# Safe, Fast, Concurrent Proof Checking for the lambda-Pi Calculus Modulo Rewriting

Michael Färber

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### Dedukti

### Dedukti



- Dedukti is a proof checker based on the  $\lambda\Pi$ -calculus modulo rewriting.
- It checks proofs from systems such as Coq, HOL Light, Isabelle, . . .
- Proofs can become quite large and take long to check.

#### Question

How can we check Dedukti proofs faster, while keeping a small kernel?

#### Dedukti: Theories

#### Concepts

- Theory: a sequence of commands
- Command: introduces a constant or adds a rewrite rule

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### A Theory About Implication

prop : Type	(1)
$imp : prop \to prop \to prop$	(2)

$$prf: prop \rightarrow Type$$
 (3)

111

```
igg
angle parse igg
angle infer igg
angle check igg
angle parse igg
angle infer igg
angle check igg
angle . . . .
```

- Parsing:
   [x, y] prf (imp x y) --> prf x -> prf y becomes
   prf (imp x y) 
   prf x → prf y.
- 2 Type Inference: prf (imp x y): A
- **3** Type Checking:  $\operatorname{prf} x \to \operatorname{prf} y : A$ ?

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- **3** Type Checking:  $prf x \rightarrow prf y$ : Type?

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### Dedukti: Concurrency

- Dedukti checks multiple theories concurrently (one process per theory).
- For each theory, it processes only one command at a time.
- Can we somehow process multiple commands concurrently?

# Programming Languages

#### **OCaml**

- Dedukti is implemented in OCaml
- Multicore support not (yet) available



#### Rust

- Functional systems programming language
- Memory- and thread-safe (unlike C)
- Focus on performance and concurrency



#### Goal

- Reimplement core of Dedukti in Rust
- Process multiple commands concurrently, using threads

# Concurrent Proof Checking

# Sequential Proof Checking



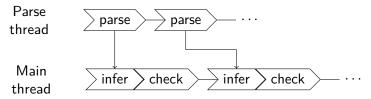
Most time is spent in parsing and type checking (69% for HOL Light and 85% for Isabelle/HOL corpora)

### Concurrency

- Delegate parsing to an own thread
- Delegate type checking to multiple threads

### Concurrent Parsing

Parse commands in a thread and send them via a channel to main thread:

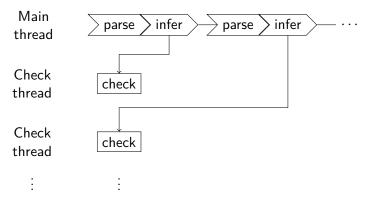


Best-case improvement: Reduce proof checking time by parsing time

In practice: channel overhead too large to make it pay off

# Concurrent Type Checking

Launch a thread for every type checking task:



Best-case improvement: Reduce proof checking time by type checking time

Terms

#### Terms

Terms are the central data structure in Dedukti:

$$t \coloneqq c \mid x \mid \overbrace{t \, u} \mid \overbrace{\lambda x \colon t. \, u \mid \Pi x \colon t. \, u}^{\text{abstraction}},$$

where t and u are terms, c is a constant, x is a variable

# Pointer Types

Rust requires use of pointers to obtain inductive types (such as terms).

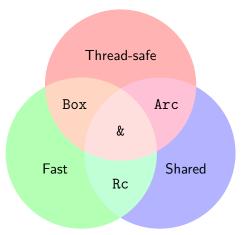


Figure 1: Three commonly used pointer types.

# Three Types of Terms

Terms using different pointer types have different downsides:

- Box-terms take linear time to duplicate.
- Rc-terms cannot be used across threads.
- Arc-terms are slow.

Task	Mode	Term pointer
Parsing Type checking Type checking	Any Sequential Concurrent	Box Rc Arc

# Increasing Term Performance: Unboxing

- Omit pointers around constants and variables (do not have subterms)
- Reduces runtime by 20% when using Rc-terms and 29% when using Arc-terms.

**Implementation** 

#### Kontroli

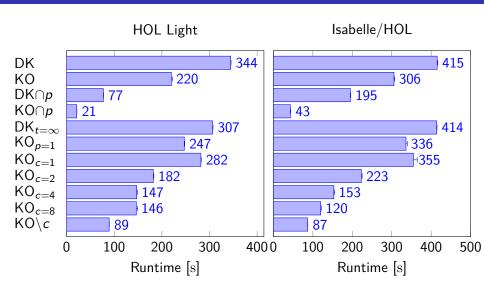
Kontroli is a minimal concurrent proof checker for the  $\lambda\Pi$ -calculus modulo.

https://github.com/01mf02/kontroli-rs

Program	Kernel
Dedukti	3470 LOC
Kontroli	663 LOC

- Kontroli supports only a subset of Dedukti's features
- Large enough to verify HOL-based theories

#### **Evaluation**



# Conclusion

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- Terms using Box, Rc, and Arc nicely fit parsing, sequential type checking, and parallel type checking.
- Fewer pointers in the term type greatly benefit performance.
- Parsing is one of the largest bottlenecks in Dedukti.
- Concurrent parsing increases runtime, due to channel overhead.
- Concurrent type checking significantly reduces runtime (up to 6.6x for 8 threads).

A small & safe proof checker with fast concurrency is possible!

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Thank you for your attention!