

- Prepare your solutions on paper.
- Mark the exercises in OLAT before the deadline.
- If you used IMP2 and Isabelle, then upload your Isabelle file in OLAT.
- Marking an exercise means that a significant part of that exercise has been treated.

For Exercises 1 and 2.2 you can develop a solution on paper or in Isabelle using IMP2.

Exercise 1 *Proof Tableaux*

7 p.

Consider the following algorithm *Copy*

```
a := x;  
y := 0;  
while (a != 0) {  
  y := y + 1;  
  a := a - 1;  
}
```

1. Show partial correctness of *Copy*, i.e., develop a proof tableau for $(x \geq 0) \text{ Copy } (x = y)$ using the while-rule. (3 points)
2. Show total correctness of *Copy*, i.e., develop a proof tableau for $(x \geq 0) \text{ Copy } (x = y)$ using the while-total-rule. (2 points)
3. Does the partial correctness property $(\text{true}) \text{ Copy } (x = y)$ hold? Either argue why it does not hold, or prove it. (2 points)

Exercise 2 *Non-Termination of Imperative Programs*

5 p.

The Hoare-calculus can not only be used to prove termination (with the while-total-rule), but it can also be used to prove non-termination via the while-rule.

1. On [slide 6/57](#) a Hoare-triple is given that characterizes termination of a program w.r.t. those inputs that satisfy φ .

Now provide a Hoare-triple (for partial correctness) that encodes that program *P* does not terminate on inputs that satisfy φ . (3 points)

2. Prove non-termination of the factorial program for all inputs $x < 0$ by constructing a suitable proof tableau. (2 points)

```
y := 1;  
while (x != 0) {  
  y := y * x;  
  x := x - 1  
}
```

Exercise 3 *Soundness of Hoare-Calculus***8 p.**

In the lecture we only considered partial correctness of the Hoare-calculus, i.e., we proved:

$$\vdash \langle \varphi \rangle P \langle \psi \rangle \longrightarrow \models \langle \varphi \rangle P \langle \psi \rangle$$

In this exercise we consider total correctness.

1. We say that a relation \rightarrow is deterministic, if for all a there is at most one b such that $a \rightarrow b$. Prove that for deterministic \rightarrow , termination is equivalent to normalization, i.e., there is no infinite \rightarrow -sequence starting from a is equivalent to $\exists b. a \rightarrow^! b$. (3 points)
2. Provide a definition of $\models_{total} \langle \varphi \rangle P \langle \psi \rangle$, i.e., a semantic notion of total correctness. You can exploit that \hookrightarrow is deterministic. (2 points)
3. How would you try to prove $\vdash \langle \varphi \rangle P \langle \psi \rangle \longrightarrow \models_{total} \langle \varphi \rangle P \langle \psi \rangle$ for the Hoare-calculus with while-total rule? Just state the main property you would try to prove, and state which proof principle (induction, proof by contradiction, etc.) you would apply, with a brief justification why this looks like a promising attempt. (3 points)