

## Fixed Base Elementary Interpretations

**Harald Zankl**   Sarah Winkler   Aart Middeldorp

University of Innsbruck, Austria

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# Overview

- Motivation
- Encoding
- Implementation
- Conclusion

# Why elementary interpretations?

## Some history

method	theory	implementation
polynomials	Lankford'79	

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## Which functions

✓  $+$ ,  $\times$ ,  $2^x$

?  $x^2$ ,  $y^x$

✗  $\sin(x)$ ,  $\log(x)$ ,  $\sqrt[n]{m}$

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$$0 \cdot x \rightarrow 0$$

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$$x + 5 > x$$

$$4x > 2$$

$$2^{2^2} > 4$$

$$2x + y + 5 > 2x + y + 3$$

$$2^{x+2} y > 2^{x+1} y + y + 1$$

$$2^{2^{x+2}} > 2^{x+2} 2^{2^x}$$

## FBIs - General idea

$$f(\vec{x}) = \sum_{1 \leq i \leq n} x_i f_i + f_0 + b^{f'(\vec{x})} \left( \sum_{1 \leq i \leq n} x_i \dot{f}_i + \dot{f}_0 \right)$$

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## Problem (FBI not closed under typical operations)

- addition:  $2^x + 2^y \quad \times$
- multiplication:  $2^x(x + 2^y) = 2^x x + 2^{x+y} \quad \times$
- composition:  $(x + 2^x x) \circ 2^x = 2^x + 2^{2^x} 2^x = 2^x + 2^{2^x+x} \quad \times$
- scalar multiplication:  $(x + 2^x y)4 = 4x + 2^x 4y \quad \checkmark$

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- multiplication:  $2^x(x + 2^y) = 2^x x + 2^{x+y}$  ✗
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- scalar multiplication:  $(x + 2^x y)4 = 4x + 2^x 4y$  ✓

## Solution

- use approximations
- if  $[\alpha]_{\mathcal{A}}^{\nu}(\ell) > [\alpha]_{\mathcal{A}}^{\mu}(r)$  for all  $\ell \rightarrow r \in \mathcal{R}$  then  $\mathcal{R}$  is terminating

# Desired properties

$$f(\vec{x}) = \sum_{1 \leq i \leq n} x_i f_i + f_0 + b^{f'(\vec{x})} \left( \sum_{1 \leq i \leq n} x_i \dot{f}_i + \dot{f}_0 \right) = \bar{f}(\vec{x}) + b^{f'(\vec{x})} \dot{f}(\vec{x})$$

Well-definedness ( $\mathbb{N}_{\geq 1}$ )

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## Monotonicity

$$mon(f) := \bigwedge_{1 \leq i \leq n} (f_i > 0 \vee \dot{f}_i > 0 \vee (\dot{f} > 0 \wedge mon(f')))$$

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$$f(\vec{x}) = \sum_{1 \leq i \leq n} x_i f_i + f_0 + b^{f'(\vec{x})} \left( \sum_{1 \leq i \leq n} x_i \dot{f}_i + \dot{f}_0 \right) \quad g(\vec{x}) = \sum_{1 \leq i \leq n} x_i g_i + g_0 + b^{g'(\vec{x})} \left( \sum_{1 \leq i \leq n} x_i \dot{g}_i + \dot{g}_0 \right)$$

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- $2^x +_{\mu} 2^{x+1} = 2^x 2 \equiv 2^{x+1}$
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# Multiplication

$$f(\vec{x}) = \sum_{1 \leq i \leq n} x_i f_i + f_0 + b^{f'(\vec{x})} \left( \sum_{1 \leq i \leq n} x_i \dot{f}_i + \dot{f}_0 \right)$$

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- $2^x \cdot_{\mu} y =$
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# Composition

Let  $f(\vec{g})(\vec{x}) := f(g_1(\vec{x}), \dots, g_n(\vec{x}))$  and  $\sum_{1 \leq i \leq n}^{\mu} h_i := h_1 +_{\mu} \dots +_{\mu} h_n$ .

$$f(\vec{g})_{\mu}(\vec{x}) = \sum_{1 \leq i \leq n}^{\mu} g_i(\vec{x}) f_i +_{\mu} f_0 +_{\mu} b^{f'(\vec{g})_{\mu}(\vec{x})} \cdot_{\mu} \left( \sum_{1 \leq i \leq n}^{\mu} g_i(\vec{x}) \dot{f}_i +_{\mu} \dot{f}_0 \right)$$

$$f(\vec{g})_{\nu}(\vec{x}) = \sum_{1 \leq i \leq n}^{\nu} g_i(\vec{x}) f_i +_{\nu} f_0 +_{\nu} b^{f'(\vec{g})_{\nu}(\vec{x})} \cdot_{\nu} \left( \sum_{1 \leq i \leq n}^{\nu} g_i(\vec{x}) \dot{f}_i +_{\nu} \dot{f}_0 \right)$$

# Comparison

$$[f(\vec{x}) \geq g(\vec{x})]$$

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$$[f(\vec{x}) \geq g(\vec{x})] := (\dot{g}(\vec{x}) > 0 \rightarrow [f'(\vec{x}) \geq g'(\vec{x})]) \wedge (\textcircled{1} \vee \textcircled{2} \vee \textcircled{3})$$

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$$\textcircled{1} \quad \dot{f}(\vec{x}) > 0 \wedge [f'(\vec{x})b \geq g(\vec{x})]$$

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- $\textcircled{1} \quad \dot{f}(\vec{x}) > 0 \wedge [f'(\vec{x})b \geq g(\vec{x})] \qquad \textcircled{2} \quad \bar{f}(\vec{x}) \geq \bar{g}(\vec{x}) \wedge \dot{f}(\vec{x}) \geq \dot{g}(\vec{x})$   
 $\textcircled{3} \quad \lfloor b^{\bar{f}'(\vec{x}) - \bar{g}'(\vec{x})} \rfloor \dot{f}(\vec{x}) \geq \dot{g}(\vec{x}) + \alpha(\vec{x}) \wedge \bar{f}(\vec{x}) + \lfloor b^{\bar{g}'(\vec{x})} \rfloor \alpha(\vec{x}) \geq \bar{b}(\vec{x})$



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$$p(\vec{x}) + b^{p'(\vec{x})} \dot{p}(\vec{x}) \geq q(\vec{x}) + b^{q'(\vec{x})} \dot{q}(\vec{x})$$

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$$p(\vec{x}) + b^{p'(\vec{x})} \dot{p}(\vec{x}) \geq q(\vec{x}) + b^{q'(\vec{x})} \dot{q}(\vec{x})$$

$$\frac{p(\vec{x})}{b^{q'(\vec{x})}} + b^{p'(\vec{x}) - q'(\vec{x})} \dot{p}(\vec{x}) \geq \frac{q(\vec{x})}{b^{q'(\vec{x})}} + \dot{q}(\vec{x})$$

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$$[b^{p'(\vec{x})}] := p'(\vec{x}) = 0 ? 1 : p'(\vec{x})b$$

# Heuristics

1-5 limit coefficients

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6 avoid non-linear polynomials



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## Example (Factorial)

$$0 + x \rightarrow x$$

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$$\text{fact}(0) \rightarrow s(0)$$

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function symbol	0	s	+	·	fact
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function symbol	0	s	+	·	fact
degree	0	0	0	1	

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function symbol	0	s	+	·	fact
degree	0	0	0	1	2

# Experimental results

method	TPDB 8.0.6 <sup>1</sup>		Example (Factorial)
	YES	avg. time	avg. time
poly	125	0.4	-

---

<sup>1</sup>TRS Standard



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method	TPDB 8.0.6 <sup>1</sup>		Example (Factorial)
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fbi(d)	161	5.2	25.3

---

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method	TPDB 8.0.6 <sup>1</sup>		Example (Factorial)
	YES	avg. time	avg. time
poly	125	0.4	-
fbi	44	30.7	<i>2857.1</i>
fbi(d)	161	5.2	25.3
fbi(d1)	163	5.6	24.9
fbi(d2)	159	5.1	13.8
fbi(d3)	161	5.1	24.5
fbi(d4)	161	5.0	24.3
fbi(d5)	164	5.4	20.8
fbi(d6)	158	4.3	25.5
fbi(d123456)	154	3.3	10.1

---

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# Conclusion

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- implementation of elementary functions
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## Future work

- suitable for AC
- suitable for ordered completion