

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Matriculation Number: \_\_\_\_\_

Points: \_\_\_\_\_

This exam consists of 2 exercises, for a total of 22 points (so there is roughly 1 point per 2 minutes).  
The available points per exercise are written in the margin.

**Exercise 1: Multiple Choice**

12

In each multiple choice question, you get

- 3 points for 3 correct answers,
- 1 point for 2 correct answers,
- 0 points, otherwise.

Consider the following Haskell function.

```
foo x y z = if y == z then 1 else x * foo x y (z + 1)
```

(a) Mark all valid evaluations. (3)

- `foo 8 6 4 = 8`
- `foo 7 6 5 = 7`
- `foo 2 4 0 = 32`

(b) Mark all valid type declarations of `foo`. (3)

- `foo :: Num a => a -> a -> a -> a`
- `foo :: (Num a, Num b, Eq b) => a -> b -> b -> a`
- `foo :: Float -> Float -> Float -> Float`

(c) Mark all valid type declarations of `foo`. (3)

- `foo :: Integer -> Integer -> (Integer -> Integer)`
- `foo :: (Integer, Integer, Integer) -> Integer`
- `foo :: (Integer -> Integer) -> Integer -> Integer`

(d) Mark all declarations that compile without errors. (3)

- `data Foo a b = Foo Int | Bar Char [a]`
- `com x y = if x == y then 1 + com x + 1 else 0`
- `asdf x = asdf x - asdf x`

**Exercise 2: Programming**

10

- (a) Define a datatype `Meal` with three constructors corresponding to a salad, an apple and a cake. (1)

- (b) Define a function `price` which converts meals to their price in Euros. Use the prices from the table below. Give both the type definition and the defining equations. (3)

<code>meal</code>	<code>salad</code>	<code>apple</code>	<code>cake</code>
price in Euros	3	0.8	99.99

- (c) Write a type-class instantiation such that `Meal` becomes an instance of `Show`. The meals should be displayed as "A Salad", "An Apple" and "A Cake". (3)

- (d) Define a function `meals_below` which takes a price and a list of meals and returns the filtered list of those meals that cost at most the given price. For instance, `meals_below 3 [Apple, Salad, Cake, Salad]` = `[Apple, Salad, Salad]`. Give both the type definition and the defining equations. (3)

- You can assume that the `price` function from the previous exercise exists.
- You can use the predefined functions `head`, `tail`, and `null`.
- It is not allowed to use any other predefined function on lists.
- It is not allowed to use pattern matching.