Lower Bound

Advanced Topics in Term Rewriting LVA 703610

http://cl-informatik.uibk.ac.at/teaching/ws06/attr/

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Advanced Topics in Term Rewriting

Analyse MPO

total precedence

let \succ denote a total precedence, and assume \mathcal{R} is compatiable with $>_{mpo}$

Definition

front
$$(s, f)$$
 := $\{u \in \mathcal{P}os(s) \mid root(s \mid_{u}) = g \succeq f \text{ and} \}$
 $\forall v < u \ f \succ h = root(t \mid_{v})\} \cup \{u \in \mathcal{P}os(s) \mid s \mid_{u} \in \mathcal{V}\}$

Lemma

1 $s>_{mpo} t$ iff $\forall u \in front(s, root(s))$ $s>_{mpo} s \mid_{u}$

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- 2 $f(s_1,...,s_n) >_{mpo} f(t_1,...,t_n)$ iff $\{s_1, \ldots, s_n\}(>_{mpo})_{mul}\{t_1, \ldots, t_n\}$
- 3 for root(s) $\succ f \ f(s_1, \ldots, s_n) >_{mpo} t \ \text{iff} \ \exists i \ s_i \geq_{mpo} t$

MPOs induce Primitive Recursive Derivational Complexities

Theorem

Hofbauer 1992

if R is a finite TRS compatible with an instance of MPO, then dc_R is primitively recursively bounded; moreover this bound is tight

Lemma

lower-bound

for any primitive recursive function f, there exists a TRS \mathcal{R} , compatible with an instance of MPO, such that f is bounded by R

Lemma

upper-bound

if \mathcal{R} is a finite TRS compatible with $>_{mpo}$, then $dc_{\mathcal{R}}$ is primitive recursively bounded

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Preliminaries

for a preorder ≥, we define its lexicographic extension on lists of terms in nonincreasing order

$$(s_1,\ldots,s_n)$$
 lex $(>)$ $(t_1,\ldots,t_n) \iff n>0$ and $(s_1>t_1 \text{ or } (s_1=t_1 \text{ and } (s_2,\ldots,s_n)$ lex $(>)$ $(t_2,\ldots,t_n)))$

Lemma

 $\forall k, \exists$ an order-preserving mapping $q_k : \mathbb{N}^k \to \mathbb{N}$ with

- 1 $q_k(n_1,\ldots,n_m)=q_k(n_{\pi(1)},\ldots,n_{\pi(m)})$ for any permutation π
- $\mathbf{2}$ q_k is monotonic, and admits the subterm property
- $q_k(n_1,\ldots,n_i,0,\ldots,0) > q_k(n_1,\ldots,n_i-1,n_i-1,\ldots,n_i-1),$ if $n_1 \geqslant \cdots \geqslant n_i > 0$
- $q_k(n_1, \ldots, n_m) > q_k(l_1, \ldots, l_m), \text{ if }$ $(n_1, \ldots, n_m) \text{ lex}(>) (l_1, \ldots, l_m)$

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Bounding the Evaluations

Lemma

let $\mathcal{A}=(\mathbb{N},>)$ be WMA compatible with \mathcal{R} and let p be a strictly monotonic unary function on \mathbb{N} such that $p(n)\geqslant f_{\mathcal{A}}(n,\ldots,n)$ Then we have $\mathrm{dc}_{\mathcal{R}}(n)\leqslant p^n(0)$

Proof

by induction on t, the base-case is trivial and for the step-case we obtain

$$[\alpha]_{\mathcal{A}}(f(t_{1},\ldots,t_{m})) \leq f_{\mathcal{A}}([\alpha]_{\mathcal{A}}(t_{1}),\ldots,[\alpha]_{\mathcal{A}}(t_{m}))$$

$$\leq f_{\mathcal{A}}(p^{\mathsf{size}(t_{1})}(0),\ldots,p^{\mathsf{size}(t_{m})}(0))$$

$$\leq p(\mathsf{max}(\{p^{\mathsf{size}(t_{1})}(0),\ldots,p^{\mathsf{size}(t_{m})}(0)\}))$$

$$\leq p^{\mathsf{size}(t)}(0) \square$$

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Main Lemma

Main Lemma

Lemma

let s be a term with depth(s) < d assume that \forall non-variable positions u in s, $f > \operatorname{root}(s \mid_u)$ $\forall x \in \operatorname{Var}(s)$: $m \geqslant [\alpha]_{\mathcal{A}}(x)$

Then $p_f^d(m) \geqslant [\alpha]_{\mathcal{A}}(t)$

Proof

induction on d

Lemma

 $|s>_{\sf mpo} t$ and $\operatorname{depth}(t)\leqslant d$ we have $[\alpha]_{\mathcal{A}}(s)>[\alpha]_{\mathcal{A}}(t)$

Proof induction on $s = f(s_1, \ldots, s_n)$

A Well-founded Monotone Algebra

set

$$d := \max(\{\operatorname{depth} r \mid I \to r \in \mathcal{R}\}\$$

let $\mathcal{A} = (\mathbb{N}, >)$ be an algebra equipped with the following interpretation:

$$p_f(n) := egin{cases} n+1 & ext{if } f ext{ minimal} \ \max(\{h_{\mathcal{A}}(n,\ldots,n)\mid f>h\})+n & ext{otherwise} \end{cases}$$
 $P_f(n) := egin{cases} 1 & ext{if } n=0 \ 1+p_f^d(P_f(n-1)) & ext{if } n>0 \end{cases}$ $f_{\mathcal{A}}(n_1,\ldots,n_m) := P_f(q_m(n_1,\ldots,n_m))$

Lemma

 \mathcal{A} is a WMA

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Main Lemm

Proof Ideas

- 1 only subterms at positions in front(f, s) are critical
- f 2 exploit the montonicity and subterm property of $\cal A$
- ${\bf 3}$ the definition of ${\cal A}$ induces that the evaluation remains unchanged by permutation of the arguments

Lemma

upper-bound

if $\mathcal R$ is a finite TRS compatible with $>_{\sf mpo}$, then $\mathsf{dc}_{\mathcal R}$ is primitive recursively bounded

Proof

- $ightharpoonup p(n) = \max\{f_{\mathcal{A}}(n,\ldots,n) \mid f \in \mathcal{F}\}$
- \rightarrow dc_R(n) \leq $p^n(0)$
- ightharpoonup the functions $f_{\mathcal{A}}$ are primitive recursive, hence p and its iterations is primitive recursive