

Game Theory

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Winter 2009



Homework

Problem

Consider a Bayesian game Γ_1 with incomplete information in which player 1 may be either type α or type β . Where player 2 thinks the probability of type α is .9 and the probability of type β is .1. Player 2 has no private information. The payoffs to the two players are shown in the tables below, where the left table asserts $t_1 = \alpha$ and the right $t_1 = \beta$.

	x_2	y_2		x_2	y_2
x_1	2, 2	-2, 0	x_1	0, 2	1, 0
y_1	0, -2	0, 0	y_1	1, -2	2, 0

Show the existence of a Bayesian equilibrium in which player 2 chooses x_2 .

Problem

Let Γ_2 be a two-person zero-sum game in strategic form. Show that the set

$$\{\sigma_1 \mid \sigma \text{ is an equilibrium of } \Gamma_2\}$$

is a convex subset of the set of randomised strategies for player 1.

Problem

Consider the following three player game Γ :

	$C_2 \text{ and } C_3$			
	x_3		y_3	
C_1	x_2	y_2	x_2	y_2
x_1	0, 0, 0	6, 5, 4	4, 6, 5	0, 0, 0
y_1	5, 4, 6	0, 0, 0	0, 0, 0	0, 0, 0

Find all equilibria of Γ .

Exam Preparation

Last Year's Exams

Question 1

- 1** Let $X \subseteq \mathbb{R}$ and X be finite with $x \in X$ a prize that amount to $\in x$. Consider the following definition of $f \succsim_T g$:

$$\min_{s \in T} \sum_{x \in X} x \cdot f(x|s) \geq \min_{s \in T} \sum_{x \in X} x \cdot g(x|s) .$$

- 1** Give an informal explanation of the relation $f \succsim_T g$.
- 2** Does this definition of \succsim_T violate any of the axioms on decision theory?
- 3** Give an example of a preference (perhaps different from above) such that at least one axiom is violated.

Question 2

Consider the following voting mechanism: Three committee members decide (vote) each secretly on an option α , β , γ . The the votes are counted. If any options gets two votes, then this option is the outcome. Otherwise player 1 (the chairperson) decides. The payoffs are as follows: If option α is voted, player 1 gets € 8 and player 3 € 4, for option β player 1 gets € 4 and player 2 gets € 8, and for option γ , player 2 gets € 4 and player 3 € 8. If a player is not metioned in this list, she gets nothing.

- 1 Express the game in extensive form.
- 2 Transform the game to reduced strategic form.
- 3 Formalise the following assertion for games in extensive form as concrete as possible: **Whenever a player moves, she remembers all the information she knew earlier..**

Question 3

Consider the following two games:

	P_2	
	C	S
P_1		
C	$-100, -100$	$1, 0$
S	$0, 1$	$0, 0$

	Q_2	
	M	F
Q_1		
Rr	$0, 0$	$1, -1$
Rp	$0.5, -0.5$	$0, 0$
Pr	$-0.5, 0.5$	$1, -1$
Pp	$0, 0$	$0, 0$

- 1 Compute all Nash equilibria of the game Γ_1 to the left.
- 2 Find all strongly dominated strategies of the game Γ_2 to the right. And define the fully reduced normal representation of Γ_2 .
- 3 Compute all Nash equilibria of Γ_2 .

Question 4

- 1 Define the Lemke-Howson algorithm including all necessary assumptions for its invocation.
- 2 Define the complexity class PPAD and indicate the connection to the LH algorithm.

will be replaced by question about Bayesian Nash equilibrium/auctions, ...

Determine whether the statements on the answer sheet are true or false.

statement

yes

no

To assert a player is intelligent, means the player is as smart as the observer.

☐
☐

A randomised strategy σ is a best response to a strategy τ if at least one strategy in the support set of σ is a best responses to τ .

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☐

The fully reduced normal representation is derived from the normal representation by eliminating all strategies that are (randomly) redundant in the normal representation.

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☐

A strategy for player i in the Bayesian game is a function from the types of player i into the set of actions (of player i).

☐
☐

statement

yes

no

Given a finite game Γ in extensive form, there exists at least one pure equilibrium.

☐☐

Baysian Nash equilibria differs slightly from Nash equilibria, in particular Baysian Nash equilibria need not be best responses.

☐☐

A polyhedron is a polytope that is bounded.

☐☐

If $NP = P$, then also $PPAD = P$.

☐☐

Two Last Questions

Question

open or closed exam?

Question

exam next week?