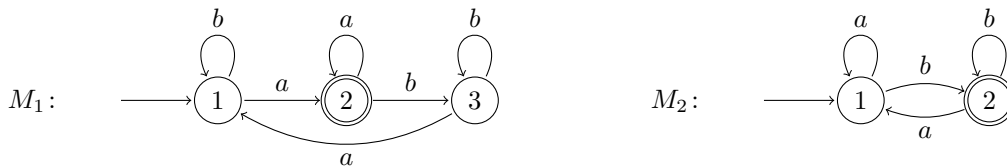


Solved exercises must be marked and solutions (as a single PDF file) uploaded in **OLAT**. The (strict) deadline is 7 am on November 29.

### Exercises

- (2) 1. Let  $U_1, U_2, U_3 \subseteq \Sigma^*$ . Determine whether the following equalities hold. Explain your answers.
- $(U_1 \cup U_2) \cdot U_3^\omega = (U_1 \cdot U_3^\omega) \cup (U_2 \cdot U_3^\omega)$
  - $U_1 \cdot (U_2 \cup U_3)^\omega = (U_1 \cdot U_2^\omega) \cup (U_1 \cdot U_3^\omega)$
  - $(U_1^* \cup U_2^*)^\omega = (U_1 \cup U_2)^\omega$
  - $(U_1^* \cdot U_2^*)^\omega = (U_1 \cdot U_2)^\omega$
- (3) 2. Give Büchi automata accepting the following  $\omega$ -regular sets. Which of these are accepted by a DBA?
- $\{ab, ba\}^\omega$
  - $\{x \in \{a, b, c\}^\omega \mid x \text{ does not contain the substring } ab\}$
  - $\{x \in \{a, b, c\}^\omega \mid \text{there are at least two } b\text{'s between each two successive } a\text{'s in } x\}$
- (2) 3. Consider the following NBAs over  $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$ :



- (a) For each of the following sets give an infinite string that is contained in it:

$$L(M_1) - L(M_2)$$

$$L(M_2) - L(M_1)$$

$$L(M_1) \cap L(M_2)$$

- (b) Apply the product construction from [slide 26](#) to obtain an NBA  $M$  such that  $L(M) = L(M_1) \cap L(M_2)$ .

- (2) 4. Prove or disprove the following statement: For every Büchi automaton  $M$  there exists a Büchi automaton  $M'$  such that  $L(M) = L(M')$  and  $M'$  has a single accepting state.
- (1) 5. Show that it is decidable whether  $L(M) = \emptyset$  for a given Büchi automaton  $M$ .

### Bonus Exercise

- (5) 6. Show that there is a singleton set  $A \subseteq \Sigma^\omega$  which is not  $\omega$ -regular.