

# Modular Complexity Analysis via Relative Complexity

**Harald Zankl**

Martin Korp

Institute of Computer Science  
University of Innsbruck  
Austria

RTA 2010 (Edinburgh) 13 July 2010



# Overview

- Derivational Complexity
- Relative Rewriting
- Modular Complexity
- Experiments
- Conclusion

# Derivational Complexity

## Definition (Derivation Height)

$$\text{dh}(t, \rightarrow) = \max\{n \mid t = t_0 \rightarrow t_1 \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow t_n\}$$

# Derivational Complexity

## Definition (Derivation Height)

$$\text{dh}(t, \rightarrow) = \max\{n \mid t = t_0 \rightarrow t_1 \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow t_n\}$$

## Definition (Derivational Complexity)

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow) = \max\{\text{dh}(t, \rightarrow) \mid |t| \leq m\}$$

# Derivational Complexity

## Definition (Derivation Height)

$$\text{dh}(t, \rightarrow) = \max\{n \mid t = t_0 \rightarrow t_1 \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow t_n\}$$

## Definition (Derivational Complexity)

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow) = \max\{\text{dh}(t, \rightarrow) \mid |t| \leq m\}$$

## Lemma

> *rewrite relation*

# Derivational Complexity

## Definition (Derivation Height)

$$\text{dh}(t, \rightarrow) = \max\{n \mid t = t_0 \rightarrow t_1 \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow t_n\}$$

## Definition (Derivational Complexity)

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow) = \max\{\text{dh}(t, \rightarrow) \mid |t| \leq m\}$$

## Lemma

> *rewrite relation* and  $\mathcal{R} \subseteq >$

# Derivational Complexity

## Definition (Derivation Height)

$$\text{dh}(t, \rightarrow) = \max\{n \mid t = t_0 \rightarrow t_1 \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow t_n\}$$

## Definition (Derivational Complexity)

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow) = \max\{\text{dh}(t, \rightarrow) \mid |t| \leq m\}$$

## Lemma

$$> \text{ *rewrite relation* and } \mathcal{R} \subseteq > \longrightarrow \text{dc}(m, >) \geq \text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}})$$

# Derivational Complexity

## Definition (Derivation Height)

$$\text{dh}(t, \rightarrow) = \max\{n \mid t = t_0 \rightarrow t_1 \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow t_n\}$$

## Definition (Derivational Complexity)

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow) = \max\{\text{dh}(t, \rightarrow) \mid |t| \leq m\}$$

## Lemma

$$> \text{ rewrite relation and } \mathcal{R} \subseteq > \longrightarrow \text{dc}(m, >) \geq \text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}})$$

## Current approaches

TMIs



# Derivational Complexity

## Definition (Derivation Height)

$$\text{dh}(t, \rightarrow) = \max\{n \mid t = t_0 \rightarrow t_1 \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow t_n\}$$

## Definition (Derivational Complexity)

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow) = \max\{\text{dh}(t, \rightarrow) \mid |t| \leq m\}$$

## Lemma

$$> \text{ rewrite relation and } \mathcal{R} \subseteq > \longrightarrow \text{dc}(m, >) \geq \text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}})$$

## Current approaches

TMIs, AMIs

# Derivational Complexity

## Definition (Derivation Height)

$$\text{dh}(t, \rightarrow) = \max\{n \mid t = t_0 \rightarrow t_1 \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow t_n\}$$

## Definition (Derivational Complexity)

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow) = \max\{\text{dh}(t, \rightarrow) \mid |t| \leq m\}$$

## Lemma

$$> \text{ rewrite relation and } \mathcal{R} \subseteq > \longrightarrow \text{dc}(m, >) \geq \text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}})$$

## Current approaches

TMIs, AMIs, **matchbounds**

# Derivational Complexity

## Definition (Derivation Height)

$$\text{dh}(t, \rightarrow) = \max\{n \mid t = t_0 \rightarrow t_1 \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow t_n\}$$

## Definition (Derivational Complexity)

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow) = \max\{\text{dh}(t, \rightarrow) \mid |t| \leq m\}$$

## Lemma

$$> \text{ rewrite relation and } \mathcal{R} \subseteq > \longrightarrow \text{dc}(m, >) \geq \text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}})$$

## Example

$$a(x) \rightarrow b(x)$$

# Derivational Complexity

## Definition (Derivation Height)

$$\text{dh}(t, \rightarrow) = \max\{n \mid t = t_0 \rightarrow t_1 \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow t_n\}$$

## Definition (Derivational Complexity)

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow) = \max\{\text{dh}(t, \rightarrow) \mid |t| \leq m\}$$

## Lemma

$$> \text{ rewrite relation and } \mathcal{R} \subseteq > \longrightarrow \text{dc}(m, >) \geq \text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}})$$

## Example

$$a(x) > b(x)$$

$$a_{\mathbb{N}}(x) = x + 2 \quad b_{\mathbb{N}}(x) = x + 1$$

# Derivational Complexity

## Definition (Derivation Height)

$$\text{dh}(t, \rightarrow) = \max\{n \mid t = t_0 \rightarrow t_1 \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow t_n\}$$

## Definition (Derivational Complexity)

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow) = \max\{\text{dh}(t, \rightarrow) \mid |t| \leq m\}$$

## Lemma

$$> \text{ rewrite relation and } \mathcal{R} \subseteq > \longrightarrow \text{dc}(m, >) \geq \text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}})$$

## Example

$$a(x) \rightarrow b(x)$$

$$a_{\mathbb{N}}(x) = x + 2 \quad b_{\mathbb{N}}(x) = x + 1$$

$$[t]_{\mathbb{N}} \leq 2 \cdot |t|$$

# Derivational Complexity

## Definition (Derivation Height)

$$\text{dh}(t, \rightarrow) = \max\{n \mid t = t_0 \rightarrow t_1 \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow t_n\}$$

## Definition (Derivational Complexity)

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow) = \max\{\text{dh}(t, \rightarrow) \mid |t| \leq m\}$$

## Lemma

$$> \text{ rewrite relation and } \mathcal{R} \subseteq > \longrightarrow \text{dc}(m, >) \geq \text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}})$$

## Example

$$a(x) \rightarrow b(x) \qquad a_{\mathbb{N}}(x) = x + 2 \quad b_{\mathbb{N}}(x) = x + 1$$

$$[t]_{\mathbb{N}} \leq 2 \cdot |t| \longrightarrow \text{dc}(m, >_{\mathbb{N}}) = \mathcal{O}(m)$$

# Derivational Complexity

## Definition (Derivation Height)

$$\text{dh}(t, \rightarrow) = \max\{n \mid t = t_0 \rightarrow t_1 \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow t_n\}$$

## Definition (Derivational Complexity)

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow) = \max\{\text{dh}(t, \rightarrow) \mid |t| \leq m\}$$

## Lemma

$$> \text{ rewrite relation and } \mathcal{R} \subseteq > \longrightarrow \text{dc}(m, >) \geq \text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}})$$

## Example

$$a(x) \rightarrow b(x) \qquad a_{\mathbb{N}}(x) = x + 2 \quad b_{\mathbb{N}}(x) = x + 1$$

$$[t]_{\mathbb{N}} \leq 2 \cdot |t| \longrightarrow \text{dc}(m, >_{\mathbb{N}}) = \mathcal{O}(m) \longrightarrow \text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}}) = \mathcal{O}(m)$$

# Relative Termination

## Definition

$$\rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}/\mathcal{S}} = \rightarrow_{\mathcal{S}}^* \cdot \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}} \cdot \rightarrow_{\mathcal{S}}^*$$



# Relative Termination

## Definition

$$\rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}/\mathcal{S}} = \rightarrow_{\mathcal{S}}^* \cdot \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}} \cdot \rightarrow_{\mathcal{S}}^*$$

## Theorem (Geser 1990)

$$SN(\mathcal{R} \cup \mathcal{S}) \iff SN(\mathcal{R}/\mathcal{S}) \wedge SN(\mathcal{S})$$

# Relative Termination

## Definition

$$\rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}/\mathcal{S}} = \rightarrow_{\mathcal{S}}^* \cdot \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}} \cdot \rightarrow_{\mathcal{S}}^*$$

## Theorem (Geser 1990)

$$SN(\mathcal{R} \cup \mathcal{S}) \iff SN(\mathcal{R}/\mathcal{S}) \wedge SN(\mathcal{S})$$

## Proof idea

$$\begin{array}{l} \mathcal{R} \subseteq > \mathcal{S} \subseteq \geq \\ \mathcal{S} \subseteq > \end{array}$$

$$t_1 \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}} t_2 \rightarrow_{\mathcal{S}} t_3 \rightarrow_{\mathcal{S}} t_4 \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}} \dots$$

# Relative Termination

## Definition

$$\rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}/\mathcal{S}} = \rightarrow_{\mathcal{S}}^* \cdot \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}} \cdot \rightarrow_{\mathcal{S}}^*$$

## Theorem (Geser 1990)

$$SN(\mathcal{R} \cup \mathcal{S}) \iff SN(\mathcal{R}/\mathcal{S}) \wedge SN(\mathcal{S})$$

## Proof idea

$$\begin{array}{l} \mathcal{R} \subseteq > \mathcal{S} \subseteq \gg \\ \mathcal{S} \subseteq > \end{array}$$

$$t_1 \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}} t_2 \rightarrow_{\mathcal{S}} t_3 \rightarrow_{\mathcal{S}} t_4 \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}} \dots$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} t_1 \\ t_1 \end{pmatrix}$$

# Relative Termination

## Definition

$$\rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}/\mathcal{S}} = \rightarrow_{\mathcal{S}}^* \cdot \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}} \cdot \rightarrow_{\mathcal{S}}^*$$

## Theorem (Geser 1990)

$$SN(\mathcal{R} \cup \mathcal{S}) \iff SN(\mathcal{R}/\mathcal{S}) \wedge SN(\mathcal{S})$$

## Proof idea

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{R} \subseteq > \mathcal{S} \subseteq \geq \\ \mathcal{S} \subseteq > \end{aligned}$$

$$t_1 \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}} t_2 \rightarrow_{\mathcal{S}} t_3 \rightarrow_{\mathcal{S}} t_4 \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}} \dots$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} t_1 \\ t_1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{matrix} > \\ ? \end{matrix} \begin{pmatrix} t_2 \\ t_2 \end{pmatrix}$$

# Relative Termination

## Definition

$$\rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}/\mathcal{S}} = \rightarrow_{\mathcal{S}}^* \cdot \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}} \cdot \rightarrow_{\mathcal{S}}^*$$

## Theorem (Geser 1990)

$$SN(\mathcal{R} \cup \mathcal{S}) \iff SN(\mathcal{R}/\mathcal{S}) \wedge SN(\mathcal{S})$$

## Proof idea

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{R} \subseteq > \mathcal{S} \subseteq \geq \\ \mathcal{S} \subseteq > \end{aligned}$$

$$t_1 \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}} t_2 \rightarrow_{\mathcal{S}} t_3 \rightarrow_{\mathcal{S}} t_4 \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}} \dots$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} t_1 \\ t_1 \end{pmatrix} > \begin{pmatrix} t_2 \\ t_2 \end{pmatrix} \geq \begin{pmatrix} t_3 \\ t_3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} t_1 \\ t_1 \end{pmatrix} ? \begin{pmatrix} t_2 \\ t_2 \end{pmatrix} > \begin{pmatrix} t_3 \\ t_3 \end{pmatrix}$$

# Relative Termination

## Definition

$$\rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}/\mathcal{S}} = \rightarrow_{\mathcal{S}}^* \cdot \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}} \cdot \rightarrow_{\mathcal{S}}^*$$

## Theorem (Geser 1990)

$$SN(\mathcal{R} \cup \mathcal{S}) \iff SN(\mathcal{R}/\mathcal{S}) \wedge SN(\mathcal{S})$$

## Proof idea

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{R} &\subseteq > \mathcal{S} \subseteq \geq \\ \mathcal{S} &\subseteq > \end{aligned}$$

$$t_1 \xrightarrow{\mathcal{R}} t_2 \xrightarrow{\mathcal{S}} t_3 \xrightarrow{\mathcal{S}} t_4 \xrightarrow{\mathcal{R}} \dots$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} t_1 \\ t_1 \end{pmatrix} > \begin{pmatrix} t_2 \\ t_2 \end{pmatrix} \geq \begin{pmatrix} t_3 \\ t_3 \end{pmatrix} \geq \begin{pmatrix} t_4 \\ t_4 \end{pmatrix} > \dots$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} t_1 \\ t_1 \end{pmatrix} ? \begin{pmatrix} t_2 \\ t_2 \end{pmatrix} > \begin{pmatrix} t_3 \\ t_3 \end{pmatrix} > \begin{pmatrix} t_4 \\ t_4 \end{pmatrix} ? \dots$$

# Relative Termination for Complexity

## Question

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}\cup\mathcal{S}}) = \mathcal{O}(\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}/\mathcal{S}}) + \text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{S}}))$$

# Relative Termination for Complexity

## Question

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R} \cup \mathcal{S}}) = \mathcal{O}(\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}/\mathcal{S}}) + \text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{S}}))$$

## Proof idea

$$\begin{pmatrix} t_1 \\ t_1 \end{pmatrix} > \begin{pmatrix} t_2 \\ t_2 \end{pmatrix} \geq \begin{pmatrix} t_3 \\ t_3 \end{pmatrix} \geq \begin{pmatrix} t_4 \\ t_4 \end{pmatrix} > \dots$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} t_1 \\ t_1 \end{pmatrix} ? \begin{pmatrix} t_2 \\ t_2 \end{pmatrix} > \begin{pmatrix} t_3 \\ t_3 \end{pmatrix} > \begin{pmatrix} t_4 \\ t_4 \end{pmatrix} ?$$



# Relative Termination for Complexity

## Question

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R} \cup \mathcal{S}}) = \mathcal{O}(\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}/\mathcal{S}}) + \text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{S}}))$$

## Proof idea

$$\begin{pmatrix} t_1 \\ t_1 \end{pmatrix} > \begin{pmatrix} t_2 \\ t_2 \end{pmatrix} \geq \begin{pmatrix} t_3 \\ t_3 \end{pmatrix} \geq \begin{pmatrix} t_4 \\ t_4 \end{pmatrix} > \dots$$

## Counterexample (Hofbauer, 2006)

$$\mathcal{R} = \{cL \rightarrow R\}$$

$$\mathcal{S} = \{Ra \rightarrow bbR, R \rightarrow L, bL \rightarrow La\}$$

# Relative Termination for Complexity

## Question

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R} \cup \mathcal{S}}) = \mathcal{O}(\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}/\mathcal{S}}) + \text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{S}}))$$

## Proof idea

$$\begin{pmatrix} t_1 \\ t_1 \end{pmatrix} > \begin{pmatrix} t_2 \\ t_2 \end{pmatrix} \geq \begin{pmatrix} t_3 \\ t_3 \end{pmatrix} \geq \begin{pmatrix} t_4 \\ t_4 \end{pmatrix} > \dots$$

## Counterexample (Hofbauer, 2006)

$$\mathcal{R} = \{\text{cL} \rightarrow \text{R}\}$$

$$\mathcal{S} = \{\text{Ra} \rightarrow \text{bbR}, \text{R} \rightarrow \text{L}, \text{bL} \rightarrow \text{La}\}$$

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}/\mathcal{S}}) = ?$$

# Relative Termination for Complexity

## Question

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R} \cup \mathcal{S}}) = \mathcal{O}(\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}/\mathcal{S}}) + \text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{S}}))$$

## Proof idea

$$\begin{pmatrix} t_1 \\ t_1 \end{pmatrix} > \begin{pmatrix} t_2 \\ t_2 \end{pmatrix} \geq \begin{pmatrix} t_3 \\ t_3 \end{pmatrix} \geq \begin{pmatrix} t_4 \\ t_4 \end{pmatrix} > \dots$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} t_1 \\ t_1 \end{pmatrix} ? \begin{pmatrix} t_2 \\ t_2 \end{pmatrix} > \begin{pmatrix} t_3 \\ t_3 \end{pmatrix} > \begin{pmatrix} t_4 \\ t_4 \end{pmatrix} ? \dots$$

## Counterexample (Hofbauer, 2006)

$$\mathcal{R} = \{\text{cL} \rightarrow \text{R}\}$$

$$\mathcal{S} = \{\text{Ra} \rightarrow \text{bbR}, \text{R} \rightarrow \text{L}, \text{bL} \rightarrow \text{La}\}$$

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}/\mathcal{S}}) = \mathcal{O}(m)$$

# Relative Termination for Complexity

## Question

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R} \cup \mathcal{S}}) = \mathcal{O}(\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}/\mathcal{S}}) + \text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{S}}))$$

## Proof idea

$$\begin{pmatrix} t_1 \\ t_1 \end{pmatrix} > \begin{pmatrix} t_2 \\ t_2 \end{pmatrix} \geq \begin{pmatrix} t_3 \\ t_3 \end{pmatrix} \geq \begin{pmatrix} t_4 \\ t_4 \end{pmatrix} > \dots$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} t_1 \\ t_1 \end{pmatrix} ? \begin{pmatrix} t_2 \\ t_2 \end{pmatrix} > \begin{pmatrix} t_3 \\ t_3 \end{pmatrix} > \begin{pmatrix} t_4 \\ t_4 \end{pmatrix} ? \dots$$

## Counterexample (Hofbauer, 2006)

$$\mathcal{R} = \{\text{cL} \rightarrow \text{R}\}$$

$$\mathcal{S} = \{\text{Ra} \rightarrow \text{bbR}, \text{R} \rightarrow \text{L}, \text{bL} \rightarrow \text{La}\}$$

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}/\mathcal{S}}) = \mathcal{O}(m) \quad \text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{S}}) = ?$$

# Relative Termination for Complexity

## Question

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R} \cup \mathcal{S}}) = \mathcal{O}(\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}/\mathcal{S}}) + \text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{S}}))$$

## Proof idea

$$\begin{pmatrix} t_1 \\ t_1 \end{pmatrix} > \begin{pmatrix} t_2 \\ t_2 \end{pmatrix} \geq \begin{pmatrix} t_3 \\ t_3 \end{pmatrix} \geq \begin{pmatrix} t_4 \\ t_4 \end{pmatrix} > \dots$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} t_1 \\ t_1 \end{pmatrix} ? \begin{pmatrix} t_2 \\ t_2 \end{pmatrix} > \begin{pmatrix} t_3 \\ t_3 \end{pmatrix} > \begin{pmatrix} t_4 \\ t_4 \end{pmatrix} ? \dots$$

## Counterexample (Hofbauer, 2006)

$$\mathcal{R} = \{\text{cL} \rightarrow \text{R}\}$$

$$\mathcal{S} = \{\text{Ra} \rightarrow \text{bbR}, \text{R} \rightarrow \text{L}, \text{bL} \rightarrow \text{La}\}$$

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}/\mathcal{S}}) = \mathcal{O}(m) \quad \text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{S}}) = \mathcal{O}(m)$$

# Relative Termination for Complexity

## Question

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R} \cup \mathcal{S}}) = \mathcal{O}(\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}/\mathcal{S}}) + \text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{S}}))$$

## Proof idea

$$\begin{pmatrix} t_1 \\ t_1 \end{pmatrix} > \begin{pmatrix} t_2 \\ t_2 \end{pmatrix} \geq \begin{pmatrix} t_3 \\ t_3 \end{pmatrix} \geq \begin{pmatrix} t_4 \\ t_4 \end{pmatrix} > \dots$$

## Counterexample (Hofbauer, 2006)

$$\mathcal{R} = \{\text{cL} \rightarrow \text{R}\}$$

$$\mathcal{S} = \{\text{Ra} \rightarrow \text{bbR}, \text{R} \rightarrow \text{L}, \text{bL} \rightarrow \text{La}\}$$

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}/\mathcal{S}}) = \mathcal{O}(m)$$

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{S}}) = \mathcal{O}(m)$$

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R} \cup \mathcal{S}}) = ?$$

# Relative Termination for Complexity

## Question

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R} \cup \mathcal{S}}) = \mathcal{O}(\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}/\mathcal{S}}) + \text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{S}}))$$

## Proof idea

$$\begin{pmatrix} t_1 \\ t_1 \end{pmatrix} > \begin{pmatrix} t_2 \\ t_2 \end{pmatrix} \geq \begin{pmatrix} t_3 \\ t_3 \end{pmatrix} \geq \begin{pmatrix} t_4 \\ t_4 \end{pmatrix} > \dots$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} t_1 \\ t_1 \end{pmatrix} ? \begin{pmatrix} t_2 \\ t_2 \end{pmatrix} > \begin{pmatrix} t_3 \\ t_3 \end{pmatrix} > \begin{pmatrix} t_4 \\ t_4 \end{pmatrix} ? \dots$$

## Counterexample (Hofbauer, 2006)

$$\mathcal{R} = \{\text{cL} \rightarrow \text{R}\}$$

$$\mathcal{S} = \{\text{Ra} \rightarrow \text{bbR}, \text{R} \rightarrow \text{L}, \text{bL} \rightarrow \text{La}\}$$

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}/\mathcal{S}}) = \mathcal{O}(m)$$

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{S}}) = \mathcal{O}(m)$$

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R} \cup \mathcal{S}}) = \mathcal{O}(2^m)$$

# Relative Complexity

## Lemma

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R} \cup \mathcal{S}}) = \mathcal{O}(\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}/\mathcal{S}}) + \text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{S}/\mathcal{R}}))$$



# Relative Complexity

## Lemma

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R} \cup \mathcal{S}}) = \mathcal{O}(\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}/\mathcal{S}}) + \text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{S}/\mathcal{R}}))$$

## Proof idea

$$\mathcal{R} \subseteq > \mathcal{S} \subseteq \geq$$

$$\mathcal{R} \subseteq \geq \mathcal{S} \subseteq >$$

$$t_1 \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}} t_2 \rightarrow_{\mathcal{S}} t_3 \rightarrow_{\mathcal{S}} t_4 \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}} \dots$$

# Relative Complexity

## Lemma

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R} \cup \mathcal{S}}) = \mathcal{O}(\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}/\mathcal{S}}) + \text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{S}/\mathcal{R}}))$$

## Proof idea

$$\mathcal{R} \subseteq > \mathcal{S} \subseteq \geq$$

$$\mathcal{R} \subseteq \geq \mathcal{S} \subseteq >$$

$$t_1 \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}} t_2 \rightarrow_{\mathcal{S}} t_3 \rightarrow_{\mathcal{S}} t_4 \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}} \dots$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} t_1 \\ t_1 \end{pmatrix}$$

# Relative Complexity

## Lemma

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R} \cup \mathcal{S}}) = \mathcal{O}(\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}/\mathcal{S}}) + \text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{S}/\mathcal{R}}))$$

## Proof idea

$$\mathcal{R} \subseteq > \mathcal{S} \subseteq \geq$$

$$\mathcal{R} \subseteq \geq \mathcal{S} \subseteq >$$

$$t_1 \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}} t_2 \rightarrow_{\mathcal{S}} t_3 \rightarrow_{\mathcal{S}} t_4 \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}} \dots$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} t_1 \\ t_1 \end{pmatrix} > \begin{pmatrix} t_2 \\ t_2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} t_1 \\ t_1 \end{pmatrix} \geq \begin{pmatrix} t_2 \\ t_2 \end{pmatrix}$$

# Relative Complexity

## Lemma

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R} \cup \mathcal{S}}) = \mathcal{O}(\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}/\mathcal{S}}) + \text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{S}/\mathcal{R}}))$$

## Proof idea

$$\mathcal{R} \subseteq > \mathcal{S} \subseteq \geq$$

$$\mathcal{R} \subseteq \geq \mathcal{S} \subseteq >$$

$$t_1 \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}} t_2 \rightarrow_{\mathcal{S}} t_3 \rightarrow_{\mathcal{S}} t_4 \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}} \dots$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} t_1 \\ t_1 \end{pmatrix} > \begin{pmatrix} t_2 \\ t_2 \end{pmatrix} \geq \begin{pmatrix} t_3 \\ t_3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} t_1 \\ t_1 \end{pmatrix} \geq \begin{pmatrix} t_2 \\ t_2 \end{pmatrix} > \begin{pmatrix} t_3 \\ t_3 \end{pmatrix}$$

# Relative Complexity

## Lemma

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R} \cup \mathcal{S}}) = \mathcal{O}(\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}/\mathcal{S}}) + \text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{S}/\mathcal{R}}))$$

## Proof idea

$$\mathcal{R} \subseteq > \mathcal{S} \subseteq \geq$$

$$\mathcal{R} \subseteq \geq \mathcal{S} \subseteq >$$

$$t_1 \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}} t_2 \rightarrow_{\mathcal{S}} t_3 \rightarrow_{\mathcal{S}} t_4 \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}} \dots$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} t_1 \\ t_1 \end{pmatrix} > \begin{pmatrix} t_2 \\ t_2 \end{pmatrix} \geq \begin{pmatrix} t_3 \\ t_3 \end{pmatrix} \geq \begin{pmatrix} t_4 \\ t_4 \end{pmatrix} > \dots$$

# Relative Complexity

## Lemma

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R} \cup \mathcal{S}}) = \Theta(\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}/\mathcal{S}}) + \text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{S}/\mathcal{R}}))$$

## Proof idea

$$\mathcal{R} \subseteq > \mathcal{S} \subseteq \geq$$

$$\mathcal{R} \subseteq \geq \mathcal{S} \subseteq >$$

$$t_1 \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}} t_2 \rightarrow_{\mathcal{S}} t_3 \rightarrow_{\mathcal{S}} t_4 \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}} \dots$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} t_1 \\ t_1 \end{pmatrix} > \begin{pmatrix} t_2 \\ t_2 \end{pmatrix} \geq \begin{pmatrix} t_3 \\ t_3 \end{pmatrix} \geq \begin{pmatrix} t_4 \\ t_4 \end{pmatrix} > \dots$$

# Modular Complexity

Lemma

$$dc(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}}) = dc(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}/\emptyset})$$

# Modular Complexity

## Lemma

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}}) = \text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}/\emptyset}) \quad \text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\emptyset/S}) = \mathcal{O}(1)$$



# Modular Complexity

## Lemma

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}}) = \text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}/\emptyset}) \quad \text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\emptyset/S}) = \mathcal{O}(1)$$

## Theorem

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{(\mathcal{R}_1 \cup \mathcal{R}_2)/S}) = \Theta(\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_1/(S \cup \mathcal{R}_2)}) + \text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_2/(S \cup \mathcal{R}_1)}))$$

# Modular Complexity

## Lemma

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}}) = \text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}/\emptyset}) \quad \text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\emptyset/S}) = \mathcal{O}(1)$$

## Theorem

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{(\mathcal{R}_1 \cup \mathcal{R}_2)/S}) = \Theta(\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_1/(S \cup \mathcal{R}_2)}) + \text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_2/(S \cup \mathcal{R}_1)}))$$

## Definition (Complexity Pair)

( $\succ, \succcurlyeq$ ) with rewrite relations  $\succ, \succcurlyeq$

# Modular Complexity

## Lemma

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}}) = \text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}/\emptyset}) \quad \text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\emptyset/S}) = \mathcal{O}(1)$$

## Theorem

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{(\mathcal{R}_1 \cup \mathcal{R}_2)/S}) = \Theta(\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_1/(S \cup \mathcal{R}_2)}) + \text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_2/(S \cup \mathcal{R}_1)}))$$

## Definition (Complexity Pair)

$(>, \geq)$  with rewrite relations  $>, \geq$  and  $> \cdot \geq \subseteq >$  and  $\geq \cdot > \subseteq >$

# Modular Complexity

## Lemma

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}}) = \text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}/\emptyset}) \quad \text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\emptyset/S}) = \mathcal{O}(1)$$

## Theorem

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{(\mathcal{R}_1 \cup \mathcal{R}_2)/S}) = \Theta(\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_1/(S \cup \mathcal{R}_2)}) + \text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_2/(S \cup \mathcal{R}_1)}))$$

## Definition (Complexity Pair)

$(>, \geq)$  with rewrite relations  $>, \geq$  and  $> \cdot \geq \subseteq >$  and  $\geq \cdot > \subseteq >$

## Lemma

$(>, \geq)$  *complexity pair*

# Modular Complexity

## Lemma

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}}) = \text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}/\emptyset}) \quad \text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\emptyset/S}) = \mathcal{O}(1)$$

## Theorem

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{(\mathcal{R}_1 \cup \mathcal{R}_2)/S}) = \Theta(\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_1/(S \cup \mathcal{R}_2)}) + \text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_2/(S \cup \mathcal{R}_1)}))$$

## Definition (Complexity Pair)

$(>, \geq)$  with rewrite relations  $>, \geq$  and  $> \cdot \geq \subseteq >$  and  $\geq \cdot > \subseteq >$

## Lemma

$(>, \geq)$  complexity pair,  $\mathcal{R} \subseteq >, \mathcal{S} \subseteq \geq$

# Modular Complexity

## Lemma

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}}) = \text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}/\emptyset}) \quad \text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\emptyset/\mathcal{S}}) = \mathcal{O}(1)$$

## Theorem

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{(\mathcal{R}_1 \cup \mathcal{R}_2)/\mathcal{S}}) = \Theta(\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_1/(S \cup \mathcal{R}_2)}) + \text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_2/(S \cup \mathcal{R}_1)}))$$

## Definition (Complexity Pair)

$(\succ, \succcurlyeq)$  with rewrite relations  $\succ, \succcurlyeq$  and  $\succ \cdot \succcurlyeq \subseteq \succ$  and  $\succcurlyeq \cdot \succ \subseteq \succ$

## Lemma

$(\succ, \succcurlyeq)$  complexity pair,  $\mathcal{R} \subseteq \succ, \mathcal{S} \subseteq \succcurlyeq \longrightarrow \text{dc}(m, \succ) \succcurlyeq \text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}/\mathcal{S}})$

# Complexity Pairs

Triangular Matrix Interpretations (Moser et al. 2008)

$$f_{\mathcal{M}}(\vec{x}_1, \dots, \vec{x}_n)$$

# Complexity Pairs

Triangular Matrix Interpretations (Moser et al. 2008)

$$f_{\mathcal{M}}(\vec{x}_1, \dots, \vec{x}_n) = F_1\vec{x}_1 + \dots + F_n\vec{x}_n + \vec{f}$$



# Complexity Pairs

## Triangular Matrix Interpretations (Moser et al. 2008)

$$f_{\mathcal{M}}(\vec{x}_1, \dots, \vec{x}_n) = F_1 \vec{x}_1 + \dots + F_n \vec{x}_n + \vec{f}$$

where  $F_i \in \mathbb{N}^{d \times d}$

# Complexity Pairs

## Triangular Matrix Interpretations (Moser et al. 2008)

$$f_{\mathcal{M}}(\vec{x}_1, \dots, \vec{x}_n) = F_1\vec{x}_1 + \dots + F_n\vec{x}_n + \vec{f}$$

where  $F_i \in \mathbb{N}^{d \times d}$ ,  $\vec{f} \in \mathbb{N}^d$

# Complexity Pairs

## Triangular Matrix Interpretations (Moser et al. 2008)

$$f_{\mathcal{M}}(\vec{x}_1, \dots, \vec{x}_n) = F_1 \vec{x}_1 + \dots + F_n \vec{x}_n + \vec{f}$$

where  $F_i \in \mathbb{N}^{d \times d}$ ,  $\vec{f} \in \mathbb{N}^d$ ,  $(F_i)_{11} \geq 1$

# Complexity Pairs

## Triangular Matrix Interpretations (Moser et al. 2008)

$$f_{\mathcal{M}}(\vec{x}_1, \dots, \vec{x}_n) = F_1 \vec{x}_1 + \dots + F_n \vec{x}_n + \vec{f}$$

where  $F_i \in \mathbb{N}^{d \times d}$ ,  $\vec{f} \in \mathbb{N}^d$ ,  $(F_i)_{11} \geq 1$ ,  $F_i$  upper triangular

# Complexity Pairs

## Triangular Matrix Interpretations (Moser et al. 2008)

$$f_{\mathcal{M}}(\vec{x}_1, \dots, \vec{x}_n) = F_1 \vec{x}_1 + \dots + F_n \vec{x}_n + \vec{f}$$

where  $F_i \in \mathbb{N}^{d \times d}$ ,  $\vec{f} \in \mathbb{N}^d$ ,  $(F_i)_{11} \geq 1$ ,  $F_i$  upper triangular

## Definition

$$s >_{\mathcal{M}} t \iff [s]_{\mathcal{M}} > [t]_{\mathcal{M}}$$

# Complexity Pairs

## Triangular Matrix Interpretations (Moser et al. 2008)

$$f_{\mathcal{M}}(\vec{x}_1, \dots, \vec{x}_n) = F_1 \vec{x}_1 + \dots + F_n \vec{x}_n + \vec{f}$$

where  $F_i \in \mathbb{N}^{d \times d}$ ,  $\vec{f} \in \mathbb{N}^d$ ,  $(F_i)_{11} \geq 1$ ,  $F_i$  upper triangular

## Definition

$$s >_{\mathcal{M}} t \iff [s]_{\mathcal{M}} > [t]_{\mathcal{M}} \quad s \geq_{\mathcal{M}} t \iff [s]_{\mathcal{M}} \geq [t]_{\mathcal{M}}$$

# Complexity Pairs

## Triangular Matrix Interpretations (Moser et al. 2008)

$$f_{\mathcal{M}}(\vec{x}_1, \dots, \vec{x}_n) = F_1 \vec{x}_1 + \dots + F_n \vec{x}_n + \vec{f}$$

where  $F_i \in \mathbb{N}^{d \times d}$ ,  $\vec{f} \in \mathbb{N}^d$ ,  $(F_i)_{11} \geq 1$ ,  $F_i$  upper triangular

### Definition

$$s >_{\mathcal{M}} t \iff [s]_{\mathcal{M}} > [t]_{\mathcal{M}} \quad s \geq_{\mathcal{M}} t \iff [s]_{\mathcal{M}} \geq [t]_{\mathcal{M}}$$

### Lemma

*TMI  $\mathcal{M}$  of dimension  $d$*

# Complexity Pairs

## Triangular Matrix Interpretations (Moser et al. 2008)

$$f_{\mathcal{M}}(\vec{x}_1, \dots, \vec{x}_n) = F_1 \vec{x}_1 + \dots + F_n \vec{x}_n + \vec{f}$$

where  $F_i \in \mathbb{N}^{d \times d}$ ,  $\vec{f} \in \mathbb{N}^d$ ,  $(F_i)_{11} \geq 1$ ,  $F_i$  upper triangular

### Definition

$$s >_{\mathcal{M}} t \iff [s]_{\mathcal{M}} > [t]_{\mathcal{M}} \quad s \geq_{\mathcal{M}} t \iff [s]_{\mathcal{M}} \geq [t]_{\mathcal{M}}$$

### Lemma

*TMI*  $\mathcal{M}$  of dimension  $d \longrightarrow (>_{\mathcal{M}}, \geq_{\mathcal{M}})$  complexity pair



# Complexity Pairs

## Triangular Matrix Interpretations (Moser et al. 2008)

$$f_{\mathcal{M}}(\vec{x}_1, \dots, \vec{x}_n) = F_1 \vec{x}_1 + \dots + F_n \vec{x}_n + \vec{f}$$

where  $F_i \in \mathbb{N}^{d \times d}$ ,  $\vec{f} \in \mathbb{N}^d$ ,  $(F_i)_{11} \geq 1$ ,  $F_i$  upper triangular

## Definition

$$s >_{\mathcal{M}} t \iff [s]_{\mathcal{M}} > [t]_{\mathcal{M}} \quad s \geq_{\mathcal{M}} t \iff [s]_{\mathcal{M}} \geq [t]_{\mathcal{M}}$$

## Lemma

*TMI*  $\mathcal{M}$  of dimension  $d \longrightarrow (>_{\mathcal{M}}, \geq_{\mathcal{M}})$  complexity pair  
 $\longrightarrow \text{dc}(m, >_{\mathcal{M}}) = \mathcal{O}(m^d)$

# Complexity Pairs

## Triangular Matrix Interpretations (Moser et al. 2008)

$$f_{\mathcal{M}}(\vec{x}_1, \dots, \vec{x}_n) = F_1 \vec{x}_1 + \dots + F_n \vec{x}_n + \vec{f}$$

where  $F_i \in \mathbb{N}^{d \times d}$ ,  $\vec{f} \in \mathbb{N}^d$ ,  $(F_i)_{11} \geq 1$ ,  $F_i$  upper triangular

### Definition

$$s >_{\mathcal{M}} t \iff [s]_{\mathcal{M}} > [t]_{\mathcal{M}} \quad s \geq_{\mathcal{M}} t \iff [s]_{\mathcal{M}} \geq [t]_{\mathcal{M}}$$

### Lemma

*TMI*  $\mathcal{M}$  of dimension  $d \longrightarrow (>_{\mathcal{M}}, \geq_{\mathcal{M}})$  complexity pair  
 $\longrightarrow \text{dc}(m, >_{\mathcal{M}}) = \mathcal{O}(m^d)$

# Complexity Pairs

## Triangular Matrix Interpretations (Moser et al. 2008)

$$f_{\mathcal{M}}(\vec{x}_1, \dots, \vec{x}_n) = F_1 \vec{x}_1 + \dots + F_n \vec{x}_n + \vec{f}$$

where  $F_i \in \mathbb{N}^{d \times d}$ ,  $\vec{f} \in \mathbb{N}^d$ ,  $(F_i)_{11} \geq 1$ ,  $F_i$  upper triangular

## Definition

$$s >_{\mathcal{M}} t \iff [s]_{\mathcal{M}} > [t]_{\mathcal{M}} \quad s \geq_{\mathcal{M}} t \iff [s]_{\mathcal{M}} \geq [t]_{\mathcal{M}}$$

## Lemma

*TMI*  $\mathcal{M}$  of dimension  $d \longrightarrow (>_{\mathcal{M}}, \geq_{\mathcal{M}})$  complexity pair  
 $\longrightarrow \text{dc}(m, >_{\mathcal{M}}) = \mathcal{O}(m^d)$

## Convention

**TMI of dimension 1  $\longrightarrow$  SLI**

Example ( $\mathcal{R} = \text{Strategy\_removed\_AG01/\#4.21}$ )

$$f(1) \rightarrow f(g(1)) \quad f(f(x)) \rightarrow f(x) \quad g(0) \rightarrow g(f(0)) \quad g(g(x)) \rightarrow g(x)$$

Example ( $\mathcal{R} = \text{Strategy\_removed\_AG01/\#4.21}$ )

$$f(1) \rightarrow f(g(1)) \quad f(f(x)) \rightarrow f(x) \quad g(0) \rightarrow g(f(0)) \quad g(g(x)) \rightarrow g(x)$$

Example

$$f_{\mathcal{M}}(x) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} x + \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad g_{\mathcal{M}}(x) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} x \quad 0_{\mathcal{M}} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad 1_{\mathcal{M}} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Example ( $\mathcal{R} = \text{Strategy\_removed\_AG01/\#4.21}$ )

$$f(1) > f(g(1)) \quad f(f(x)) > f(x) \quad g(0) \geq g(f(0)) \quad g(g(x)) \geq g(x)$$

Example

$$f_{\mathcal{M}}(x) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} x + \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad g_{\mathcal{M}}(x) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} x \quad 0_{\mathcal{M}} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad 1_{\mathcal{M}} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Example ( $\mathcal{R} = \text{Strategy\_removed\_AG01/\#4.21}$ )

$$f(1) \geq f(g(1)) \quad f(f(x)) \geq f(x) \quad g(0) > g(f(0)) \quad g(g(x)) > g(x)$$

Example

$$f_{\mathcal{M}}(x) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} x + \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad g_{\mathcal{M}}(x) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} x \quad 0_{\mathcal{M}} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad 1_{\mathcal{M}} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Example

$$g_{\mathcal{M}}(x) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} x + \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad f_{\mathcal{M}}(x) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} x \quad 1_{\mathcal{M}} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad 0_{\mathcal{M}} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

### Example ( $\mathcal{R} = \text{Strategy\_removed\_AG01/\#4.21}$ )

$$f(1) \rightarrow f(g(1)) \quad f(f(x)) \rightarrow f(x) \quad g(0) \rightarrow g(f(0)) \quad g(g(x)) \rightarrow g(x)$$

### Example

$$f_{\mathcal{M}}(x) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} x + \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad g_{\mathcal{M}}(x) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} x \quad 0_{\mathcal{M}} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad 1_{\mathcal{M}} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

### Example

$$g_{\mathcal{M}}(x) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} x + \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad f_{\mathcal{M}}(x) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} x \quad 1_{\mathcal{M}} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad 0_{\mathcal{M}} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

### Lemma

$$dc(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}}) = \mathcal{O}(m^2)$$



# Complexity pairs cont'd (Matchbounds)

Idea

$ab \rightarrow baa$

## Complexity pairs cont'd (Matchbounds)

## Idea

 $ab \rightarrow baa \xrightarrow{\text{match}}$ 
 $a_0b_0 \rightarrow b_1a_1a_1$ 
 $a_0b_1 \rightarrow b_1a_1a_1$ 
 $a_1b_0 \rightarrow b_1a_1a_1$ 
 $a_1b_1 \rightarrow b_2a_2a_2$ 
 $a_1b_2 \rightarrow b_2a_2a_2$ 
 $a_1b_2 \rightarrow b_2a_2a_2$ 
 $\dots$ 
 $\dots$

## Complexity pairs cont'd (Matchbounds)

## Idea

$$ab \rightarrow \mathbf{baa} \xrightarrow{\text{match}}$$

$a_0b_0 \rightarrow b_1a_1a_1$	$a_0b_1 \rightarrow b_1a_1a_1$
$a_1b_0 \rightarrow b_1a_1a_1$	$a_1b_1 \rightarrow b_2a_2a_2$
$a_1b_2 \rightarrow b_2a_2a_2$	$a_1b_2 \rightarrow b_2a_2a_2$
...	...

## Complexity pairs cont'd (Matchbounds)

## Idea

$$ab \rightarrow \mathbf{baa} \xrightarrow{\text{match}}$$

$a_0b_0 \rightarrow b_1a_1a_1$	$a_0b_1 \rightarrow b_1a_1a_1$
$a_1b_0 \rightarrow b_1a_1a_1$	$a_1b_1 \rightarrow b_2a_2a_2$
$a_1b_2 \rightarrow b_2a_2a_2$	$a_1b_2 \rightarrow b_2a_2a_2$
...	...

## Complexity pairs cont'd (Matchbounds)

## Idea

$$ab \rightarrow baa \xrightarrow{\text{match}}$$

$a_0b_0 \rightarrow b_1a_1a_1$	$a_0b_1 \rightarrow b_1a_1a_1$
$a_1b_0 \rightarrow b_1a_1a_1$	$a_1b_1 \rightarrow b_2a_2a_2$
$a_1b_2 \rightarrow b_2a_2a_2$	$a_1b_2 \rightarrow b_2a_2a_2$
...	...

## Termination

are **labels** in  $\text{lift}_0(\mathcal{I}(\mathcal{F})) \xrightarrow{*}_{\text{match}(\mathcal{R})}$  **bounded** by some  $c \in \mathbb{N}$ ?

## Complexity pairs cont'd (Matchbounds)

## Idea

$$ab \rightarrow baa \xrightarrow{\text{match}}$$

	$a_0b_0 \rightarrow b_1a_1a_1$	$a_0b_1 \rightarrow b_1a_1a_1$
	$a_1b_0 \rightarrow b_1a_1a_1$	$a_1b_1 \rightarrow b_2a_2a_2$
	$a_1b_2 \rightarrow b_2a_2a_2$	$a_1b_2 \rightarrow b_2a_2a_2$
	...	...

## Termination

labels in  $\text{lift}_0(\mathcal{T}(\mathcal{F})) \xrightarrow{*}_{\text{match}(\mathcal{R})} \cdot$  **bounded** by some  $c \in \mathbb{N}$   
 $\longrightarrow \text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}}) = \mathcal{O}(m)$

## Complexity pairs cont'd (Matchbounds)

## Idea

$$ab \rightarrow baa \xrightarrow{\text{match}}$$

$a_0b_0 \rightarrow b_1a_1a_1$	$a_0b_1 \rightarrow b_1a_1a_1$
$a_1b_0 \rightarrow b_1a_1a_1$	$a_1b_1 \rightarrow b_2a_2a_2$
$a_1b_2 \rightarrow b_2a_2a_2$	$a_1b_2 \rightarrow b_2a_2a_2$
...	...

## Termination

labels in  $\text{lift}_0(\mathcal{T}(\mathcal{F})) \xrightarrow{*}_{\text{match}(\mathcal{R})}$  · bounded by some  $c \in \mathbb{N}$   
 $\longrightarrow \text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}}) = \mathcal{O}(m)$

Matchbounds for  $\mathcal{R}/\mathcal{S}$  (Idea)

do **not increase** labels for non-length-increasing rules in  $\mathcal{S}$

## Complexity pairs cont'd (Matchbounds)

## Idea

$$ab \rightarrow baa \xrightarrow{\text{match}}$$

$a_0b_0 \rightarrow b_1a_1a_1$	$a_0b_1 \rightarrow b_1a_1a_1$
$a_1b_0 \rightarrow b_1a_1a_1$	$a_1b_1 \rightarrow b_2a_2a_2$
$a_1b_2 \rightarrow b_2a_2a_2$	$a_1b_2 \rightarrow b_2a_2a_2$
...	...

## Termination

$$\text{labels in } \text{lift}_0(\mathcal{T}(\mathcal{F})) \xrightarrow{*}_{\text{match}(\mathcal{R})} \cdot \text{ bounded by some } c \in \mathbb{N}$$

$$\longrightarrow \text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}}) = \mathcal{O}(m)$$

Matchbounds for  $\mathcal{R}/\mathcal{S}$  (Idea)

do not increase labels for non-length-increasing rules in  $\mathcal{S}$

$\mathcal{R}/\mathcal{S}$  match-rt bounded for  $\mathcal{R}$



## Complexity pairs cont'd (Matchbounds)

## Idea

$$\begin{array}{l}
 ab \rightarrow baa \xrightarrow{\text{match}} \\
 \begin{array}{ll}
 a_0b_0 \rightarrow b_1a_1a_1 & a_0b_1 \rightarrow b_1a_1a_1 \\
 a_1b_0 \rightarrow b_1a_1a_1 & a_1b_1 \rightarrow b_2a_2a_2 \\
 a_1b_2 \rightarrow b_2a_2a_2 & a_1b_2 \rightarrow b_2a_2a_2 \\
 \dots & \dots
 \end{array}
 \end{array}$$

## Termination

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \text{labels in } \text{lift}_0(\mathcal{T}(\mathcal{F})) \xrightarrow{*}_{\text{match}(\mathcal{R})} \cdot \text{ bounded by some } c \in \mathbb{N} \\
 \longrightarrow \text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}}) = \mathcal{O}(m)
 \end{array}$$

Matchbounds for  $\mathcal{R}/\mathcal{S}$  (Idea)

do not increase labels for non-length-increasing rules in  $\mathcal{S}$   
 $\mathcal{R}/\mathcal{S}$  match-rt bounded for  $\mathcal{R} \longrightarrow (\rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}/\mathcal{S}}, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{S}})$  complexity pair

## Complexity pairs cont'd (Matchbounds)

## Idea

$$\begin{array}{l}
 ab \rightarrow baa \xrightarrow{\text{match}} \\
 \begin{array}{ll}
 a_0b_0 \rightarrow b_1a_1a_1 & a_0b_1 \rightarrow b_1a_1a_1 \\
 a_1b_0 \rightarrow b_1a_1a_1 & a_1b_1 \rightarrow b_2a_2a_2 \\
 a_1b_2 \rightarrow b_2a_2a_2 & a_1b_2 \rightarrow b_2a_2a_2 \\
 \dots & \dots
 \end{array}
 \end{array}$$

## Termination

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \text{labels in } \text{lift}_0(\mathcal{T}(\mathcal{F})) \xrightarrow{*}_{\text{match}(\mathcal{R})} \cdot \text{ bounded by some } c \in \mathbb{N} \\
 \longrightarrow \text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}}) = \mathcal{O}(m)
 \end{array}$$

Matchbounds for  $\mathcal{R}/\mathcal{S}$  (Idea)

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \text{do not increase labels for non-length-increasing rules in } \mathcal{S} \\
 \mathcal{R}/\mathcal{S} \text{ match-rt bounded for } \mathcal{R} \longrightarrow (\rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}/\mathcal{S}}, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{S}}) \text{ complexity pair} \\
 \longrightarrow \text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}/\mathcal{S}}) = \mathcal{O}(m)
 \end{array}$$

# Beyond Complexity Pairs

Lemma (Weight Gap Principle (Hirokawa & Moser 2008))

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_1 \cup \mathcal{R}_2}) = \mathcal{O}(\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_1 / \mathcal{R}_2}) + m)$$

# Beyond Complexity Pairs

Lemma (Weight Gap Principle (Hirokawa & Moser 2008))

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_1 \cup \mathcal{R}_2}) = \mathcal{O}(\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_1 / \mathcal{R}_2}) + m)$$

if  $\mathcal{R}_2 \subseteq \succ_{\mathcal{M}}$  for SLI  $\mathcal{M}$ ,  $\mathcal{R}_1$  non-duplicating

# Beyond Complexity Pairs

Lemma (Weight Gap Principle (Hirokawa & Moser 2008))

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_1 \cup \mathcal{R}_2}) = \mathcal{O}(\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_1/\mathcal{R}_2}) + m)$$

*if  $\mathcal{R}_2 \subseteq \succ_{\mathcal{M}}$  for SLI  $\mathcal{M}$ ,  $\mathcal{R}_1$  non-duplicating*

Corollary

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_1 \cup \mathcal{R}_2/S}) = \mathcal{O}(\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_1/\mathcal{R}_2 \cup S}) + m)$$

# Beyond Complexity Pairs

Lemma (Weight Gap Principle (Hirokawa & Moser 2008))

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_1 \cup \mathcal{R}_2}) = \mathcal{O}(\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_1 / \mathcal{R}_2}) + m)$$

*if  $\mathcal{R}_2 \subseteq \succ_{\mathcal{M}}$  for SLI  $\mathcal{M}$ ,  $\mathcal{R}_1$  non-duplicating*

Corollary

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_1 \cup \mathcal{R}_2 / \mathcal{S}}) = \mathcal{O}(\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_1 / \mathcal{R}_2 \cup \mathcal{S}}) + m)$$

*if  $\mathcal{R}_2 \subseteq \succ_{\mathcal{M}}$ ,  $\mathcal{S} \subseteq \succcurlyeq_{\mathcal{M}}$  for SLI  $\mathcal{M}$ ,  $\mathcal{R}_1$  non-duplicating*

# Beyond Complexity Pairs

Lemma (Weight Gap Principle (Hirokawa & Moser 2008))

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_1 \cup \mathcal{R}_2}) = \mathcal{O}(\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_1 / \mathcal{R}_2}) + m)$$

*if  $\mathcal{R}_2 \subseteq \succ_{\mathcal{M}}$  for SLI  $\mathcal{M}$ ,  $\mathcal{R}_1$  non-duplicating*

Corollary

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_1 \cup \mathcal{R}_2 / \mathcal{S}}) = \mathcal{O}(\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_1 / \mathcal{R}_2 \cup \mathcal{S}}) + m)$$

*if  $\mathcal{R}_2 \subseteq \succ_{\mathcal{M}}$ ,  $\mathcal{S} \subseteq \succeq_{\mathcal{M}}$  for SLI  $\mathcal{M}$ ,  $\mathcal{R}_1$  non-duplicating*

Example ( $\mathcal{R}_1$  )

$aa \rightarrow cb$   $(\mathcal{R}_1)$

$(\mathcal{R}_2)$

# Beyond Complexity Pairs

Lemma (Weight Gap Principle (Hirokawa & Moser 2008))

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_1 \cup \mathcal{R}_2}) = \mathcal{O}(\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_1 / \mathcal{R}_2}) + m)$$

*if  $\mathcal{R}_2 \subseteq \succ_{\mathcal{M}}$  for SLI  $\mathcal{M}$ ,  $\mathcal{R}_1$  non-duplicating*

Corollary

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_1 \cup \mathcal{R}_2 / \mathcal{S}}) = \mathcal{O}(\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_1 / \mathcal{R}_2 \cup \mathcal{S}}) + m)$$

*if  $\mathcal{R}_2 \subseteq \succ_{\mathcal{M}}$ ,  $\mathcal{S} \subseteq \succcurlyeq_{\mathcal{M}}$  for SLI  $\mathcal{M}$ ,  $\mathcal{R}_1$  non-duplicating*

Example ( $\mathcal{R}_1 \cup \mathcal{R}_2$ )

aa  $\rightarrow$  cb  $(\mathcal{R}_1)$

bb  $\rightarrow$  ca cc  $\rightarrow$  ba  $(\mathcal{R}_2)$



# Beyond Complexity Pairs

Lemma (Weight Gap Principle (Hirokawa & Moser 2008))

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_1 \cup \mathcal{R}_2}) = \mathcal{O}(\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_1 / \mathcal{R}_2}) + m)$$

*if  $\mathcal{R}_2 \subseteq \succ_{\mathcal{M}}$  for SLI  $\mathcal{M}$ ,  $\mathcal{R}_1$  non-duplicating*

Corollary

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_1 \cup \mathcal{R}_2 / \mathcal{S}}) = \mathcal{O}(\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_1 / \mathcal{R}_2 \cup \mathcal{S}}) + m)$$

*if  $\mathcal{R}_2 \subseteq \succ_{\mathcal{M}}$ ,  $\mathcal{S} \subseteq \succeq_{\mathcal{M}}$  for SLI  $\mathcal{M}$ ,  $\mathcal{R}_1$  non-duplicating*

Example ( $\mathcal{R}_1 \cup \mathcal{R}_2 = \text{Zantema/z086}$ )

aa  $\rightarrow$  cb ( $\mathcal{R}_1$ )

bb  $\rightarrow$  ca cc  $\rightarrow$  ba ( $\mathcal{R}_2$ )

# Beyond Complexity Pairs

Lemma (Weight Gap Principle (Hirokawa & Moser 2008))

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_1 \cup \mathcal{R}_2}) = \mathcal{O}(\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_1 / \mathcal{R}_2}) + m)$$

*if  $\mathcal{R}_2 \subseteq \succ_{\mathcal{M}}$  for SLI  $\mathcal{M}$ ,  $\mathcal{R}_1$  non-duplicating*

Corollary

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_1 \cup \mathcal{R}_2 / \mathcal{S}}) = \mathcal{O}(\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_1 / \mathcal{R}_2 \cup \mathcal{S}}) + m)$$

*if  $\mathcal{R}_2 \subseteq \succ_{\mathcal{M}}$ ,  $\mathcal{S} \subseteq \succcurlyeq_{\mathcal{M}}$  for SLI  $\mathcal{M}$ ,  $\mathcal{R}_1$  non-duplicating*

Example (Advertisement RTALooP #105)

aa  $\rightarrow$  cb  $(\mathcal{R}_1)$

bb  $\rightarrow$  ca cc  $\rightarrow$  ba  $(\mathcal{R}_2)$

# Beyond Complexity Pairs

Lemma (Weight Gap Principle (Hirokawa & Moser 2008))

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_1 \cup \mathcal{R}_2}) = \mathcal{O}(\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_1 / \mathcal{R}_2}) + m)$$

*if  $\mathcal{R}_2 \subseteq \succ_{\mathcal{M}}$  for SLI  $\mathcal{M}$ ,  $\mathcal{R}_1$  non-duplicating*

Corollary

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_1 \cup \mathcal{R}_2 / \mathcal{S}}) = \mathcal{O}(\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_1 / \mathcal{R}_2 \cup \mathcal{S}}) + m)$$

*if  $\mathcal{R}_2 \subseteq \succ_{\mathcal{M}}$ ,  $\mathcal{S} \subseteq \succcurlyeq_{\mathcal{M}}$  for SLI  $\mathcal{M}$ ,  $\mathcal{R}_1$  non-duplicating*

Example ( $\mathcal{R}_1 \cup \mathcal{R}_2 = \text{Zantema/z086}$ )

$$aa \not\prec cb \quad (\mathcal{R}_1)$$

$$bb \succ ca \quad \quad \quad cc \succ ba \quad (\mathcal{R}_2)$$

$$a_{\mathbb{N}}(x) = x \quad \quad b_{\mathbb{N}}(x) = c_{\mathbb{N}}(x) = x + 1$$

## Beyond Complexity Pairs

Lemma (Weight Gap Principle (Hirokawa & Moser 2008))

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_1 \cup \mathcal{R}_2}) = \mathcal{O}(\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_1/\mathcal{R}_2}) + m)$$

*if  $\mathcal{R}_2 \subseteq \succ_{\mathcal{M}}$  for SLI  $\mathcal{M}$ ,  $\mathcal{R}_1$  non-duplicating*

Corollary

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_1 \cup \mathcal{R}_2/\mathcal{S}}) = \mathcal{O}(\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_1/\mathcal{R}_2 \cup \mathcal{S}}) + m)$$

*if  $\mathcal{R}_2 \subseteq \succ_{\mathcal{M}}$ ,  $\mathcal{S} \subseteq \succeq_{\mathcal{M}}$  for SLI  $\mathcal{M}$ ,  $\mathcal{R}_1$  non-duplicating*

Example ( $\mathcal{R}_1 \cup \mathcal{R}_2 = \text{Zantema/z086}$ )

$$\text{aa} \not\prec \text{cb} \quad (\mathcal{R}_1)$$

$$\text{bb} \succ \text{ca} \quad \text{cc} \succ \text{ba} \quad (\mathcal{R}_2)$$

$$a_{\mathbb{N}}(x) = x \quad b_{\mathbb{N}}(x) = c_{\mathbb{N}}(x) = x + 1$$

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_1 \cup \mathcal{R}_2})$$

## Beyond Complexity Pairs

Lemma (Weight Gap Principle (Hirokawa & Moser 2008))

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_1 \cup \mathcal{R}_2}) = \mathcal{O}(\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_1/\mathcal{R}_2}) + m)$$

*if  $\mathcal{R}_2 \subseteq \succ_{\mathcal{M}}$  for SLI  $\mathcal{M}$ ,  $\mathcal{R}_1$  non-duplicating*

Corollary

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_1 \cup \mathcal{R}_2/\mathcal{S}}) = \mathcal{O}(\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_1/\mathcal{R}_2 \cup \mathcal{S}}) + m)$$

*if  $\mathcal{R}_2 \subseteq \succ_{\mathcal{M}}$ ,  $\mathcal{S} \subseteq \succcurlyeq_{\mathcal{M}}$  for SLI  $\mathcal{M}$ ,  $\mathcal{R}_1$  non-duplicating*

Example ( $\mathcal{R}_1 \cup \mathcal{R}_2 = \text{Zantema/z086}$ )

$$aa \not\prec cb \quad (\mathcal{R}_1)$$

$$bb \succ ca \quad \quad \quad cc \succ ba \quad (\mathcal{R}_2)$$

$$a_{\mathbb{N}}(x) = x \quad b_{\mathbb{N}}(x) = c_{\mathbb{N}}(x) = x + 1$$

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_1 \cup \mathcal{R}_2}) = \mathcal{O}(\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_1/\mathcal{R}_2}) + m)$$

# Assessment

Lemma

*modular setting subsumes direct one*

# Assessment

## Lemma

*modular setting subsumes direct one*

## Proof idea

$(\mathcal{R} \cup \mathcal{S}) \subseteq \triangleright$

# Assessment

## Lemma

*modular setting subsumes direct one*

## Proof idea

$(\mathcal{R} \cup \mathcal{S}) \subseteq \succ \rightarrow \exists$  complexity pairs  $(\succ, \succcurlyeq)$  and  $(\succ, \succcurlyeq)$



# Assessment

## Lemma

*modular setting subsumes direct one*

## Proof idea

$(\mathcal{R} \cup \mathcal{S}) \subseteq \succ \rightarrow \exists$  complexity pairs  $(\succ, \succcurlyeq)$  and  $(\succ, \succcurlyeq)$   
 $\mathcal{R} \subseteq \succ, \mathcal{S} \subseteq \succcurlyeq \quad \mathcal{R} \subseteq \succcurlyeq, \mathcal{S} \subseteq \succ$

# Assessment

## Lemma

*modular setting subsumes direct one*

## Proof idea

$(\mathcal{R} \cup \mathcal{S}) \subseteq \succ \rightarrow \exists$  complexity pairs  $(\succ, \succcurlyeq)$  and  $(\succ, \succcurlyeq)$

$\mathcal{R} \subseteq \succ, \mathcal{S} \subseteq \succcurlyeq \quad \mathcal{R} \subseteq \succcurlyeq, \mathcal{S} \subseteq \succ$

$\rightarrow \text{dc}(m, \succ) = \Theta(\text{dc}(m, \succ) + \text{dc}(m, \succ))$

# Assessment

## Lemma

*modular setting subsumes direct one*

## Proof idea

$(\mathcal{R} \cup \mathcal{S}) \subseteq \succ \rightarrow \exists$  complexity pairs  $(\succ, \succ^=)$  and  $(\succ, \succ^=)$

$\mathcal{R} \subseteq \succ, \mathcal{S} \subseteq \succ^= \quad \mathcal{R} \subseteq \succ^=, \mathcal{S} \subseteq \succ$

$\rightarrow \text{dc}(m, \succ) = \Theta(\text{dc}(m, \succ) + \text{dc}(m, \succ))$

# Assessment

## Lemma

*modular setting subsumes direct one*

## Proof idea

$(\mathcal{R} \cup \mathcal{S}) \subseteq \succ \rightarrow \exists$  complexity pairs  $(\succ, \succ^=)$  and  $(\succ, \succ^=)$

$\mathcal{R} \subseteq \succ, \mathcal{S} \subseteq \succ^= \quad \mathcal{R} \subseteq \succ^=, \mathcal{S} \subseteq \succ$

$\rightarrow \text{dc}(m, \succ) = \Theta(\text{dc}(m, \succ) + \text{dc}(m, \succ))$

## Lemma

*equal power for SLIs*

# Assessment

## Lemma

*modular setting subsumes direct one*

## Proof idea

$(\mathcal{R} \cup \mathcal{S}) \subseteq \succ \rightarrow \exists$  complexity pairs  $(\succ, \succ^=)$  and  $(\succ, \succ^=)$

$\mathcal{R} \subseteq \succ, \mathcal{S} \subseteq \succ^= \quad \mathcal{R} \subseteq \succ^=, \mathcal{S} \subseteq \succ$

$\rightarrow \text{dc}(m, \succ) = \Theta(\text{dc}(m, \succ) + \text{dc}(m, \succ))$

## Lemma

*equal power for SLIs*

## Proof idea

SLI  $\mathcal{A} \quad \mathcal{R} \subseteq \succ_{\mathcal{A}}, \mathcal{S} \subseteq \succ_{\mathcal{A}}$

# Assessment

## Lemma

*modular setting subsumes direct one*

## Proof idea

$(\mathcal{R} \cup \mathcal{S}) \subseteq > \rightarrow \exists$  complexity pairs  $(>, >^=)$  and  $(>, >^=)$

$\mathcal{R} \subseteq >, \mathcal{S} \subseteq >^= \quad \mathcal{R} \subseteq >^=, \mathcal{S} \subseteq >$

$\rightarrow \text{dc}(m, >) = \Theta(\text{dc}(m, >) + \text{dc}(m, >))$

## Lemma

*equal power for SLIs*

## Proof idea

SLI  $\mathcal{A}, \mathcal{A} \quad \mathcal{R} \subseteq >_{\mathcal{A}}, \mathcal{S} \subseteq \geq_{\mathcal{A}} \quad \mathcal{R} \subseteq \geq_{\mathcal{A}}, \mathcal{S} \subseteq >_{\mathcal{A}}$

# Assessment

## Lemma

*modular setting subsumes direct one*

## Proof idea

$(\mathcal{R} \cup \mathcal{S}) \subseteq \succ \longrightarrow \exists$  complexity pairs  $(\succ, \succ^=)$  and  $(\succ, \succ^=)$   
 $\mathcal{R} \subseteq \succ, \mathcal{S} \subseteq \succ^= \quad \mathcal{R} \subseteq \succ^=, \mathcal{S} \subseteq \succ$   
 $\longrightarrow \text{dc}(m, \succ) = \Theta(\text{dc}(m, \succ) + \text{dc}(m, \succ))$

## Lemma

*equal power for SLIs*

## Proof idea

SLI  $\mathcal{A}, \mathcal{A} \quad \mathcal{R} \subseteq \succ_{\mathcal{A}}, \mathcal{S} \subseteq \succ_{\mathcal{A}} \quad \mathcal{R} \subseteq \succ_{\mathcal{A}}, \mathcal{S} \subseteq \succ_{\mathcal{A}}$   
 $\longrightarrow (\mathcal{R} \cup \mathcal{S}) \subseteq \succ_{\mathcal{A}+\mathcal{A}}$

Example ( $\mathcal{R} = \text{Strategy\_removed\_AG01/\#4.21}$ )

$$f(1) \rightarrow f(g(1)) \quad f(f(x)) \rightarrow f(x) \quad g(0) \rightarrow g(f(0)) \quad g(g(x)) \rightarrow g(x)$$



Example ( $\mathcal{R} = \text{Strategy\_removed\_AG01/\#4.21}$ )

$$f(1) \rightarrow f(g(1)) \quad f(f(x)) \rightarrow f(x) \quad g(0) \rightarrow g(f(0)) \quad g(g(x)) \rightarrow g(x)$$

Lemma

$\nexists$  TMI  $\mathcal{M}$  of dimension 2 with  $\mathcal{R} \subseteq \succ_{\mathcal{M}}$

## Example ( $\mathcal{R} = \text{Strategy\_removed\_AG01/\#4.21}$ )

$$f(1) \rightarrow f(g(1)) \quad f(f(x)) \rightarrow f(x) \quad g(0) \rightarrow g(f(0)) \quad g(g(x)) \rightarrow g(x)$$

## Lemma

$\nexists$  TMI  $\mathcal{M}$  of dimension 2 with  $\mathcal{R} \subseteq >_{\mathcal{M}}$

## Proof idea

```
(benchmark ttt2 :logic QF_NIA :status unknown :extrafuns ((x13 Int) ... (x0 Int)) :assumption (>= x13 0)
... :assumption (>= x0 0) :formula (and (and (and (and (and (and (and (>= (+ x0 (+ (* x2 x5) (* x3 x6))))
(+ x0 (+ (* x2 (+ x7 (+ (* x9 x5) (* x10 x6)))))) (* x3 (+ x8 (* x11 x6)))))) (>= (+ x1 (* x4 x6)) (+ x1 (*
x4 (+ x8 (* x11 x6)))))) (and (and (>= (+ x0 (+ (* x2 x0) (* x3 x1))) x0) (>= (+ x1 (* x4 x1)) x1)) (and
(and (>= (* x2 x2) x2) (>= (+ (* x2 x3) (* x3 x4)) x3)) (>= (* x4 x4) x4)))) (and (>= (+ x7 (+ (* x9 x12)
(* x10 x13))) (+ x7 (+ (* x9 (+ x0 (+ (* x2 x12) (* x3 x13)))) (* x10 (+ x1 (* x4 x13)))))) (>= (+ x8 (*
x11 x13) (+ x8 (* x11 (+ x1 (* x4 x13)))))) (and (and (>= (+ x7 (+ (* x9 x7) (* x10 x8))) x7) (>= (+ x8
(* x11 x8) x8)) (and (and (>= (* x9 x9) x9) (>= (+ (* x9 x10) (* x10 x11)) x10) (>= (* x11 x11) x11))))
(or (or (or (and (> (+ x0 (+ (* x2 x5) (* x3 x6))) (+ x0 (+ (* x2 (+ x7 (+ (* x9 x5) (* x10 x6)))) (* x3
...

```

## Example ( $\mathcal{R} = \text{Strategy\_removed\_AG01/\#4.21}$ )

$$f(1) \rightarrow f(g(1)) \quad f(f(x)) \rightarrow f(x) \quad g(0) \rightarrow g(f(0)) \quad g(g(x)) \rightarrow g(x)$$

## Lemma

$\nexists$  TMI  $\mathcal{M}$  of dimension 2 with  $\mathcal{R} \subseteq >_{\mathcal{M}}$

## Proof idea

```
(benchmark ttt2 :logic QF_NIA :status unknown :extrafuns ((x13 Int) ... (x0 Int)) :assumption (>= x13 0)
... :assumption (>= x0 0) :formula (and (and (and (and (and (and (and (>= (+ x0 (+ (* x2 x5) (* x3 x6))))
(+ x0 (+ (* x2 (+ x7 (+ (* x9 x5) (* x10 x6)))))) (* x3 (+ x8 (* x11 x6)))))) (>= (+ x1 (* x4 x6)) (+ x1 (*
x4 (+ x8 (* x11 x6)))))) (and (and (>= (+ x0 (+ (* x2 x0) (* x3 x1))) x0) (>= (+ x1 (* x4 x1)) x1)) (and
(and (>= (* x2 x2) x2) (>= (+ (* x2 x3) (* x3 x4)) x3)) (>= (* x4 x4) x4)))) (and (>= (+ x7 (+ (* x9 x12)
(* x10 x13))) (+ x7 (+ (* x9 (+ x0 (+ (* x2 x12) (* x3 x13)))) (* x10 (+ x1 (* x4 x13)))))) (>= (+ x8 (*
x11 x13)) (+ x8 (* x11 (+ x1 (* x4 x13)))))) (and (and (>= (+ x7 (+ (* x9 x7) (* x10 x8))) x7) (>= (+ x8
(* x11 x8) x8)) (and (and (>= (* x9 x9) x9) (>= (+ (* x9 x10) (* x10 x11)) x10) (>= (* x11 x11) x11))))
(or (or (or (and (> (+ x0 (+ (* x2 x5) (* x3 x6))) (+ x0 (+ (* x2 (+ x7 (+ (* x9 x5) (* x10 x6)))) (* x3
...

```

is not satisfiable

## Example ( $\mathcal{R} = \text{Strategy\_removed\_AG01/\#4.21}$ )

$$f(1) \rightarrow f(g(1)) \quad f(f(x)) \rightarrow f(x) \quad g(0) \rightarrow g(f(0)) \quad g(g(x)) \rightarrow g(x)$$

### Lemma

$\nexists$  TMI  $\mathcal{M}$  of dimension 2 with  $\mathcal{R} \subseteq >_{\mathcal{M}}$

### Proof idea

```
(benchmark ttt2 :logic QF_NIA :status unknown :extrafuns ((x13 Int) ... (x0 Int)) :assumption (>= x13 0)
... :assumption (>= x0 0) :formula (and (and (and (and (and (and (and (>= (+ x0 (+ (* x2 x5) (* x3 x6))))
(+ x0 (+ (* x2 (+ x7 (+ (* x9 x5) (* x10 x6)))) (* x3 (+ x8 (* x11 x6)))))) (>= (+ x1 (* x4 x6)) (+ x1 (*
x4 (+ x8 (* x11 x6)))))) (and (and (>= (+ x0 (+ (* x2 x0) (* x3 x1))) x0) (>= (+ x1 (* x4 x1)) x1)) (and
(and (>= (* x2 x2) x2) (>= (+ (* x2 x3) (* x3 x4)) x3)) (>= (* x4 x4) x4))) (and (>= (+ x7 (+ (* x9 x12)
(* x10 x13))) (+ x7 (+ (* x9 (+ x0 (+ (* x2 x12) (* x3 x13)))) (* x10 (+ x1 (* x4 x13)))))) (>= (+ x8 (*
x11 x13)) (+ x8 (* x11 (+ x1 (* x4 x13)))))) (and (and (>= (+ x7 (+ (* x9 x7) (* x10 x8))) x7) (>= (+ x8
(* x11 x8) x8)) (and (and (>= (* x9 x9) x9) (>= (+ (* x9 x10) (* x10 x11)) x10) (>= (* x11 x11) x11))))
(or (or (or (and (> (+ x0 (+ (* x2 x5) (* x3 x6))) (+ x0 (+ (* x2 (+ x7 (+ (* x9 x5) (* x10 x6)))) (* x3
...
is not satisfiable
```

### Lemma

*modular setting strictly more powerful (in theory)*

Example ( $\mathcal{R} = \text{TRCSR/Ex16\_Luc06\_GM}$ ) $\text{mark}(a) \rightarrow a$  $g(x, y) \rightarrow f(x, y) \quad c \rightarrow a$  $\text{mark}(b) \rightarrow c$  $g(x, x) \rightarrow g(a, b) \quad c \rightarrow b$  $\text{mark}(f(x, y)) \rightarrow g(\text{mark}(x), y)$

### Example ( $\mathcal{R} = \text{TRCSR/Ex16\_Luc06\_GM}$ )

$$\text{mark}(a) \rightarrow a$$

$$g(x, y) \rightarrow f(x, y) \quad c \rightarrow a$$

$$\text{mark}(b) \rightarrow c$$

$$g(x, x) \rightarrow g(a, b) \quad c \rightarrow b$$

$$\text{mark}(f(x, y)) \rightarrow g(\text{mark}(x), y)$$

### Lemma

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow) = \mathcal{O}(m^2)$$

## Example ( $\mathcal{R} = \text{TRCSR/Ex16\_Luc06\_GM}$ )

$$\text{mark}(a) \rightarrow a$$

$$g(x, y) \rightarrow f(x, y) \quad c \rightarrow a$$

$$\text{mark}(b) \rightarrow c$$

$$g(x, x) \rightarrow g(a, b) \quad c \rightarrow b$$

$$\text{mark}(f(x, y)) \rightarrow g(\text{mark}(x), y)$$

## Lemma

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow) = \mathcal{O}(m^2)$$

## Proof

TMIs of dimension 2

### Example ( $\mathcal{R} = \text{TRCSR/Ex16\_Luc06\_GM}$ )

$$\text{mark}(a) \rightarrow a$$

$$g(x, y) \rightarrow f(x, y) \quad c \rightarrow a$$

$$\text{mark}(b) \rightarrow c$$

$$g(x, x) \rightarrow g(a, b) \quad c \rightarrow b$$

$$\text{mark}(f(x, y)) \rightarrow g(\text{mark}(x), y)$$

### Lemma

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow) = \mathcal{O}(m^2)$$

### Proof

TMIs of dimension 2, **match-rt bounded**



## Example ( $\mathcal{R} = \text{TRCSR/Ex16\_Luc06\_GM}$ )

$$\text{mark}(a) \rightarrow a$$

$$g(x, y) \rightarrow f(x, y) \quad c \rightarrow a$$

$$\text{mark}(b) \rightarrow c$$

$$g(x, x) \rightarrow g(a, b) \quad c \rightarrow b$$

$$\text{mark}(f(x, y)) \rightarrow g(\text{mark}(x), y)$$

## Lemma

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow) = \mathcal{O}(m^2)$$

## Proof

TMIs of dimension 2, match-rt bounded

## Remark

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}}) = \Theta(m^2)$$

## Example (SK90/4.30)

$$f(\text{nil}) \rightarrow \text{nil}$$

$$f(\text{nil} \circ y) \rightarrow \text{nil} \circ f(y)$$

$$f((x \circ y) \circ z) \rightarrow f(x \circ (y \circ z))$$

$$g(\text{nil}) \rightarrow \text{nil}$$

$$g(x \circ \text{nil}) \rightarrow g(x) \circ \text{nil}$$

$$g(x \circ (y \circ z)) \rightarrow g((x \circ y) \circ z)$$

## Example (SK90/4.30)

$$f(\text{nil}) \rightarrow \text{nil}$$

$$g(\text{nil}) \rightarrow \text{nil}$$

$$f(\text{nil} \circ y) \rightarrow \text{nil} \circ f(y)$$

$$g(x \circ \text{nil}) \rightarrow g(x) \circ \text{nil}$$

$$f((x \circ y) \circ z) \rightarrow f(x \circ (y \circ z))$$

$$g(x \circ (y \circ z)) \rightarrow g((x \circ y) \circ z)$$

## Lemma

$$dc(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}}) = \mathcal{O}(m^3)$$

## Example (SK90/4.30)

$$f(\text{nil}) \rightarrow \text{nil}$$

$$g(\text{nil}) \rightarrow \text{nil}$$

$$f(\text{nil} \circ y) \rightarrow \text{nil} \circ f(y)$$

$$g(x \circ \text{nil}) \rightarrow g(x) \circ \text{nil}$$

$$f((x \circ y) \circ z) \rightarrow f(x \circ (y \circ z))$$

$$g(x \circ (y \circ z)) \rightarrow g((x \circ y) \circ z)$$

## Lemma

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}}) = \mathcal{O}(m^3)$$

## Proof

$$f_{\mathcal{M}}(x) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} x + \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\circ_{\mathcal{M}}(x, y) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} x + y + \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$g_{\mathcal{M}}(x) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} x$$

$$\text{nil}_{\mathcal{M}} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

## Example (SK90/4.30)

$$f(\text{nil}) > \text{nil}$$

$$f(\text{nil} \circ y) > \text{nil} \circ f(y)$$

$$f((x \circ y) \circ z) > f(x \circ (y \circ z))$$

$$g(\text{nil}) \geq \text{nil}$$

$$g(x \circ \text{nil}) \geq g(x) \circ \text{nil}$$

$$g(x \circ (y \circ z)) \geq g((x \circ y) \circ z)$$

## Lemma

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}}) = \mathcal{O}(m^3)$$

## Proof

$$f_{\mathcal{M}}(x) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} x + \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\circ_{\mathcal{M}}(x, y) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} x + y + \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$g_{\mathcal{M}}(x) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} x$$

$$\text{nil}_{\mathcal{M}} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

## Example (SK90/4.30)

$$f(\text{nil}) \geq \text{nil}$$

$$f(\text{nil} \circ y) \geq \text{nil} \circ f(y)$$

$$f((x \circ y) \circ z) \geq f(x \circ (y \circ z))$$

$$g(\text{nil}) > \text{nil}$$

$$g(x \circ \text{nil}) > g(x) \circ \text{nil}$$

$$g(x \circ (y \circ z)) > g((x \circ y) \circ z)$$

## Lemma

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}}) = \mathcal{O}(m^3)$$

## Proof

$$f_{\mathcal{M}}(x) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} x + \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\circ_{\mathcal{M}}(x, y) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} x + y + \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$g_{\mathcal{M}}(x) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} x$$

$$\text{nil}_{\mathcal{M}} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

## Example (SK90/4.30)

$$f(\text{nil}) \rightarrow \text{nil}$$

$$g(\text{nil}) \rightarrow \text{nil}$$

$$f(\text{nil} \circ y) \rightarrow \text{nil} \circ f(y)$$

$$g(x \circ \text{nil}) \rightarrow g(x) \circ \text{nil}$$

$$f((x \circ y) \circ z) \rightarrow f(x \circ (y \circ z))$$

$$g(x \circ (y \circ z)) \rightarrow g((x \circ y) \circ z)$$

## Lemma

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}}) = \mathcal{O}(m^3)$$

$$\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}}) = \Theta(m^2)$$

## Proof

$$f_{\mathcal{M}}(x) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} x + \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\circ_{\mathcal{M}}(x, y) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} x + y + \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$g_{\mathcal{M}}(x) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} x$$

$$\text{nil}_{\mathcal{M}} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

# Experiments (direct vs modular)

1172 non-duplicating TRSs from TPDB 7.0.2

direct

modular



# Experiments (direct vs modular)

1172 non-duplicating TRSs from TPDB 7.0.2

	$\mathcal{O}(n)$
direct	168
modular	

## Experiments (direct vs modular)

1172 non-duplicating TRSs from TPDB 7.0.2

	$\mathcal{O}(n)$
direct	168
modular	193

## Experiments (direct vs modular)

1172 non-duplicating TRSs from TPDB 7.0.2

	$\mathcal{O}(n)$	$\mathcal{O}(n^2)$
direct	168	252
modular	193	

## Experiments (direct vs modular)

1172 non-duplicating TRSs from TPDB 7.0.2

	$\mathcal{O}(n)$	$\mathcal{O}(n^2)$
direct	168	252
modular	193	283

## Experiments (direct vs modular)

1172 non-duplicating TRSs from TPDB 7.0.2

	$\mathcal{O}(n)$	$\mathcal{O}(n^2)$	$\mathcal{O}(n^3)$
direct	168	252	287
modular	193	283	

## Experiments (direct vs modular)

1172 non-duplicating TRSs from TPDB 7.0.2

	$\mathcal{O}(n)$	$\mathcal{O}(n^2)$	$\mathcal{O}(n^3)$
direct	168	252	287
modular	193	283	312

## Experiments (direct vs modular)

1172 non-duplicating TRSs from TPDB 7.0.2

	$\mathcal{O}(n)$	$\mathcal{O}(n^2)$	$\mathcal{O}(n^3)$	time
direct	168	252	287	0.79
modular	193	283	312	

## Experiments (direct vs modular)

1172 non-duplicating TRSs from TPDB 7.0.2

	$\mathcal{O}(n)$	$\mathcal{O}(n^2)$	$\mathcal{O}(n^3)$	time
direct	168	252	287	0.79
modular	193	283	312	1.45



## Experiments (direct vs modular)

1172 non-duplicating TRSs from TPDB 7.0.2

	$\mathcal{O}(n)$	$\mathcal{O}(n^2)$	$\mathcal{O}(n^3)$	time	timeout
direct	168	252	287	0.79	194
modular	193	283	312	1.45	

## Experiments (direct vs modular)

1172 non-duplicating TRSs from TPDB 7.0.2

	$\mathcal{O}(n)$	$\mathcal{O}(n^2)$	$\mathcal{O}(n^3)$	time	timeout
direct	168	252	287	0.79	194
modular	193	283	312	1.45	347

## Experiments (direct vs modular)

## 1172 non-duplicating TRSs from TPDB 7.0.2

	$\mathcal{O}(n)$	$\mathcal{O}(n^2)$	$\mathcal{O}(n^3)$	time	timeout
direct	168	252	287	0.79	194
modular	193	283	312	1.45	347

## Facts

 $\approx 15\%$ 

more linear

bounds

## Experiments (direct vs modular)

## 1172 non-duplicating TRSs from TPDB 7.0.2

	$\mathcal{O}(n)$	$\mathcal{O}(n^2)$	$\mathcal{O}(n^3)$	time	timeout
direct	168	252	287	0.79	194
modular	193	283	312	1.45	347

## Facts

$\approx 15\%$  ( $\approx 12\%$ ) more linear (**quadratic**) bounds

## Experiments (direct vs modular)

## 1172 non-duplicating TRSs from TPDB 7.0.2

	$\mathcal{O}(n)$	$\mathcal{O}(n^2)$	$\mathcal{O}(n^3)$	time	timeout
direct	168	252	287	0.79	194
modular	193	283	312	1.45	347

## Facts

$\approx 15\%$  ( $\approx 12\%$ ,  $\approx 9\%$ ) more linear (quadratic, polynomial) bounds

## Experiments (direct vs modular)

1172 non-duplicating TRSs from TPDB 7.0.2

	$\mathcal{O}(n)$	$\mathcal{O}(n^2)$	$\mathcal{O}(n^3)$	time	timeout
direct	168	252	287	0.79	194
modular	193	283	312	1.45	347

## Facts

$\approx 15\%$  ( $\approx 12\%$ ,  $\approx 9\%$ ) more linear (quadratic, polynomial) bounds

## Corollary

*modular setting more powerful (in practice)*

## Experiments (comparison with other tools)

## Termination Competition 2009 (derivational complexity)

	$\mathcal{O}(n)$	$\mathcal{O}(n^2)$	$\mathcal{O}(n^3)$	$\mathcal{O}(n^4)$
1. GAT	84	125	132	137
2. Matchbox	44	96	101	102
3. TCT	32	101	109	109

## Experiments (comparison with other tools)

## Termination Competition 2009 (derivational complexity)

	$\mathcal{O}(n)$	$\mathcal{O}(n^2)$	$\mathcal{O}(n^3)$	$\mathcal{O}(n^4)$
1. GAT	84	125	132	137
2. Matchbox	44	96	101	102
3. TCT	32	101	109	109



## Experiments (comparison with other tools)

## Termination Competition 2009 (derivational complexity)

	$\mathcal{O}(n)$	$\mathcal{O}(n^2)$	$\mathcal{O}(n^3)$	$\mathcal{O}(n^4)$
1. GAT	84	125	132	137
2. Matchbox	44	96	101	102
3. TCT	32	101	109	109

## Experiments (comparison with other tools)

## Termination Competition 2009 (derivational complexity)

	points	$\mathcal{O}(n)$	$\mathcal{O}(n^2)$	$\mathcal{O}(n^3)$	$\mathcal{O}(n^4)$
1. GAT	540	84	125	132	137
2. Matchbox	397	44	96	101	102
3. TCT	380	32	101	109	109

## Experiments (comparison with other tools)

## Termination Competition 2009 (derivational complexity)

	points	$\mathcal{O}(n)$	$\mathcal{O}(n^2)$	$\mathcal{O}(n^3)$	$\mathcal{O}(n^4)$
1. GAT	540	84	125	132	137
2. Matchbox	397	44	96	101	102
3. TCT	380	32	101	109	109

## Termination Competition 2010

## Experiments (comparison with other tools)

## Termination Competition 2009 (derivational complexity)

	points	$\mathcal{O}(n)$	$\mathcal{O}(n^2)$	$\mathcal{O}(n^3)$	$\mathcal{O}(n^4)$
1. GAT	540	84	125	132	137
2. Matchbox	397	44	96	101	102
3. TCT	380	32	101	109	109

## Advertisement (2)

live during IJCAR

# Conclusion

modular Complexity via Relative Complexity

# Conclusion

## modular Complexity via Relative Complexity

- $dc(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}}) = dc(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}/\emptyset})$

# Conclusion

## modular Complexity via Relative Complexity

- $dc(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}}) = dc(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}/\emptyset})$        $dc(m, \rightarrow_{\emptyset/S}) = \mathcal{O}(1)$

# Conclusion

## modular Complexity via Relative Complexity

- $dc(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}}) = dc(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}/\emptyset})$        $dc(m, \rightarrow_{\emptyset/\mathcal{S}}) = \mathcal{O}(1)$
- $dc(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_1 \cup \mathcal{R}_2 / \mathcal{S}}) = \Theta(dc(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_1 / \mathcal{R}_2 \cup \mathcal{S}}) + dc(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_2 / \mathcal{R}_1 \cup \mathcal{S}}))$



# Conclusion

## modular Complexity via Relative Complexity

- $\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}}) = \text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}/\emptyset})$        $\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\emptyset/\mathcal{S}}) = \mathcal{O}(1)$
- $\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_1 \cup \mathcal{R}_2 / \mathcal{S}}) = \Theta(\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_1 / \mathcal{R}_2 \cup \mathcal{S}}) + \text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_2 / \mathcal{R}_1 \cup \mathcal{S}}))$
- $\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_1 \cup \mathcal{R}_2 / \mathcal{S}}) = \mathcal{O}(\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_1 / \mathcal{R}_2 \cup \mathcal{S}}) + m)$   
     if  $\mathcal{R}_2 \subseteq \succ_{\mathcal{M}}$ ,  $\mathcal{S} \subseteq \succcurlyeq_{\mathcal{M}}$  for SLI  $\mathcal{M}$ ,  $\mathcal{R}_1$  non-duplicating

# Conclusion

## modular Complexity via Relative Complexity

- $dc(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}}) = dc(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}/\emptyset}) \quad dc(m, \rightarrow_{\emptyset/\mathcal{S}}) = \mathcal{O}(1)$
- $dc(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_1 \cup \mathcal{R}_2 / \mathcal{S}}) = \Theta(dc(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_1 / \mathcal{R}_2 \cup \mathcal{S}}) + dc(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_2 / \mathcal{R}_1 \cup \mathcal{S}}))$
- $dc(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_1 \cup \mathcal{R}_2 / \mathcal{S}}) = \mathcal{O}(dc(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_1 / \mathcal{R}_2 \cup \mathcal{S}}) + m)$   
if  $\mathcal{R}_2 \subseteq \succ_{\mathcal{M}}, \mathcal{S} \subseteq \succcurlyeq_{\mathcal{M}}$  for SLI  $\mathcal{M}$ ,  $\mathcal{R}_1$  non-duplicating

## Complexity Pairs

triangular matrix interpretations, match-rt bounds, arctic matrix interpretations, beyond complexity pairs (weight gap principle)

# Conclusion

## modular Complexity via Relative Complexity

- $\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}}) = \text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}/\emptyset})$        $\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\emptyset/\mathcal{S}}) = \mathcal{O}(1)$
- $\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_1 \cup \mathcal{R}_2 / \mathcal{S}}) = \Theta(\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_1 / \mathcal{R}_2 \cup \mathcal{S}}) + \text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_2 / \mathcal{R}_1 \cup \mathcal{S}}))$
- $\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_1 \cup \mathcal{R}_2 / \mathcal{S}}) = \mathcal{O}(\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_1 / \mathcal{R}_2 \cup \mathcal{S}}) + m)$   
if  $\mathcal{R}_2 \subseteq \succ_{\mathcal{M}}$ ,  $\mathcal{S} \subseteq \succcurlyeq_{\mathcal{M}}$  for SLI  $\mathcal{M}$ ,  $\mathcal{R}_1$  non-duplicating

## Complexity Pairs

triangular matrix interpretations, match-rt bounds, arctic matrix interpretations, **beyond complexity pairs** (weight gap principle)

# Conclusion

## modular Complexity via Relative Complexity

- $\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}}) = \text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}/\emptyset})$        $\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\emptyset/\mathcal{S}}) = \mathcal{O}(1)$
- $\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_1 \cup \mathcal{R}_2 / \mathcal{S}}) = \Theta(\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_1 / \mathcal{R}_2 \cup \mathcal{S}}) + \text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_2 / \mathcal{R}_1 \cup \mathcal{S}}))$
- $\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_1 \cup \mathcal{R}_2 / \mathcal{S}}) = \mathcal{O}(\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_1 / \mathcal{R}_2 \cup \mathcal{S}}) + m)$   
if  $\mathcal{R}_2 \subseteq \succ_{\mathcal{M}}$ ,  $\mathcal{S} \subseteq \succcurlyeq_{\mathcal{M}}$  for SLI  $\mathcal{M}$ ,  $\mathcal{R}_1$  non-duplicating

## Complexity Pairs

triangular matrix interpretations, match-rt bounds, arctic matrix interpretations, beyond complexity pairs (weight gap principle)

## Pros

easy to implement

# Conclusion

## modular Complexity via Relative Complexity

- $\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}}) = \text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}/\emptyset})$        $\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\emptyset/\mathcal{S}}) = \mathcal{O}(1)$
- $\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_1 \cup \mathcal{R}_2 / \mathcal{S}}) = \Theta(\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_1 / \mathcal{R}_2 \cup \mathcal{S}}) + \text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_2 / \mathcal{R}_1 \cup \mathcal{S}}))$
- $\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_1 \cup \mathcal{R}_2 / \mathcal{S}}) = \mathcal{O}(\text{dc}(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_1 / \mathcal{R}_2 \cup \mathcal{S}}) + m)$   
if  $\mathcal{R}_2 \subseteq \succ_{\mathcal{M}}$ ,  $\mathcal{S} \subseteq \succcurlyeq_{\mathcal{M}}$  for SLI  $\mathcal{M}$ ,  $\mathcal{R}_1$  non-duplicating

## Complexity Pairs

triangular matrix interpretations, match-rt bounds, arctic matrix interpretations, beyond complexity pairs (weight gap principle)

## Pros

easy to implement, **partial proofs**

# Conclusion

## modular Complexity via Relative Complexity

- $dc(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}}) = dc(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}/\emptyset})$        $dc(m, \rightarrow_{\emptyset/\mathcal{S}}) = \mathcal{O}(1)$
- $dc(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_1 \cup \mathcal{R}_2/\mathcal{S}}) = \Theta(dc(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_1/\mathcal{R}_2 \cup \mathcal{S}}) + dc(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_2/\mathcal{R}_1 \cup \mathcal{S}}))$
- $dc(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_1 \cup \mathcal{R}_2/\mathcal{S}}) = \mathcal{O}(dc(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_1/\mathcal{R}_2 \cup \mathcal{S}}) + m)$   
if  $\mathcal{R}_2 \subseteq \succ_{\mathcal{M}}$ ,  $\mathcal{S} \subseteq \succcurlyeq_{\mathcal{M}}$  for SLI  $\mathcal{M}$ ,  $\mathcal{R}_1$  non-duplicating

## Complexity Pairs

triangular matrix interpretations, match-rt bounds, arctic matrix interpretations, beyond complexity pairs (weight gap principle)

## Pros

easy to implement, partial proofs, **more powerful**

# Conclusion

## modular Complexity via Relative Complexity

- $dc(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}}) = dc(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}/\emptyset})$        $dc(m, \rightarrow_{\emptyset/\mathcal{S}}) = \mathcal{O}(1)$
- $dc(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_1 \cup \mathcal{R}_2 / \mathcal{S}}) = \Theta(dc(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_1 / \mathcal{R}_2 \cup \mathcal{S}}) + dc(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_2 / \mathcal{R}_1 \cup \mathcal{S}}))$
- $dc(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_1 \cup \mathcal{R}_2 / \mathcal{S}}) = \mathcal{O}(dc(m, \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_1 / \mathcal{R}_2 \cup \mathcal{S}}) + m)$   
if  $\mathcal{R}_2 \subseteq \succ_{\mathcal{M}}$ ,  $\mathcal{S} \subseteq \succcurlyeq_{\mathcal{M}}$  for SLI  $\mathcal{M}$ ,  $\mathcal{R}_1$  non-duplicating

## Complexity Pairs

triangular matrix interpretations, match-rt bounds, arctic matrix interpretations, beyond complexity pairs (weight gap principle)

## Pros

easy to implement, partial proofs, more powerful, **any (TMI) refinement directly applicable**

## Example (Strategy\_removed\_AG01/#4.28 and TCT\_09/bits)

$$\text{half}(0) \rightarrow 0$$

$$\text{bits}(0) \rightarrow 0$$

$$\text{half}(s(0)) \rightarrow 0$$

$$\text{half}(s(s(x))) \rightarrow s(\text{half}(x))$$

$$\text{bits}(s(x)) \rightarrow s(\text{bits}(\text{half}(s(x))))$$



## Example (Strategy\_removed\_AG01/#4.28 and TCT\_09/bits)

$$\text{half}(0) \rightarrow 0$$

$$\text{bits}(0) \rightarrow 0$$

$$\text{half}(s(0)) \rightarrow 0$$

$$\text{half}(s(s(x))) \rightarrow s(\text{half}(x))$$

$$\text{bits}(s(x)) \rightarrow s(\text{bits}(\text{half}(s(x))))$$

### Example (Strategy\_removed\_AG01/#4.28 and TCT\_09/bits)

$$\text{half}(0) \rightarrow 0$$

$$\text{bits}(0) \rightarrow 0$$

$$\text{half}(s(0)) \rightarrow 0$$

$$\text{half}(s(s(x))) \rightarrow s(\text{half}(x))$$

$$\text{bits}(s(x)) \rightarrow s(\text{bits}(\text{half}(s(x))))$$

### Advertisement (3)

Details at **WST'10** talk on **July 15**