$	resolve 11, 13, s
6	$\{\neg s, q\}$	15	$\{r\}$	resolve 7, 14, t
7	$\{r, t\}$	16	$\{\neg r\}$	resolve 12, 13, s
8	$\{\neg t, s\}$	17	\square	resolve 15, 16, r
9	$\{\neg q, \neg r\}$			resolve 1, 3, p

Example 2

$$p \wedge (p \rightarrow ((q \vee r) \wedge \neg(q \wedge r))) \wedge (p \rightarrow ((s \vee t) \wedge \neg(s \wedge t))) \wedge (s \rightarrow q) \wedge (\neg r \rightarrow t) \wedge (t \rightarrow s)$$

1	{ p }			
2	{ $\neg p, q, r$ }			
3	{ $\neg p, \neg q, \neg r$ }			
4	{ $\neg p, s, t$ }			
5	{ $\neg p, \neg s, \neg t$ }			
6	{ $\neg s, q$ }			
7	{ r, t }			
8	{ $\neg t, s$ }			
9	{ $\neg q, \neg r$ }	resolve 1, 3, p		
10	{ s, t }	resolve 1, 4, p		
11	{ $\neg s, \neg t$ }	resolve 1, 5, p		
12	{ $\neg s, \neg r$ }	resolve 6, 9, q		
13	{ s }	resolve 8, 10, t		
14	{ $\neg t$ }	resolve 11, 13, s		
15	{ r }	resolve 7, 14, t		
16	{ $\neg r$ }	resolve 12, 13, s		
17	\square	resolve 15, 16, r		

unsatisfiable

Example ③

$$(p \vee q) \wedge (\neg p \vee \neg r) \wedge (\neg q \vee s) \wedge (p \vee \neg r) \wedge (r \vee \neg s)$$

1 $\{p, q\}$

2 $\{\neg p, \neg r\}$

3 $\{\neg q, s\}$

4 $\{p, \neg r\}$

5 $\{r, \neg s\}$

Example 3

$$(p \vee q) \wedge (\neg p \vee \neg r) \wedge (\neg q \vee s) \wedge (p \vee \neg r) \wedge (r \vee \neg s)$$

1 $\{p, q\}$

2 $\{\neg p, \neg r\}$

3 $\{\neg q, s\}$

4 $\{p, \neg r\}$

5 $\{r, \neg s\}$

6 $\{q, \neg r\}$ resolve 1, 2, p

Example 3

$$(p \vee q) \wedge (\neg p \vee \neg r) \wedge (\neg q \vee s) \wedge (p \vee \neg r) \wedge (r \vee \neg s)$$

1 $\{p, q\}$

2 $\{\neg p, \neg r\}$

3 $\{\neg q, s\}$

4 $\{p, \neg r\}$

5 $\{r, \neg s\}$

6 $\{q, \neg r\}$ resolve 1, 2, p

7 $\{p, s\}$ resolve 1, 3, q

Example 3

$$(p \vee q) \wedge (\neg p \vee \neg r) \wedge (\neg q \vee s) \wedge (p \vee \neg r) \wedge (r \vee \neg s)$$

1 $\{p, q\}$

2 $\{\neg p, \neg r\}$

3 $\{\neg q, s\}$

4 $\{p, \neg r\}$

5 $\{r, \neg s\}$

6 $\{q, \neg r\}$ resolve 1, 2, p

7 $\{p, s\}$ resolve 1, 3, q

8 $\{\neg r\}$ resolve 2, 4, p

Example 3

$$(p \vee q) \wedge (\neg p \vee \neg r) \wedge (\neg q \vee s) \wedge (p \vee \neg r) \wedge (r \vee \neg s)$$

1 $\{p, q\}$

2 $\{\neg p, \neg r\}$

3 $\{\neg q, s\}$

4 $\{p, \neg r\}$

5 $\{r, \neg s\}$

6 $\{q, \neg r\}$ resolve 1, 2, p

7 $\{p, s\}$ resolve 1, 3, q

8 $\{\neg r\}$ resolve 2, 4, p

9 $\{\neg p, \neg s\}$ resolve 2, 5, r

Example 3

$$(p \vee q) \wedge (\neg p \vee \neg r) \wedge (\neg q \vee s) \wedge (p \vee \neg r) \wedge (r \vee \neg s)$$

1 $\{p, q\}$

2 $\{\neg p, \neg r\}$

3 $\{\neg q, s\}$

4 $\{p, \neg r\}$

5 $\{r, \neg s\}$

6 $\{q, \neg r\}$ resolve 1, 2, p

7 $\{p, s\}$ resolve 1, 3, q

8 $\{\neg r\}$ resolve 2, 4, p

9 $\{\neg p, \neg s\}$ resolve 2, 5, r

10 $\{\neg r, s\}$ resolve 2, 7, p

Example 3

$$(p \vee q) \wedge (\neg p \vee \neg r) \wedge (\neg q \vee s) \wedge (p \vee \neg r) \wedge (r \vee \neg s)$$

1 $\{p, q\}$

2 $\{\neg p, \neg r\}$

3 $\{\neg q, s\}$

4 $\{p, \neg r\}$

5 $\{r, \neg s\}$

6 $\{q, \neg r\}$ resolve 1, 2, p

7 $\{p, s\}$ resolve 1, 3, q

8 $\{\neg r\}$ resolve 2, 4, p

9 $\{\neg p, \neg s\}$ resolve 2, 5, r

10 $\{\neg r, s\}$ resolve 2, 7, p

11 $\{\neg q, r\}$ resolve 3, 5, s

Example 3

$$(p \vee q) \wedge (\neg p \vee \neg r) \wedge (\neg q \vee s) \wedge (p \vee \neg r) \wedge (r \vee \neg s)$$

1	$\{p, q\}$		12	$\{\neg p, \neg q\}$	resolve 3, 9, s	23	$\{q, \neg q\}$	resolve 6, 11, r
2	$\{\neg p, \neg r\}$		13	$\{p, \neg s\}$	resolve 4, 5, r	24	$\{p, \neg p\}$	resolve 7, 9, s
3	$\{\neg q, s\}$		14	$\{\neg r, \neg s\}$	resolve 4, 9, p	25	$\{p\}$	resolve 7, 19, s
4	$\{p, \neg r\}$		15	$\{p, \neg q\}$	resolve 4, 11, r	26	$\{\neg q\}$	resolve 8, 11, r
5	$\{r, \neg s\}$		16	$\{\neg q, \neg r\}$	resolve 4, 12, p			
6	$\{q, \neg r\}$	resolve 1, 2, p	17	$\{q, \neg s\}$	resolve 5, 6, r			
7	$\{p, s\}$	resolve 1, 3, q	18	$\{p, r\}$	resolve 5, 7, s			
8	$\{\neg r\}$	resolve 2, 4, p	19	$\{\neg s\}$	resolve 5, 8, r			
9	$\{\neg p, \neg s\}$	resolve 2, 5, r	20	$\{s, \neg s\}$	resolve 5, 10, r			
10	$\{\neg r, s\}$	resolve 2, 7, p	21	$\{r, \neg r\}$	resolve 5, 10, s			
11	$\{\neg q, r\}$	resolve 3, 5, s	22	$\{\neg q, \neg s\}$	resolve 5, 16, r			

Example 3

$$(p \vee q) \wedge (\neg p \vee \neg r) \wedge (\neg q \vee s) \wedge (p \vee \neg r) \wedge (r \vee \neg s)$$

1	$\{p, q\}$		12	$\{\neg p, \neg q\}$	resolve 3, 9, s	23	$\{q, \neg q\}$	resolve 6, 11, r
2	$\{\neg p, \neg r\}$		13	$\{p, \neg s\}$	resolve 4, 5, r	24	$\{p, \neg p\}$	resolve 7, 9, s
3	$\{\neg q, s\}$		14	$\{\neg r, \neg s\}$	resolve 4, 9, p	25	$\{p\}$	resolve 7, 19, s
4	$\{p, \neg r\}$		15	$\{p, \neg q\}$	resolve 4, 11, r	26	$\{\neg q\}$	resolve 8, 11, r
5	$\{r, \neg s\}$		16	$\{\neg q, \neg r\}$	resolve 4, 12, p			
6	$\{q, \neg r\}$	resolve 1, 2, p	17	$\{q, \neg s\}$	resolve 5, 6, r			no further resolvents
7	$\{p, s\}$	resolve 1, 3, q	18	$\{p, r\}$	resolve 5, 7, s			
8	$\{\neg r\}$	resolve 2, 4, p	19	$\{\neg s\}$	resolve 5, 8, r			
9	$\{\neg p, \neg s\}$	resolve 2, 5, r	20	$\{s, \neg s\}$	resolve 5, 10, r			
10	$\{\neg r, s\}$	resolve 2, 7, p	21	$\{r, \neg r\}$	resolve 5, 10, s			
11	$\{\neg q, r\}$	resolve 3, 5, s	22	$\{\neg q, \neg s\}$	resolve 5, 16, r			

Example 3

$$(p \vee q) \wedge (\neg p \vee \neg r) \wedge (\neg q \vee s) \wedge (p \vee \neg r) \wedge (r \vee \neg s)$$

1	$\{p, q\}$		12	$\{\neg p, \neg q\}$	resolve 3, 9, s	23	$\{q, \neg q\}$	resolve 6, 11, r
2	$\{\neg p, \neg r\}$		13	$\{p, \neg s\}$	resolve 4, 5, r	24	$\{p, \neg p\}$	resolve 7, 9, s
3	$\{\neg q, s\}$		14	$\{\neg r, \neg s\}$	resolve 4, 9, p	25	$\{p\}$	resolve 7, 19, s
4	$\{p, \neg r\}$		15	$\{p, \neg q\}$	resolve 4, 11, r	26	$\{\neg q\}$	resolve 8, 11, r
5	$\{r, \neg s\}$		16	$\{\neg q, \neg r\}$	resolve 4, 12, p			
6	$\{q, \neg r\}$	resolve 1, 2, p	17	$\{q, \neg s\}$	resolve 5, 6, r			no further resolvents
7	$\{p, s\}$	resolve 1, 3, q	18	$\{p, r\}$	resolve 5, 7, s			\implies
8	$\{\neg r\}$	resolve 2, 4, p	19	$\{\neg s\}$	resolve 5, 8, r			satisfiable
9	$\{\neg p, \neg s\}$	resolve 2, 5, r	20	$\{s, \neg s\}$	resolve 5, 10, r			
10	$\{\neg r, s\}$	resolve 2, 7, p	21	$\{r, \neg r\}$	resolve 5, 10, s			
11	$\{\neg q, r\}$	resolve 3, 5, s	22	$\{\neg q, \neg s\}$	resolve 5, 16, r			

Example 3

$$(p \vee q) \wedge (\neg p \vee \neg r) \wedge (\neg q \vee s) \wedge (p \vee \neg r) \wedge (r \vee \neg s)$$

1	$\{p, q\}$		12	$\{\neg p, \neg q\}$	resolve 3, 9, s	23	$\{q, \neg q\}$	resolve 6, 11, r
2	$\{\neg p, \neg r\}$		13	$\{p, \neg s\}$	resolve 4, 5, r	24	$\{p, \neg p\}$	resolve 7, 9, s
3	$\{\neg q, s\}$		14	$\{\neg r, \neg s\}$	resolve 4, 9, p	25	$\{p\}$	resolve 7, 19, s
4	$\{p, \neg r\}$		15	$\{p, \neg q\}$	resolve 4, 11, r	26	$\{\neg q\}$	resolve 8, 11, r
5	$\{r, \neg s\}$		16	$\{\neg q, \neg r\}$	resolve 4, 12, p			
6	$\{q, \neg r\}$	resolve 1, 2, p	17	$\{q, \neg s\}$	resolve 5, 6, r			no further resolvents
7	$\{p, s\}$	resolve 1, 3, q	18	$\{p, r\}$	resolve 5, 7, s			\implies
8	$\{\neg r\}$	resolve 2, 4, p	19	$\{\neg s\}$	resolve 5, 8, r			satisfiable
9	$\{\neg p, \neg s\}$	resolve 2, 5, r	20	$\{s, \neg s\}$	resolve 5, 10, r			
10	$\{\neg r, s\}$	resolve 2, 7, p	21	$\{r, \neg r\}$	resolve 5, 10, s			
11	$\{\neg q, r\}$	resolve 3, 5, s	22	$\{\neg q, \neg s\}$	resolve 5, 16, r			

Example 4

$$\begin{aligned} &(\neg p \wedge \neg q) \vee (s \wedge u) \vee (r \wedge w) \vee (\neg t \wedge \neg u) \vee (p \wedge r) \vee (q \wedge s) \\ &\vee (p \wedge t) \vee (q \wedge u) \vee (\neg r \wedge \neg s) \vee (t \wedge v) \vee (\neg v \wedge \neg w) \end{aligned}$$

Example 4

$$\neg \left((p \vee q) \wedge (\neg s \vee \neg u) \wedge (\neg r \vee \neg w) \wedge (t \vee u) \wedge (\neg p \vee \neg r) \wedge (\neg q \vee \neg s) \right. \\ \left. \wedge (\neg p \vee \neg t) \wedge (\neg q \vee \neg u) \wedge (r \vee s) \wedge (\neg t \vee \neg v) \wedge (v \vee w) \right)$$

Example 4

$$(p \vee q) \wedge (\neg s \vee \neg u) \wedge (\neg r \vee \neg w) \wedge (t \vee u) \wedge (\neg p \vee \neg r) \wedge (\neg q \vee \neg s) \\ \wedge (\neg p \vee \neg t) \wedge (\neg q \vee \neg u) \wedge (r \vee s) \wedge (\neg t \vee \neg v) \wedge (v \vee w)$$

$$1 \{p, q\}$$

$$10 \{\neg t, \neg v\}$$

$$2 \{\neg s, \neg u\}$$

$$11 \{v, w\}$$

$$3 \{\neg r, \neg w\}$$

$$4 \{t, u\}$$

$$5 \{\neg p, \neg r\}$$

$$6 \{\neg q, \neg s\}$$

$$7 \{\neg p, \neg t\}$$

$$8 \{\neg q, \neg u\}$$

$$9 \{r, s\}$$

Example 4

$$(p \vee q) \wedge (\neg s \vee \neg u) \wedge (\neg r \vee \neg w) \wedge (t \vee u) \wedge (\neg p \vee \neg r) \wedge (\neg q \vee \neg s) \\ \wedge (\neg p \vee \neg t) \wedge (\neg q \vee \neg u) \wedge (r \vee s) \wedge (\neg t \vee \neg v) \wedge (v \vee w)$$

1 $\{p, q\}$

2 $\{\neg s, \neg u\}$

3 $\{\neg r, \neg w\}$

4 $\{t, u\}$

5 $\{\neg p, \neg r\}$

6 $\{\neg q, \neg s\}$

7 $\{\neg p, \neg t\}$

8 $\{\neg q, \neg u\}$

9 $\{r, s\}$

10 $\{\neg t, \neg v\}$

11 $\{v, w\}$

12 $\{\neg s, t\}$ resolve 2, 4, u

Example 4

$$(p \vee q) \wedge (\neg s \vee \neg u) \wedge (\neg r \vee \neg w) \wedge (t \vee u) \wedge (\neg p \vee \neg r) \wedge (\neg q \vee \neg s) \\ \wedge (\neg p \vee \neg t) \wedge (\neg q \vee \neg u) \wedge (r \vee s) \wedge (\neg t \vee \neg v) \wedge (v \vee w)$$

1 $\{p, q\}$

2 $\{\neg s, \neg u\}$

3 $\{\neg r, \neg w\}$

4 $\{t, u\}$

5 $\{\neg p, \neg r\}$

6 $\{\neg q, \neg s\}$

7 $\{\neg p, \neg t\}$

8 $\{\neg q, \neg u\}$

9 $\{r, s\}$

10 $\{\neg t, \neg v\}$

11 $\{v, w\}$

12 $\{\neg s, t\}$

13 $\{\neg p, s\}$ resolve 5, 9, r

Example 4

$$(p \vee q) \wedge (\neg s \vee \neg u) \wedge (\neg r \vee \neg w) \wedge (t \vee u) \wedge (\neg p \vee \neg r) \wedge (\neg q \vee \neg s) \\ \wedge (\neg p \vee \neg t) \wedge (\neg q \vee \neg u) \wedge (r \vee s) \wedge (\neg t \vee \neg v) \wedge (v \vee w)$$

1 $\{p, q\}$

2 $\{\neg s, \neg u\}$

3 $\{\neg r, \neg w\}$

4 $\{t, u\}$

5 $\{\neg p, \neg r\}$

6 $\{\neg q, \neg s\}$

7 $\{\neg p, \neg t\}$

8 $\{\neg q, \neg u\}$

9 $\{r, s\}$

10 $\{\neg t, \neg v\}$

11 $\{v, w\}$

12 $\{\neg s, t\}$

13 $\{\neg p, s\}$

14 $\{\neg p, \neg s\}$ resolve 7, 12, t

Example 4

$$(p \vee q) \wedge (\neg s \vee \neg u) \wedge (\neg r \vee \neg w) \wedge (t \vee u) \wedge (\neg p \vee \neg r) \wedge (\neg q \vee \neg s) \\ \wedge (\neg p \vee \neg t) \wedge (\neg q \vee \neg u) \wedge (r \vee s) \wedge (\neg t \vee \neg v) \wedge (v \vee w)$$

$$1 \{p, q\}$$

$$2 \{\neg s, \neg u\}$$

$$3 \{\neg r, \neg w\}$$

$$4 \{t, u\}$$

$$5 \{\neg p, \neg r\}$$

$$6 \{\neg q, \neg s\}$$

$$7 \{\neg p, \neg t\}$$

$$8 \{\neg q, \neg u\}$$

$$9 \{r, s\}$$

$$10 \{\neg t, \neg v\}$$

$$11 \{v, w\}$$

$$12 \{\neg s, t\}$$

$$13 \{\neg p, s\}$$

$$14 \{\neg p, \neg s\}$$

$$15 \{\neg p\} \quad \text{resolve 13, 14, } s$$

Example 4

$$(p \vee q) \wedge (\neg s \vee \neg u) \wedge (\neg r \vee \neg w) \wedge (t \vee u) \wedge (\neg p \vee \neg r) \wedge (\neg q \vee \neg s) \\ \wedge (\neg p \vee \neg t) \wedge (\neg q \vee \neg u) \wedge (r \vee s) \wedge (\neg t \vee \neg v) \wedge (v \vee w)$$

$$1 \{p, q\}$$

$$2 \{\neg s, \neg u\}$$

$$3 \{\neg r, \neg w\}$$

$$4 \{t, u\}$$

$$5 \{\neg p, \neg r\}$$

$$6 \{\neg q, \neg s\}$$

$$7 \{\neg p, \neg t\}$$

$$8 \{\neg q, \neg u\}$$

$$9 \{r, s\}$$

$$10 \{\neg t, \neg v\}$$

$$11 \{v, w\}$$

$$12 \{\neg s, t\}$$

$$13 \{\neg p, s\}$$

$$14 \{\neg p, \neg s\}$$

$$15 \{\neg p\}$$

$$16 \{q\}$$

resolve 1, 15, p

Example 4

$$(p \vee q) \wedge (\neg s \vee \neg u) \wedge (\neg r \vee \neg w) \wedge (t \vee u) \wedge (\neg p \vee \neg r) \wedge (\neg q \vee \neg s) \\ \wedge (\neg p \vee \neg t) \wedge (\neg q \vee \neg u) \wedge (r \vee s) \wedge (\neg t \vee \neg v) \wedge (v \vee w)$$

1 $\{p, q\}$

2 $\{\neg s, \neg u\}$

3 $\{\neg r, \neg w\}$

4 $\{t, u\}$

5 $\{\neg p, \neg r\}$

6 $\{\neg q, \neg s\}$

7 $\{\neg p, \neg t\}$

8 $\{\neg q, \neg u\}$

9 $\{r, s\}$

10 $\{\neg t, \neg v\}$

11 $\{v, w\}$

12 $\{\neg s, t\}$

13 $\{\neg p, s\}$

14 $\{\neg p, \neg s\}$

15 $\{\neg p\}$

16 $\{q\}$

17 $\{\neg s\}$

resolve 6, 16, q

Example 4

$$(p \vee q) \wedge (\neg s \vee \neg u) \wedge (\neg r \vee \neg w) \wedge (t \vee u) \wedge (\neg p \vee \neg r) \wedge (\neg q \vee \neg s) \\ \wedge (\neg p \vee \neg t) \wedge (\neg q \vee \neg u) \wedge (r \vee s) \wedge (\neg t \vee \neg v) \wedge (v \vee w)$$

$$1 \{p, q\}$$

$$2 \{\neg s, \neg u\}$$

$$3 \{\neg r, \neg w\}$$

$$4 \{t, u\}$$

$$5 \{\neg p, \neg r\}$$

$$6 \{\neg q, \neg s\}$$

$$7 \{\neg p, \neg t\}$$

$$8 \{\neg q, \neg u\}$$

$$9 \{r, s\}$$

$$10 \{\neg t, \neg v\}$$

$$11 \{v, w\}$$

$$12 \{\neg s, t\}$$

$$13 \{\neg p, s\}$$

$$14 \{\neg p, \neg s\}$$

$$15 \{\neg p\}$$

$$16 \{q\}$$

$$17 \{\neg s\}$$

$$18 \{r\}$$

resolve 9, 17, s

Example 4

$$(p \vee q) \wedge (\neg s \vee \neg u) \wedge (\neg r \vee \neg w) \wedge (t \vee u) \wedge (\neg p \vee \neg r) \wedge (\neg q \vee \neg s) \\ \wedge (\neg p \vee \neg t) \wedge (\neg q \vee \neg u) \wedge (r \vee s) \wedge (\neg t \vee \neg v) \wedge (v \vee w)$$

1 $\{p, q\}$

2 $\{\neg s, \neg u\}$

3 $\{\neg r, \neg w\}$

4 $\{t, u\}$

5 $\{\neg p, \neg r\}$

6 $\{\neg q, \neg s\}$

7 $\{\neg p, \neg t\}$

8 $\{\neg q, \neg u\}$

9 $\{r, s\}$

10 $\{\neg t, \neg v\}$

11 $\{v, w\}$

12 $\{\neg s, t\}$

13 $\{\neg p, s\}$

14 $\{\neg p, \neg s\}$

15 $\{\neg p\}$

16 $\{q\}$

17 $\{\neg s\}$

18 $\{r\}$

19 $\{\neg w\}$ resolve 3, 18, r

Example 4

$$(p \vee q) \wedge (\neg s \vee \neg u) \wedge (\neg r \vee \neg w) \wedge (t \vee u) \wedge (\neg p \vee \neg r) \wedge (\neg q \vee \neg s) \\ \wedge (\neg p \vee \neg t) \wedge (\neg q \vee \neg u) \wedge (r \vee s) \wedge (\neg t \vee \neg v) \wedge (v \vee w)$$

1 $\{p, q\}$

2 $\{\neg s, \neg u\}$

3 $\{\neg r, \neg w\}$

4 $\{t, u\}$

5 $\{\neg p, \neg r\}$

6 $\{\neg q, \neg s\}$

7 $\{\neg p, \neg t\}$

8 $\{\neg q, \neg u\}$

9 $\{r, s\}$

10 $\{\neg t, \neg v\}$

11 $\{v, w\}$

12 $\{\neg s, t\}$

13 $\{\neg p, s\}$

14 $\{\neg p, \neg s\}$

15 $\{\neg p\}$

16 $\{q\}$

17 $\{\neg s\}$

18 $\{r\}$

19 $\{\neg w\}$

20 $\{v\}$ resolve 11, 19, w

Example 4

$$(p \vee q) \wedge (\neg s \vee \neg u) \wedge (\neg r \vee \neg w) \wedge (t \vee u) \wedge (\neg p \vee \neg r) \wedge (\neg q \vee \neg s) \\ \wedge (\neg p \vee \neg t) \wedge (\neg q \vee \neg u) \wedge (r \vee s) \wedge (\neg t \vee \neg v) \wedge (v \vee w)$$

1 $\{p, q\}$

2 $\{\neg s, \neg u\}$

3 $\{\neg r, \neg w\}$

4 $\{t, u\}$

5 $\{\neg p, \neg r\}$

6 $\{\neg q, \neg s\}$

7 $\{\neg p, \neg t\}$

8 $\{\neg q, \neg u\}$

9 $\{r, s\}$

10 $\{\neg t, \neg v\}$

11 $\{v, w\}$

12 $\{\neg s, t\}$

13 $\{\neg p, s\}$

14 $\{\neg p, \neg s\}$

15 $\{\neg p\}$

16 $\{q\}$

17 $\{\neg s\}$

18 $\{r\}$

19 $\{\neg w\}$

20 $\{v\}$

21 $\{\neg t\}$ resolve 10, 20, v

Example 4

$$(p \vee q) \wedge (\neg s \vee \neg u) \wedge (\neg r \vee \neg w) \wedge (t \vee u) \wedge (\neg p \vee \neg r) \wedge (\neg q \vee \neg s) \\ \wedge (\neg p \vee \neg t) \wedge (\neg q \vee \neg u) \wedge (r \vee s) \wedge (\neg t \vee \neg v) \wedge (v \vee w)$$

1 $\{p, q\}$

2 $\{\neg s, \neg u\}$

3 $\{\neg r, \neg w\}$

4 $\{t, u\}$

5 $\{\neg p, \neg r\}$

6 $\{\neg q, \neg s\}$

7 $\{\neg p, \neg t\}$

8 $\{\neg q, \neg u\}$

9 $\{r, s\}$

10 $\{\neg t, \neg v\}$

11 $\{v, w\}$

12 $\{\neg s, t\}$

13 $\{\neg p, s\}$

14 $\{\neg p, \neg s\}$

15 $\{\neg p\}$

16 $\{q\}$

17 $\{\neg s\}$

18 $\{r\}$

19 $\{\neg w\}$

20 $\{v\}$

21 $\{\neg t\}$

22 $\{u\}$ resolve 4, 21, t

Example 4

$$(p \vee q) \wedge (\neg s \vee \neg u) \wedge (\neg r \vee \neg w) \wedge (t \vee u) \wedge (\neg p \vee \neg r) \wedge (\neg q \vee \neg s) \\ \wedge (\neg p \vee \neg t) \wedge (\neg q \vee \neg u) \wedge (r \vee s) \wedge (\neg t \vee \neg v) \wedge (v \vee w)$$

1 $\{p, q\}$

2 $\{\neg s, \neg u\}$

3 $\{\neg r, \neg w\}$

4 $\{t, u\}$

5 $\{\neg p, \neg r\}$

6 $\{\neg q, \neg s\}$

7 $\{\neg p, \neg t\}$

8 $\{\neg q, \neg u\}$

9 $\{r, s\}$

10 $\{\neg t, \neg v\}$

11 $\{v, w\}$

12 $\{\neg s, t\}$

13 $\{\neg p, s\}$

14 $\{\neg p, \neg s\}$

15 $\{\neg p\}$

16 $\{q\}$

17 $\{\neg s\}$

18 $\{r\}$

19 $\{\neg w\}$

20 $\{v\}$

21 $\{\neg t\}$

22 $\{u\}$

23 $\{\neg q\}$ resolve 8, 22, u

Example 4

$$(p \vee q) \wedge (\neg s \vee \neg u) \wedge (\neg r \vee \neg w) \wedge (t \vee u) \wedge (\neg p \vee \neg r) \wedge (\neg q \vee \neg s) \\ \wedge (\neg p \vee \neg t) \wedge (\neg q \vee \neg u) \wedge (r \vee s) \wedge (\neg t \vee \neg v) \wedge (v \vee w)$$

1 $\{p, q\}$

2 $\{\neg s, \neg u\}$

3 $\{\neg r, \neg w\}$

4 $\{t, u\}$

5 $\{\neg p, \neg r\}$

6 $\{\neg q, \neg s\}$

7 $\{\neg p, \neg t\}$

8 $\{\neg q, \neg u\}$

9 $\{r, s\}$

10 $\{\neg t, \neg v\}$

11 $\{v, w\}$

12 $\{\neg s, t\}$

13 $\{\neg p, s\}$

14 $\{\neg p, \neg s\}$

15 $\{\neg p\}$

16 $\{q\}$

17 $\{\neg s\}$

18 $\{r\}$

19 $\{\neg w\}$

20 $\{v\}$

21 $\{\neg t\}$

22 $\{u\}$

23 $\{\neg q\}$

24 \square resolve 16, 23, q

Example 4

$$(p \vee q) \wedge (\neg s \vee \neg u) \wedge (\neg r \vee \neg w) \wedge (t \vee u) \wedge (\neg p \vee \neg r) \wedge (\neg q \vee \neg s) \\ \wedge (\neg p \vee \neg t) \wedge (\neg q \vee \neg u) \wedge (r \vee s) \wedge (\neg t \vee \neg v) \wedge (v \vee w)$$

1 $\{p, q\}$

2 $\{\neg s, \neg u\}$

3 $\{\neg r, \neg w\}$

4 $\{t, u\}$

5 $\{\neg p, \neg r\}$

6 $\{\neg q, \neg s\}$

7 $\{\neg p, \neg t\}$

8 $\{\neg q, \neg u\}$

9 $\{r, s\}$

10 $\{\neg t, \neg v\}$

11 $\{v, w\}$

12 $\{\neg s, t\}$

13 $\{\neg p, s\}$

14 $\{\neg p, \neg s\}$

15 $\{\neg p\}$

16 $\{q\}$

17 $\{\neg s\}$

18 $\{r\}$

19 $\{\neg w\}$

20 $\{v\}$

21 $\{\neg t\}$

22 $\{u\}$

23 $\{\neg q\}$

24 \square

unsatisfiable

Example 4

$$(\neg p \wedge \neg q) \vee (s \wedge u) \vee (r \wedge w) \vee (\neg t \wedge \neg u) \vee (p \wedge r) \vee (q \wedge s) \\ \vee (p \wedge t) \vee (q \wedge u) \vee (\neg r \wedge \neg s) \vee (t \wedge v) \vee (\neg v \wedge \neg w)$$

1 $\{p, q\}$

2 $\{\neg s, \neg u\}$

3 $\{\neg r, \neg w\}$

4 $\{t, u\}$

5 $\{\neg p, \neg r\}$

6 $\{\neg q, \neg s\}$

7 $\{\neg p, \neg t\}$

8 $\{\neg q, \neg u\}$

9 $\{r, s\}$

10 $\{\neg t, \neg v\}$

11 $\{v, w\}$

12 $\{\neg s, t\}$

13 $\{\neg p, s\}$

14 $\{\neg p, \neg s\}$

15 $\{\neg p\}$

16 $\{q\}$

17 $\{\neg s\}$

18 $\{r\}$

19 $\{\neg w\}$

20 $\{v\}$

21 $\{\neg t\}$

22 $\{u\}$

23 $\{\neg q\}$

24 \square

valid

Outline

1. Summary of Previous Lecture
2. Completeness
3. Resolution
- 4. Intermezzo**
5. Binary Decision Diagrams
6. Further Reading

Question

Which clauses can be obtained by resolving two clauses from the following clausal form ?

$$\{\{p, q, \neg q\}, \{r, \neg q\}, \{p, \neg r\}, \{q, \neg s\}, \{\neg r, s\}\}$$

- A** $\{p, s\}$
- B** $\{p, \neg q\}$
- C** $\{\neg r, q, \neg q\}$
- D** $\{r, \neg r\}$
- E** $\{p, q, \neg s\}$
- F** $\{p\}$



Outline

1. Summary of Previous Lecture
2. Completeness
3. Resolution
4. Intermezzo
- 5. Binary Decision Diagrams**
6. Further Reading

Definitions

- ▶ **boolean function** f of n arguments is mapping from $\{0, 1\}^n$ to $\{0, 1\}$

Definitions

- ▶ boolean function f of n arguments is mapping from $\{0, 1\}^n$ to $\{0, 1\}$
- ▶ four basic functions

complement —

x	\bar{x}
0	1
1	0

Definitions

- ▶ boolean function f of n arguments is mapping from $\{0, 1\}^n$ to $\{0, 1\}$
- ▶ four basic functions

complement $\bar{\quad}$

product \cdot

x	\bar{x}	x	y	$x \cdot y$
0	1	0	0	0
1	0	0	1	0
		1	0	0
		1	1	1

Definitions

- ▶ boolean function f of n arguments is mapping from $\{0,1\}^n$ to $\{0,1\}$
- ▶ four basic functions

complement	$\bar{}$	x	\bar{x}	x	y	$x \cdot y$	$x + y$
product	\cdot	0	1	0	0	0	0
sum	$+$	1	0	0	1	0	1
				1	0	0	1
				1	1	1	1

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product	\cdot	0	1	x	y	$x \cdot y$	$x + y$	$x \oplus y$
sum	$+$	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
exclusive or	\oplus			0	1	0	1	1
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Remarks

- ▶ every boolean function can be expressed in terms of basic functions

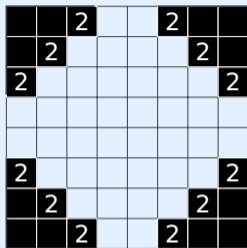
Definitions

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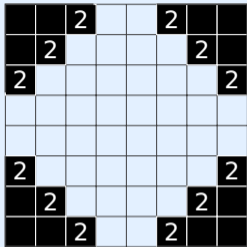
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Remarks

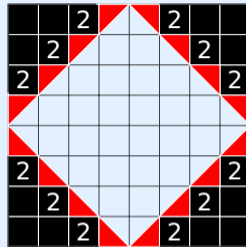
- ▶ every boolean function can be expressed in terms of basic functions
- ▶ propositional formulas and truth tables are different **representations** of boolean functions

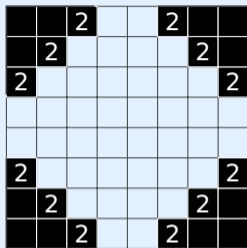


Shakashaka

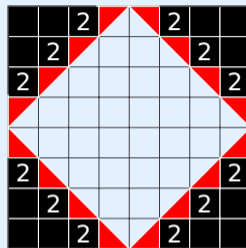


Shakashaka

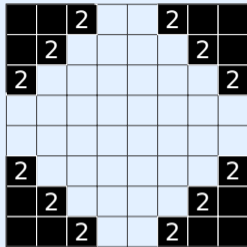




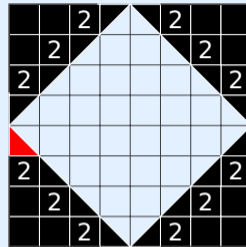
Shakashaka



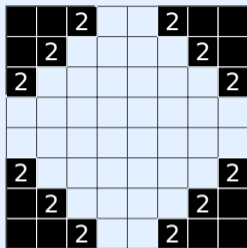
```
(assert (=> (= x0y3 SW) (and
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  (or (= x1y4 W) (= x1y4 NE))
)))
```



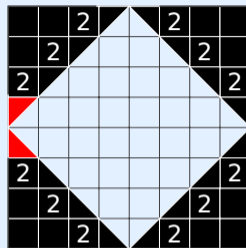
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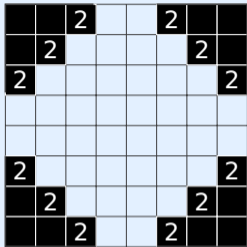
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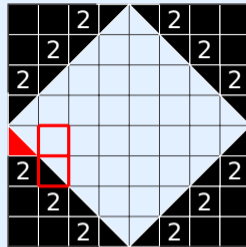
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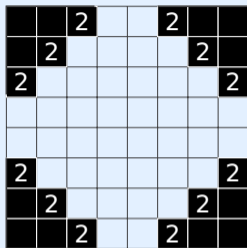
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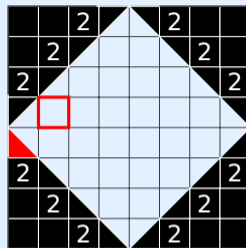
Shakashaka



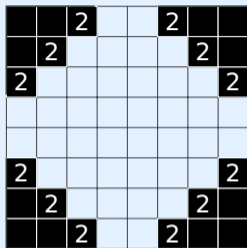
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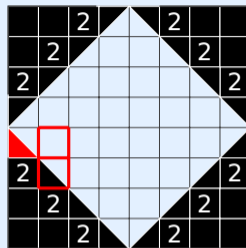
Shakashaka



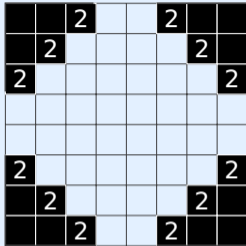
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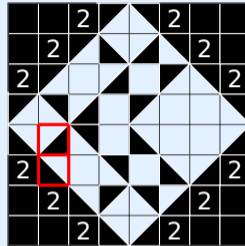
Shakashaka



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Shakashaka



```
(assert (=> (= x0y3 SW) (and
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Representations of Boolean Functions

representation	test for		boolean operation		
	compact?	satisfiability	validity	product	sum

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DNFs	sometimes	easy	hard	hard	easy	hard
?	often	easy	easy	medium	medium	easy

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? = **reduced ordered binary decision diagrams**

Example

- ▶ majority function

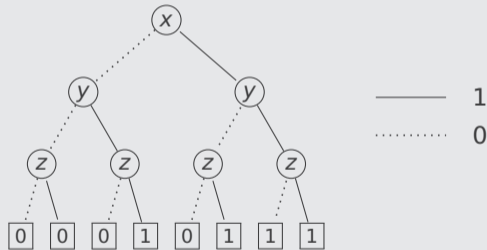
$$f(x, y, z) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } x + y + z > 1 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Example

- ▶ majority function

$$f(x, y, z) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } x + y + z > 1 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

- ▶ **binary decision tree** for f

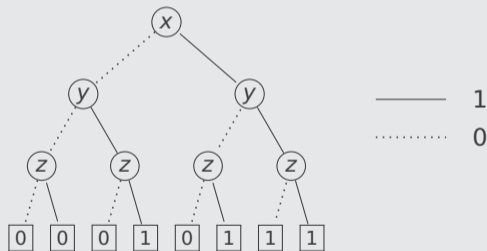


Example

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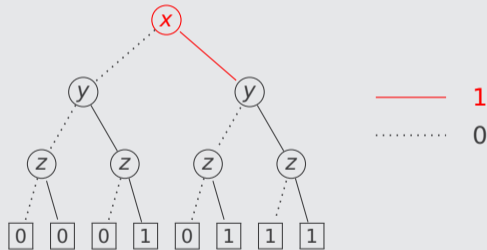
- ▶ $f(1, 0, 1) =$

Example

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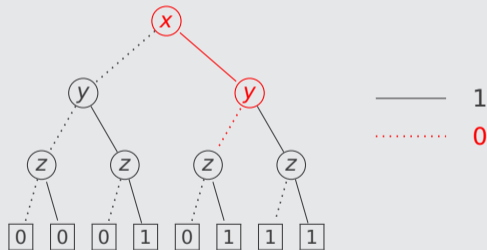
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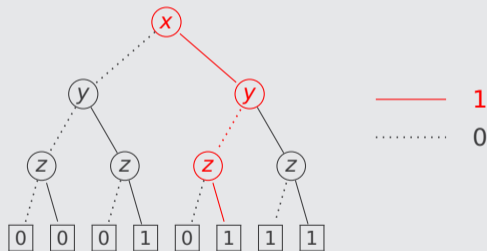
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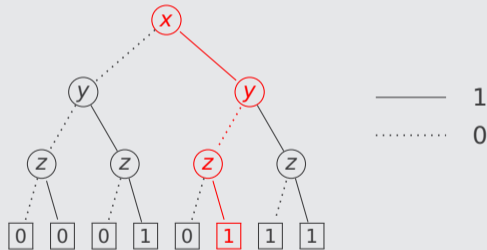
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Example

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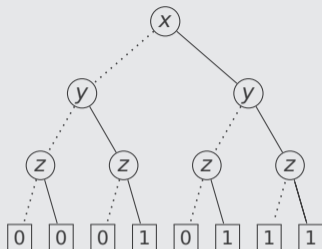
$$f(x, y, z) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } x + y + z > 1 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

- ▶ binary decision tree for f

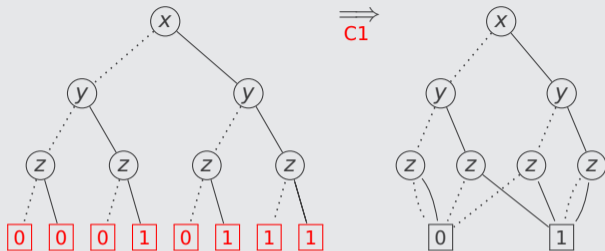


- ▶ $f(1, 0, 1) = 1$

Example (Binary Decision Diagram)



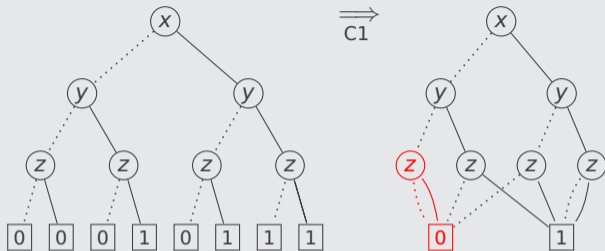
Example (Binary Decision Diagram)



Optimisation Rules

C1 remove duplicate terminals

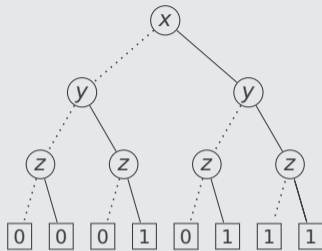
Example (Binary Decision Diagram)



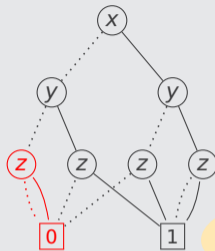
Optimisation Rules

- C1 remove duplicate terminals
- C2 remove redundant tests

Example (Binary Decision Diagram)



\Rightarrow
C1

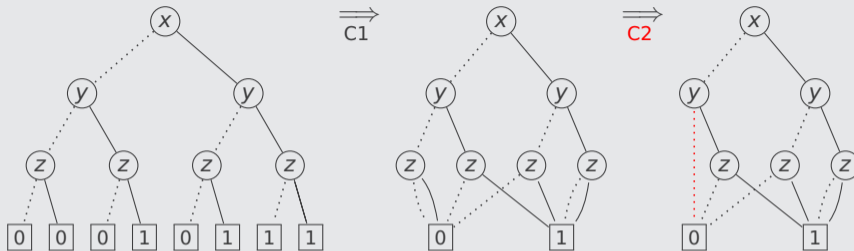


non-terminal with both outgoing
edges pointing to same node

Optimisation Rules

- C1 remove duplicate terminals
- C2 remove **redundant tests**

Example (Binary Decision Diagram)

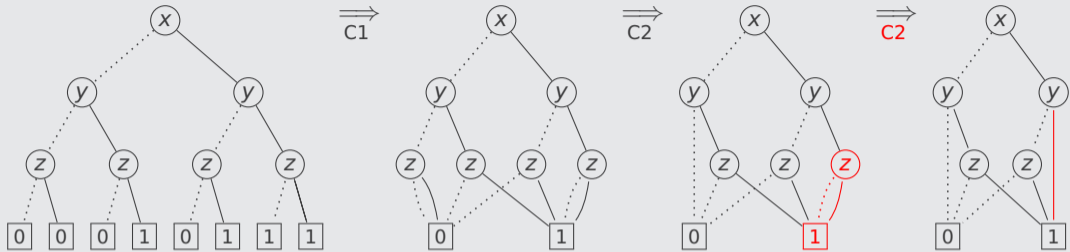


Optimisation Rules

C1 remove duplicate terminals

C2 remove redundant tests

Example (Binary Decision Diagram)

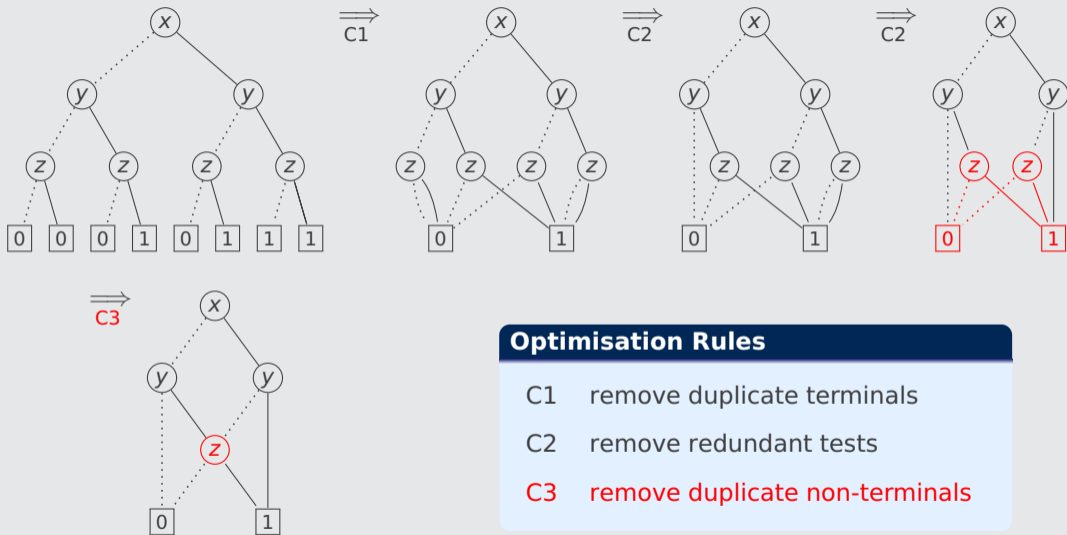


Optimisation Rules

C1 remove duplicate terminals

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Example (Binary Decision Diagram)



Optimisation Rules

- C1 remove duplicate terminals
- C2 remove redundant tests
- C3 remove duplicate non-terminals**

Remark

binary decision diagram (**BDD**) is directed acyclic graph (dag)

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Definition

BDD is **reduced** if **C1**, **C2**, **C3** are not applicable

Remark

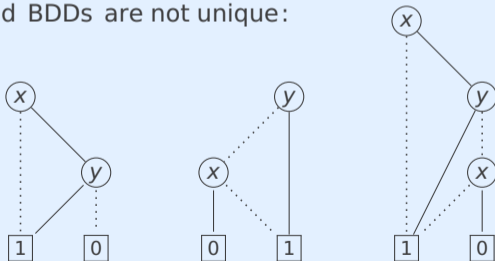
binary decision diagram (BDD) is directed acyclic graph (dag)

Definition

BDD is reduced if C1, C2, C3 are not applicable

Remark

reduced BDDs are not unique:



represent boolean function $\bar{x} + y$


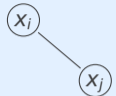
Definition

BDD B is **ordered** if there exists order $[x_1, \dots, x_n]$ of variables in B such that

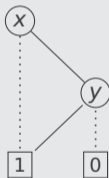
$i < j$ for all edges  and  in B

Definition

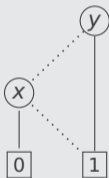
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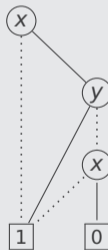
Examples



OBDD
[x, y]



OBDD
[y, x]



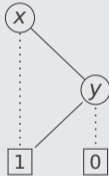
not ordered

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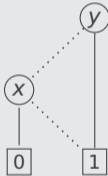
Examples



OBDD

$[x, y]$

$[z, x, y]$ $[x, z, y]$ $[x, y, z]$



OBDD

$[y, x]$



not ordered

Definition

orders o_1 and o_2 are **compatible** if o_1 and o_2 are subsequences of some order o

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Example

four variable orders

$$o_1 = [x, y, z]$$

$$o_2 = [x, v]$$

$$o_3 = [z, x]$$

$$o_4 = [v, z, w]$$

Definition

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- ▶ o_2 and o_4 are compatible

Lemma

reductions C1, C2, C3 preserve order

Theorem

reduced OBDD representation of boolean function for given order is **unique**

Theorem

reduced OBDD representation of boolean function for given order is unique

Corollary

checking

- ▶ satisfiability
- ▶ validity

is **trivial** for reduced OBDDs

Theorem

reduced OBDD representation of boolean function for given order is unique

Corollary

checking

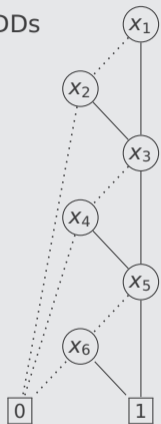
- ▶ satisfiability
- ▶ validity
- ▶ equivalence

is **trivial** for reduced OBDDs with compatible variable orders

Example

$$f(x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5, x_6) = (x_1 + x_2) \cdot (x_3 + x_4) \cdot (x_5 + x_6)$$

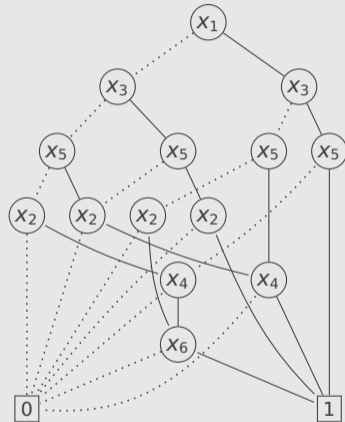
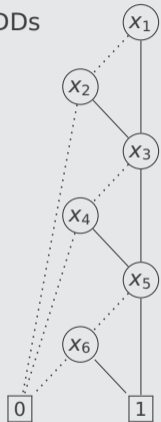
different reduced OBDDs



Example

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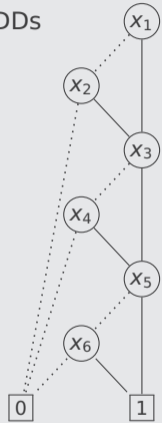
different reduced OBDDs



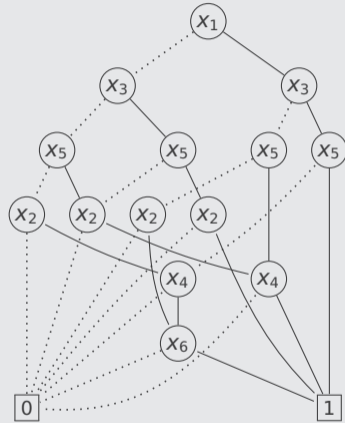
Example

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different reduced OBDDs



$[x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5, x_6]$



$[x_1, x_3, x_5, x_2, x_4, x_6]$

Outline

1. Summary of Previous Lecture
2. Completeness
3. Resolution
4. Intermezzo
5. Binary Decision Diagrams
- 6. Further Reading**

- ▶ Section 1.4.4
- ▶ Section 6.1

Huth and Ryan

- ▶ Section 1.4.4
- ▶ Section 6.1

Resolution

- ▶ Wikipedia

[accessed December 7, 2022]

Important Concepts

- ▶ binary decision diagram
- ▶ binary decision tree
- ▶ boolean function
- ▶ complementary literals
- ▶ completeness
- ▶ clashing
- ▶ clausal form
- ▶ clause
- ▶ compatible variable order
- ▶ empty clause
- ▶ exclusive or
- ▶ ordered BDD
- ▶ parent clauses
- ▶ reduced BDD
- ▶ refutation
- ▶ resolution
- ▶ resolvent
- ▶ variable order

Important Concepts

- ▶ binary decision diagram
- ▶ binary decision tree
- ▶ boolean function
- ▶ complementary literals
- ▶ completeness
- ▶ clashing
- ▶ clausal form
- ▶ clause
- ▶ compatible variable order
- ▶ empty clause
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homework for April 11