## MatrNr:

This test consists of three exercises. Explain your answers. The available points for each item are written in the margin.
[7] 1. Consider the $\lambda$-term $t=(\lambda u v . u)((\lambda w . w)(\lambda x y . y))(\lambda z . z)$. Use the leftmost innermost reduction strategy to reduce $t$ as far as possible.
2. Consider the functions:

$$
\text { let rec prod }=\text { function }
$$

```
        | [] -> 1
```

        |x:: xs \(->x * \operatorname{prod} x s\)
    ;;
and
let rec fold $\mathrm{f} b=$ function
| [] -> b
| $\mathrm{x}:: \mathrm{xs}->\mathrm{fx}$ (fold f b xs )
;;
Prove by induction over $x s$ that for all integer lists $x s$ it holds that

$$
\operatorname{prod} x s=\text { fold }(\times) 1 x s
$$

3. For each of the following functions, decide whether it is tail recursive. If yes, justify your answer. Give a tail recursive implementation otherwise.
(a) Consider the mutually recursive functions e and o
```
let rec e = function
    | [] -> true
    | x :: xs -> o xs
and o = function
    | [] -> false
    | x :: xs -> e xs
;;
```

(b) Consider the function prod from Exercise 2.

